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ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN







Plastic Injection And Molding Factory

By Sweet Angel Company Limited

Prepared by Dr. Zin Min and Consultants

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Annexure List

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စီမံကိန်းဆောင်ရွက်သူ Sweet Angel Company Limited ၏ ကတိကဝတ်

ဤ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် (Environmental Management Plan - EMP) တွင်ပါရှိသည့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှုလျော့ပါးစေရေးလုပ်ငန်းများနှင့်စောင့်ကြပ်ကြည့်ရှုခြင်းလုပ်ငန်း များကို စီမံကိန်းဆောင်ရွက်သူကထိရောက်စွာဖြင့် အကောင်အထည်ဖော်ဆောင်ရွက်သွားမည် ဖြစ်ပါသည်။

စီမံကိန်းဆောင်ရွက်သူအနေဖြင့် အောက်ပါအချက်များအား မှန်ကန်တိကျစွာ ဆောင်ရွက် ကြောင်း ကတိပြုပါသည်-

- (က) ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်သည် တိကျခိုင်မာ၍ ပြည့်စုံပါသည်။
- (ခ) ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်အား ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်း လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်း အပါအဝင် သက်ဆိုင်ရာဥပဒေများကို တိကျစွာလိုက်နာ၍ ရေးဆွဲထားပါသည်။
- (ဂ) ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်ပါ ကတိကဝတ်၊ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှု လျှော့ချ ရေးလုပ်ငန်းများနှင့် အစီအစဉ်များကို အပြည့်အဝအစဉ်အမြဲ လိုက်နာဆောင်ရွက် ပါမည်။
- (ဃ) လုပ်ငန်းလည်ပတ်ဆောင်ရွက်နေသည့် ကာလအတွင်း အတည်ပြုထားသည့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်အား တိုးတက်နေသည့်နည်းပညာများ၊ စနစ်များ နှင့် လုပ်ငန်းလိုအပ်ချက်အပေါ် မူတည်၍ ပိုမိုကောင်းမွန်သည့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံ ခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်ဖြစ်စေရန်အတွက် ပြင်ဆင်ဖြည့်စွက်ရန်ညွှန်ကြားချက်ရှိလာပါက လိုက်နာဆောင်ရွက်သွားပါမည်။
- (c) စီမံကိန်းပိုင်ရှင်အနေဖြင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်အား ပြင်ဆင်ဖြည့်စွက် လိုပါက တည်ပြအတည်ပြုချက်ရယူ၍ ပြင်ဆင်ဆောင်ရွက်သွားပါမည်။
- (စ) စီမံကိန်းလုပ်ငန်းများပြီးစီး၍ စီမံကိန်းလုပ်ငန်းပိတ်သိမ်းချိန်တွင် လူမှုဝန်းကျင် အား ထိခိုက်မှုအနည်းဆုံးဖြစ်စေရန် ဆောင်ရွက်မည်ဖြစ်ပြီး၊ ထိခိုက်မှုများရှိလာ ပါက ထိခိုက်မှုအနည်းဆုံးဖြစ်စေရန် အစီအမံများ ချမှတ်ဆောင်ရွက်သွားပါမည်။

He

မန်နေးဂျင်းဒါရိုက်တာ Sweet Angel Company Limited

အစီရင်ခံစာရေးဆွဲသူ၏ ကတိကဝတ်ပြုဝန်ခံချက်

ဤ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်အစီရင်ခံစာအား အောက်ပါအတိုင်း မှန်ကန်တိကျစွာ ဆောင်ရွက်ထားကြောင်း အစီရင်ခံစာရေးဆွဲသူ ဒေါက်တာဇင်မင်းနှင့် အခြားအကြံပေးပုဂ္ဂိုလ်များ (ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်လေ့လာရေးအဖွဲ့) (ECD လိုင်စင်အမှတ် - EIA-C 034/2023 (1.12.2023), EIA-C 033/2023 (1.12.2023), EIA-C 032/2023 (1.12.2023), EIA-C 035/2023 (1.12.2023), EIA-AC 039/2023 (1.12.2023)) မှ ကတိကဝတ် ပြုပါသည်။

- (က) ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်း လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်း (၂၀၁၅) အပါအဝင် သက်ဆိုင်ရာ ဥပဒေများကို တိကျစွာလိုက်နာ၍ ကနဦးပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းကို ဆောင်ရွက်ထား ပါသည်။
- (ခ) စီမံကိန်းသည် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်အစီရင်ခံစာပါ ကတိကဝတ်၊ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင် ထိခိုက်မှုလျှော့ချရေးလုပ်ငန်းများနှင့် အစီအစဉ်များကို အပြည့်အဝ အစဉ်အမြဲလိုက်နာ ဆောင်ရွက်သွားပါမည်။
- (ဂ) ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်အစီရင်ခံစာပါ အချက်အလက်များသည် တိကျမှန်ကန် ၍
 သက်ဆိုင်ရာ ဥပဒေ၊ နည်းဥပဒေများ၊ လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်းများ နှင့်အညီ ရေးဆွဲထား ပါသည်။ ။

လေးစားစွာဖြင့်

ZinMin

ဒေါက်တာဇင်မင်း

အကျဉ်းချုပ်အစီရင်ခံစာ

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်၏ ရည်ရွယ်ချက်နှင့် နယ်ပယ်အတိုင်းအတာ

Sweet Angle Company Limited သည် ပလတ်စတစ်ဘူး၊ ခြင်းနှင့် ခွက်များ ထုတ်လုပ် ရောင်းချခြင်းလုပ်ငန်းစီမံကိန်းအတွက် ဤပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်ကို ပြင်ဆင်ထားပြီး ၎င်းသည် ဖွံ့ဖြိုးရေးအဆင့်၊ လည်ပတ်မှုအဆင့်နှင့် စွန့်ပစ်မှုအဆင့်များကို အကျုံးဝင်ပါသည်။ ဤပတ်ဝန်းကျင် စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်ကို သယံဇာတနှင့် သဘာဝပတ်ဝန်းကျင် ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဝန်ကြီးဌာန လက်အောက်ရှိ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဦးစီးဌာနသို့ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်း လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်းနှင့်အညီ တင်ပြထားပါသည်။ ကုမ္ပဏီသည် ဤပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်အား ဒေါက်တာဇင်မင်းနှင့် အခြားအကြံပေးပုဂ္ဂိုလ်များ (ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စောံမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်အား ဒေါက်တာဇင်မင်းနှင့် အခြားအကြံပေးပုဂ္ဂိုလ်များ (ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်လေ့လာရေးအဖွဲ့) ၏ အကူအညီဖြင့် မြန်မာနိုင်ငံသဘာဝ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဥပဒေများနှင့် စည်းမျဉ်းများအား လိုက်နာဆောင်ရွက်ရေးဆွဲထားပြီး Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC) ကို ရယူရန် ရည်ရွယ်ပါသည်။

ဤအစီရင်ခံစာ၏ အထူးရည်ရွယ်ချက်များမှာ -

- စီစဉ်ထားသော လုပ်ဆောင်ချက်များနှင့် မစီစဉ်ထားသော ဖြစ်နိုင်ခြေရှိသော အဖြစ်အပျက်များကို ဖော်ထုတ်နိုင်ရန်

- စီမံကိန်းဧရိယာအတွက် သဘာဝပတ်ဝန်းကျင်အခြေခံကိန်းဂဏန်းဆိုင်ရာ အချက်အလက်များကို ဖော်ထုတ်မှတ်တမ်းတင်နိုင်စေရန်

- ဖြစ်နိုင်ခြေရှိသောသက်ရောက်မှုများကို ထုတ်ဖော်နိုင်စေရန်

- သက်ရောက်မှုများကိုလျော့ပါးစေရေးနည်းလမ်များရရှိစေရန်နှင့်

-မြန်မာနိုင်ငံ၏ ဥပဒေများနှင့်အညီ သဘာဝပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ပြဿနာများတွင် လိုက်နာဆောင်ရွက်နိုင်စေရန် ရည်ရွယ်ပါသည်။

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်၏ နောက်ခံအကြောင်းအရာ

မြန်မာနိုင်ငံအစိုးရသည် ရွှေပြည်သာစက်မှုဇုန်အုပ်ချုပ်မှုအောက်တွင် စီးပွားရေးလုပ်ငန်းများ ဖွံ့ဖြိုးရန် ရင်းနှီးမြှုပ်နှံသူများကို အားပေးလျှက်ရှိပါသည်။ Sweet Angel Company Limited သည် ပလတ်စတစ်ဘူး၊ ခြင်းနှင့် ခွက်များ ထုတ်လုပ်ရောင်းချခြင်းစီမံကိန်းတွင် ရင်းနှီးမြှုပ်နှံ ဆောင်ရွက်လျှက်ရှိပါသည်။ Sweet Angel Company Limited ၏ ဒါရိုက်တာသည် အဆိုပြုစီမံကိန်းအတွက် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်ရေးဆွဲနိုင်စေရန် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင် ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဦးစီးဌာနသို့ စီမံကိန်းအဆိုပြုချက်ကို တင်ပြခဲ့ပါသည်။ ထို့နောက် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဦးစီးဌာနသည် စီမံကိန်းအား ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် ပြုလုပ်ရေးဆွဲတင်ပြရန် စာအမှတ်၊ ရက/EIA/၂(၂၃၂၁/၂၀၂၄) ဖြင့် ညွှန်ကြားခဲ့ပါသည်။ (နောက်ဆက်တွဲ ၁)

စီမံကိန်းအကြောင်းအရာ

ဤစီမံကိန်းသည် တစ်နှစ်လျှင် ၂၆.၃၃၈ တန်အထိ ပလတ်စတစ်ဘူး၊ ခြင်းနှင့် ခွက်များ ထုတ်လုပ် ရောင်းချ၍ အရည်အသွေးမြင့်ထုတ်ကုန်များထုတ်လုပ်ရန်၊ ပြည်တွင်းထုတ်လုပ်မှုကို တိုးတက်စေရန်၊ နိုင်ငံခြား သွင်းကုန်များကို လျှော့ချရန်၊ ပြည်တွင်းအရည်အသွေးမြင့် ထုတ်ကုန်များကိုမြှင့်တင်ရန်၊ ဝယ်ယူသူများထံ အချိန်မီရောက်ရှိစေရန်နှင့် မြန်မာနိုင်ငံ၏ ဥပဒေများနှင့်စည်းမျဉ်းများအတိုင်း လည်ပတ်ရန် ရည်ရွယ်ပါသည်။

စီမံကိန်းအမည်	ပလတ်စတစ်ဘူး၊ ခြင်းနှင့် ခွက်များထုတ်လုပ်ရောင်းချခြင်းစီမံကိန်း
တည်နေရာ	အမှတ် ၁၀၄၊ စက်မှု ၇ လမ်း၊ (၁) ရပ်ကွက်၊ ရွှေပြည်သာစက်မှုဇုန်
	(၁)၊ ရွှေပြည်သာမြို့နယ်၊ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး
ရင်းနှီးမြုပ်နှံသူ	Sweet Angel Company Limited
	ဦးနေလင်းထိုက်
	ဒါရိုက်တာ
	ကျန်စစ်သားအိမ်ရာ၊ တိုက်ကြီးမြို့နယ်
ရင်းနှီးမြုပ်နှံမှုပမာဏ	သန်း ၂၀ ကျပ်
အဆောက်အဦအရေအတွက်	၁၉၆၂၅ စတုရန်းမီတာ Steel Structure Building ၁ လုံး
ရေိယာ	၁.၃၇၇ ဧက
ဝန်ထမ်းအရေအတွက်	၁၂ ယောက် (ဒေသခံ)
ဆက်သွယ်ရန်ပုဂ္ဂိုလ်	ဦးဇော်မင်းထက်
	ထုတ်လုပ်ရေးမန်နေဂျာ
	095199994
	အမှတ် ၁၀၄၊ စက်မှု ၇ လမ်း၊ (၁) ရပ်ကွက်၊ ရွှေပြည်သာစက်မှုဇုန်
	(၁)၊ ရွှေပြည်သာမြို့နယ်၊ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး၊

စီမံကိန်းတွင် - ဖွံ့ဖြိုးရေးအဆင့်၊ လည်ပတ်မှုအဆင့်နှင့် ဖျက်သိမ်းခြင်းအဆင့်တို့ပါဝင်ပြီး လက်ရှိတွင်စီမံကိန်းသည် ဖွံ့ဖြိုးရေးအဆင့်ပြီးစီးပြီးဖြစ်၍ လည်ပတ်မှုအဆင့်သို့ ရောက်ရှိနေပြီ ဖြစ်ပါသည်။ အဓိကအဆောက်အအုံမှာ ၁၉၆၂၅ စတုရန်းမီတာရှိသော တစ်ထပ်သံမဏိ အဆောက်အအုံဖြစ်ပြီး အခြားဆက်စပ်အဆောက်အအုံများလည်း ဆောက်လုပ်ပြီးဖြစ်ပါသည်။

အဆင်	Commence	ကြာချိန်	မက်ချက်
00000	commence	(1) 2 3 4 4 4	မှင်းရက်

ဖွံဖြိုးရေးအဆင့်	-	-	100% completed in 202
လည်ပတ်ရေးအဆင့်	2022	20 Years	On going
ဖျက်သိမ်းခြင်း	ТВА	3-6 months	N/A

ပလတ်စတစ်ကုန်ကြမ်းပစ္စည်း (Glue seed-PP) ကို တရုတ်နိုင်ငံမှ သွင်းယူမည်ဖြစ်ပြီး အခြားလိုအပ်သော ကုန်ကြမ်းပစ္စည်းများကို ပြည်တွင်းကုန်သည်များထံမှ ဝယ်ယူမည်ဖြစ်သည်။ စက်ရံသည် တစ်နှစ်လျှင် ၂၆.၃၃၈ တန်အလေးချိန်ထိ ပလတ်စတစ်ဘူး၊ ခြင်းနှင့် ခွက်များ ထုတ်လုပ်မည်ဖြစ်ပြီး ကိတ်မုန့်ခြင်း၊ ၃ လီတာ ဘူးနှင့် အဖုံ (အစုံ)၊ ဆပ်ပြာခွက် (အစုံ) နှင့် ၂.၃ ကီလိုဂရမ် ပုံးနှင့် အဖုံး (အစုံ) ပါဝင်သည်။ ထုတ်လုပ်မှုလုပ်ငန်းစဉ်တွင် ပုံသွင်းခြင်း၊ ထိုးသွင်းခြင်း၊ အအေးခံခြင်း၊ ထုတ်ယူခြင်း၊ အရည်အသွေးထိန်းချုပ်ခြင်းနှင့် အပြီးသတ်ခြင်းဟူ၍ အဆင့်ခြောက်ခုပါဝင်သည်။

တစ်နှစ်လျှင် ရေသုံးစွဲမှုမှာ ၆၀,၀၀၀ ဂါလံဖြစ်ပြီး ရယူမည့် ရေအရင်းအမြစ်မှာ မြေအောက်ရေဖြစ်ပါသည်။ လျှပ်စစ်စွမ်းအင်သုံးစွဲမှုမှာ တစ်နှစ်လျှင် ၃၆,၅၀၀ kWh ဖြစ်ပြီး အမျိုးသားလျှပ်စစ်လိုင်းမှ ရယူပါသည်။ လောင်စာဆီသုံးစွဲမှုမှာ တစ်နှစ်လျှင် ၁၀၅,၃၀၀ ဂါလံဖြစ်ပြီး ပြည်တွင်းစက်သုံးဆီအရောင်းဆိုင်များမှဝယ်ယူကာ အဓိကအားဖြင့် သယ်ယူပို့ဆောင်ရေးနှင့် အရန်မီးစက်များအတွက် အသုံးပြုမည်ဖြစ်ပါသည်။

စက်ရုံ၏ ထုတ်လုပ်မှုလုပ်ငန်းစဉ်မှ ပလတ်စတစ်ဖြတ်စအမှိုက်များ ထွက်ရှိနိုင်ပါသည်။ ထုတ်လုပ်မှုလုပ်ငန်းစဉ်မှ စွန့်ပစ်ရေထွက်ရှိခြင်း မရှိပါ။ စက်ရုံလည်ပတ်မှုမှ hazardous waste များ မထုတ်လုပ်ပါ။ သို့သော် စက်ရုံပြုပြင်ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုလုပ်ငန်းများ၊ ယန္တာရားပြုပြင်ထိန်းသိမ်းခြင်းနှင့် မီးသီး/မီးလုံးလဲရာမှ hazardous waste အနည်းငယ် ထွက်ရှိနိုင်ပါသည်။

လက်ရှိပတ်ဝန်းကျင်အခြေအနေဖော်ပြချက်

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်လေ့လာဆန်းစစ်ရေးအဖွဲ့သည် ရွှေပြည်သာမြို့နယ်တွင် ရုပ်ပိုင်းဆိုင်ရာ၊ ဇီဝဗေဒ ဆိုင်ရာ၊ လူမှုစီးပွားရေးနှင့် ယဉ်ကျေးမှုဆိုင်ရာ အခြေခံဒေတာများကို စုဆောင်းခဲ့ပါသည်။ လေ့လာသည့်ဧရိယာအား ခုနှစ် စက်တင်ဘာလတွင် ကွင်းဆင်းသွားရောက်၍ ၂၀၂၄ ရေအရည်အသွေး၊ လေထုအရည်အသွေး၊ ဆူညံသံအဆင့်များနှင့် မြေအရည်အသွေး၊ အပင်/တိရစ္ဆာန်များကို စစ်တမ်း ကောက်ယူခဲ့ပါသည်။ မြေနမူမာနှင့် ရေနမူနာများကို ဓါတ်ခွဲခန်းတွင် စစ်ဆေးခဲ့ပြီး အမျိုးသား သဘာဝပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထုတ်လွှတ်မှုစံနှုန်းများနှင့် ကိုက်ညီကြောင်း လေထု အရည်အသွေးနှင့် ဆူညံသံအဆင့်များလည်း လက်ခံနိုင်သော တွေ့ရှိရပါသည်။ အကန့်အသတ်များအတွင်း ရှိကြောင်း တိုင်းတာသိရှိရပါသည်။

စီမံကိန်းနေရာသည် ရွှေပြည်သာမြို့နယ်၊ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး၊ အမှတ် ၁၀၄၊ စက်မှု ဂု လမ်း၊ (၁) ရပ်ကွက်၊ ရွှေပြည်သာစက်မှုဇုန် (၁) တွင် တည်ရှိပြီး အမျိုးမျိုးသောအခြားစက်ရုံများနှင့် သဘာဝအင်္ဂါရပ်များဖြင့် ဝန်းရံထားသည်။ လေ့လာသည့်ဧရိယာအား စီမံကိန်းနေရာ၏ ၂၀၀ မီတာအဝိုင်းကို သတ်မှတ်ခဲ့ပါ သည်။

ရွှေပြည်သာမြို့နယ်သည် ၂၅.၇၆ စတုရန်းမိုင်ဧရိယာရှိပြီး ပူပြင်းစိုစွတ်သော ရာသီဥတုရှိပါသည်။ အဓိကရေစီးကြောင်းများမှာ လှိုင်မြစ် (ဝါးတစ်ရာမြစ်) ဖြစ်သည်။ သဘာဝပေါက်ပင်များ အနေဖြင့် ကျွန်းနှင့် ဒီရေတောများပါဝင်ပြီး တောရိုင်းတိရစ္ဆာန်များ မရှိပါ။

စီးပွားရေးအရ ရွှေပြည်သာမြို့နယ်သည် ဖွံ့ဖြိုးပြီး လူအများစုသည် စက်မှုလုပ်ငန်းများနှင့် ကုန်သွယ်ရေးလုပ်ငန်းများတွင် လုပ်ကိုင်ကြသည်။ မြို့နယ်သည် လမ်းပန်းဆက်သွယ်ရေးနှင့် အခြေခံအဆောက်အအုံဆိုင်ရာဝန်ဆောင်မှုလုပ်ငန်းများကောင်းမွန်ပြီး စက်မှုဇုန်သုံးခုရှိပါသည်။ ၂၀၂၂-၂၀၂၃ ခုနှစ်တွင် လူတစ်ဦးလျှင် စုစုပေါင်းဝင်ငွေမှာ ၃,၀၇၄,၅၂၀ ကျပ်ဖြစ်ပြီး အလုပ်လက်မဲ့နှုန်း မှာ ၈.၃၅% ဖြစ်သည်။

ရွှေပြည်သာမြို့နယ်၏ အဓိကရေသုံးစွဲမှုအား မြို့နယ်ဖွံ့ဖြိုးရေးကော်မတီရေထောက်ပံ့မှုစနစ်နှင့် အဝီစိတွင်းများမှ အဓိကရယူပါသည်။ လျှပ်စစ်စွမ်းအင်ကို အမျိုးသားလျှပ်စစ်လိုင်းမှ ထောက်ပံ့ပြီး စက်မှုဇုန်များအပါအဝင် အားလုံးကို ဓါတ်အားထုတ်လွှတ်နိုင်ပါသည်။ အမှိုက်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုကို ရန်ကုန်မြို့ပြဖွံ့ဖြိုးရေးကော်မတီ (YCDC) မှ ကြီးကြပ်ပါသည်။

မြို့နယ်တွင် အထက်တန်းကျောင်း ၅ ကျောင်း၊ အလယ်တန်းကျောင်း ၈ ကျောင်း၊ မူလတန်းကျောင်း ၁၁ ကျောင်းနှင့် မူကြိုကျောင်း ၁ ကျောင်းရှိပြီး တက္ကသိုလ် ၁ ခု ရှိပါသည်။ ရွှေပြည်သာမြို့နယ်တွင် ရပ်ကွက် ၂၃ ခု၊ ကျေးရွာအုပ်စု ၄ ခုနှင့် ကျေးရွာ ၅ ခုဖြင့် ဖွဲ့စည်းထားပြီး ဆေးရုံတစ်ရုံရှိသည်။စာတတ်မြောက်မှုနှုန်းမှာ ၉၇.၉၆% ဖြစ်ပြီး ကျောင်းတက်ရောက်မှုနှုန်းမှာ ၉၆% ဖြစ်သည်။ ၂၀၂၁-၂၀၂၂ ခုနှစ်တွင် တက္ကသိုလ်ဝင်တန်းအောင်ချက်မှာ ၄၃.၈၆% ဖြစ်ပါသည်။

၂၀၂၃ ခုနှစ်တွင် မွေးဖွားမှု ၁၃၃၃ ဦးနှင့် သေဆုံးမှု ၅၅၈ ဦးရှိသည်။ ရွှေပြည်သာမြို့နယ်တွင် အများဆုံးဖြစ်ပွားသောရောဂါများမှာ တီဘီရောဂါနှင့် ဝမ်းပျက်ဝမ်းလျှောရောဂါတို့ဖြစ်သည်။ မြို့နယ်တွင် သဘာဝဥယျာဉ်နေရာဖြသ်သည့် ရန်ကုန်လှော်ကားအမျိုးသားဥယျာဉ်သည် ဖွင့်လှစ်ထားသော ဘေးမဲ့ တိရစ္ဆာန်ဥယျာဉ်တစ်ခုဖြစ်သည်။

ဖြစ်နိုင်ချေရှိသော ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ သက်ရောက်မှုများ ဖော်ထုတ်ခြင်း နှင့် ဆန်းစစ်ခြင်း

ဖြစ်နိုင်ချေရှိသော ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာသက်ရောက်မှုများ ဖော်ထုတ်ခြင်း နှင့် ဆန်းစစ်ခြင်း တွင် ပြင်းထန်သည့် သက်ရောက်မှုများ၊ ကြွင်းကြန်သက်ရောက်မှုများအား ကောင်းကင်ဓါတ်ပုံများ၊ ဂြိုလ်တုဓါတ်ပုံများ၊ မြေပုံများ အသုံးပြု ဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းတို့အောက်ပါအတိုင်း ပါဝင်ပြီး အသေးစိတ်အား အခန်း (၅) ၌ ဖော်ပြထားပါသည်။

ဖြစ်နိုင်ချေရှိသော ဘေးအန္တရာယ်များ ဖော်ထုတ်ခြင်းနှင့် လျော့ကျစေရေး အစီအမံများ

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ သက်ရောက်မှုများဖော်ထုတ်ရာတွင် သက်ရောက်မှု၏ ပြင်းထပ်မှု ပမာဏ (လျစ်လျှူရှု/အလယ်အလတ်/ပြင်းထန်-ရေချိန်အနိမ့်အမြင့်ပေါ်မူတည်) နှင့် ပြင်းထန်မှု ကြာချိန် (တခဏ/အမြဲတမ်း) အပေါ်အခြေခံပါသည်။

ဖြစ်နိုင်ချေရှိသော သဘာဝပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ သက်ရောက်မှုများဆိုင်ရာ အချက်အလက်များ	ဖော်ပြချက်		
စွမ်းအင်သုံးစွဲမှု	စက်ပစ္စည်းနှင့် အလင်းရောင်အတွက် စွမ်းအင်		
	(လျှပ်စစ်) သုံးစွဲမှု		
ကုန်ကြမ်းသုံးစွဲမှု	ပလပ်စတစ်ပစ္စည်းများ		
ဓာတ်ငွေ့ထုတ်လွှတ်မှု	dust, fumes, VOC, CO, CO ₂		
ဆူညံသံထုတ်လွှတ်မှု	စက်ယန္တရားများ လည်ပတ်ခြင်း၊ တစ်ခါတစ်ရံ		
	မီးစက် လည်ပတ်မှု။		
ရေသုံးစွဲမှု	ဝန်ထမ်းများ တစ်ကိုယ်ရည်သုံးရေ		
ရေဆိုးစွန့်ပစ်ခြင်း။	ဆေးကြောခြင်းနှင့် အိမ်သာအသုံးပြုခြင်းမှ		
	ဝန်ထမ်းများ စွန့်ပစ်သည့် ရေဆိုးများ		
အထွေထွေစွန့်ပစ်အမှိုက်	ပလပ်စတစ်အပိုင်းအစများ၊ စက္ကူ၊ ကတ်ထူပြား၊		
	အစားအစာစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများ၊		
	လူသုံးစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများ		
ဘေးအန္တရာယ်ရှိသော စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်း	စက်ဆီ၊ အင်ဂျင်ဆီ၊ ချောဆီနှင့်		
	လောင်စာဆီအကြွင်းအကျန်		

ဖြစ်နိုင်ချေရှိသော သဘာဝပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ သက်ရောက်မှုများအတွက် အရင်းအမြစ်များ

ထိုသို့ စီမံကိန်း တည်ဆောက်ခြင်းကာလ၊ လည်ပတ်ခြင်းကာလ နှင့် ဖျက်သိမ်းခြင်း ကာလတို့တွင် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင် နှင့် လူမှုစီးပွားအပေါ် သက်ရောက်သည့် သက်ရောက်နိုင်မှုများအား အောက်ဖော်ပြပါအတိုင်း ဖော်ထုတ်သတ်မှတ် ထားပါသည်-

သက်ရောက်နိုင်မှုများ			
လူသားများအပေါ်သက်ရောက်ခြင်း	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်အပေါ်သက်ရောက်ခြင်း	စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်း/ထုတ်လွှတ်ခြင်းများ	
၁။ လူမှုရေးဆိုင်ရာ	၁။ လေထု	၁။ စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်း အစိုင်အခဲများ	
၂။ ကျန်းမာရေးဆိုင်ရာ	၂။ ရေထု	၂။ စွန့်ပစ်အရည်များ	
၃၊။ စီးပွားရေးဆိုင်ရာ	၃။ မြေထု	၃။ ထုတ်လွှတ်အခိုးအငွေ့များ	
၄။ ဘေးအန္တရာယ်ဆိုင်ရာ	၄။ ဆူညံသံ /တုန်ခါမှု	၄။ ဘေးအန္တရာယ်ရှိစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများ	

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းနှင့် လျော့ကျစေရေးဆောင်ရွက်ချက်များ

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆန်းစစ်ခြင်း၏ ရည်ရွယ်ချက်မှာ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်အပေါ်ဖြစ်ပေါ်နိုင်သည့် ဘေးအန္တရာယ်များဖော်ထုတ်ရန်နှင့် စီမံကိန်း လုပ်ဆောင်မှုများမှ ဖြစ်ပေါ် လာနိုင်သည့် သက်ရောက်မှုများအား တိုင်းတာရန်၊ ဖယ်ရှားရန်၊ ထိန်းချုပ်ရန် သို့မဟုတ် လျော့ကျစေရေး ဆောင်ရွက်ရန်တို့ ဖြစ်ပါသည်။

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်နိုင်မှုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်း

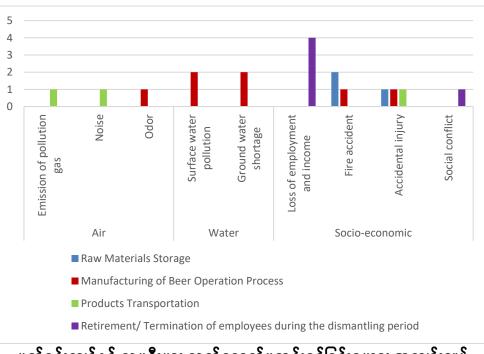
အဆိုပြုစီမံကိန်းကြောင့် ဖြစ်ပေါ် လာနိုင်မည့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ သက်ရောက်မှုများနှင့် လျော့ပါးစေရေး အစီအမံများအား အစီရင်ခံစာ၌ အသေးစိတ် ထည့်သွင်းရေးဆွဲထားပါသည်။ ဖြစ်ပေါ် လာနိုင်မည့် သက်ရောက်မှုများအား အောက်ပါအတိုင်းဖော်ပြအပ်ပါသည်-

ကာလ	ဆောင်ရွက်ချက်	ဘေးအန္တရာယ်	သက်ရောက်မှု
ဖွံ့ဖြိုးရေး	နေရာ	မြေယာသိမ်းဆည်းမှု၊	လူမှုရေး၊ သမိုင်း၊
		အတင်းအကြပ်ရွှေ့ပြောင်းစေမှု	ယဉ်ကျေးမှု၊
	ဒီဓိုင်း	အမြင်ပသာဒ	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်
	ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး	ဆူညံမှု၊ ဖုန်မှုန့်၊ ညစ်ညမ်းမှု၊	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်၊
		စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်း၊ ပဋိပက္ခ	လူမှုရေး
	တပ်ဆင်ခြင်း	ဆူညံမှု၊ ဖုန်မှုန့်၊ ညစ်ညမ်းမှု၊	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်၊
		စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်း၊ ပဋိပက္ခ	လူမှုရေး
လည်ပတ်ရေး	လည်ပတ်ခြင်း	စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်း၊ ပဋိပက္ခ	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်၊
			လူမှုရေး
		ဆူညံမှု၊ ဖုန်မှုန့်၊ ညစ်ညမ်းမှု၊	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်၊
	ပြုပြင်ထိန်းသိမ်းခြင်း	စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်း၊ ပဋိပက္ခ	လူမှုရေး
		ပဋိပက္ခ	လူမှုရေး

	ဝန်ဆောင်မှုပေးခြင်း		
ဖျက်သိမ်းရေး	ရပ်စဲခြင်း	ပဋိပက္ခ	လူမှုရေး

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ ဘေးအန္တရာယ် နှင့် သက်ရောက်မှုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်း အကျဉ်းချုပ်

စီမံကိန်းမှ ဖြစ်ပေါ်လာနိုင်သည့် အလားအလာရှိသော သက်ရောက်မှုများကို ကြွင်းကြန် နိုင်ချေနည်းသည့် အဆင့်များအဖြစ် အမျိုးအစား ခွဲခြားနိုင်ပါသည်။ ကျန်ရှိသည့် အန္တရာယ်များအား အလယ်အလတ်၊ မြင့်မား၊ သို့မဟုတ် ပြင်းထန်မှုအဖြစ် အကဲဖြတ်ထားခြင်း မရှိပါ။ အစီရင်ခံစာ အခန်း (၅) ၌ ဆန်းစစ်ချက်အကျဉ်းချုပ်အား ဖော်ပြထားပြီး၊ သက်ရောက်မှု လျော့ပါးစေမည့် သို့မဟုတ် ပျောက်ကွယ်စေမည့် အချက်များအားလည်း ထည့်သွင်းဖော်ပြထားပါသည်။



ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်နှင့် လူမှုစီးပွား သက်ရောက်မှုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းဇယား အကျဉ်းချုပ်

အများပြည်သူနှင့်တွေ့ဆုံဆွေးနွေးခြင်း နှင့် ပူးပေါင်းဆောင်ရွက်ရေး ရလဒ်များ အများပြည်သူနှင့်တွေ့ဆုံဆွေးနွေးခြင်းနှင့် ပူးပေါင်းဆောင်ရွက်ရေးရလဒ်များအနေဖြင့် အကြံပြုချက်များရရှိခြင်း၊ စီမံကိန်းဆောင်ရွက်သူမှ ပြန်လည်တုံ့ပြန်မှုများအား အစီရင်ခံစာ အခန်း (၆) ၌ အသေးစိတ်ဖော်ပြထားပါသည်။

အများပြည်သူနှင့် တိုင်ပင်ဆွေးနွေးခြင်းနှင့် သတင်းအချက်အလက် ထုတ်ဖော်ခြင်း စီမံကိန်းအနေဖြင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာကိစ္စရပ်များနှင့်စပ်လျဉ်း၍ ဒေသခံများနှင့်တွေ့ဆုံ ဆွေးနွေးခြင်းအား လုပ်ငန်းစဉ်၏ အရေးကြီးအစိတ်အပိုင်းအဖြစ် ဆောင်ရွက်ထားပါသည်။ တွေ့ဆုံ ဆွေးနွေးမှုများမှ ဒေသခံများ၏ လိုအပ်ချက်များအား ဖော်ထုတ်ရာတွင် အထောက်အကူပြုပါသည်။

တိုင်ပင်ဆွေးနွေးမှုများမှ ရလဒ်များအား မှတ်တမ်းတင်ထားရှိပါသည်။ စီမံကိန်းအနေဖြင့် တွေ့ဆုံ ဆွေးနွေးမှုများအား အောက်ပါပုဂ္ဂိုလ်များဖြင့် ဆောင်ရွက်ထားပါသည်-

- ဌာနဆိုင်ရာများမှ တာဝန်ရှိသူများ

- တိုင်းဒေသကြီးအစိုးရအဖွဲ့ဌာနများမှ တာဝန်ရှိသူများ နှင့်

- ဒေသခံအစုအဖွဲ့များ နှင့် စီမံကိန်းဝန်ထမ်းများ
- ဒေသအာဏာပိုင်စက်မှုဇုန်ကော်မတီ
- ကန်ထရိက်တာများနှင့် အလုပ်သမား၊ရင်းနှီးမြှုပ်နှံသူများသည် စက်ရုံနှင့်ကပ်လျက်၊

- ဒေသခံလူထုများ၊ ပရောဂျက် စက်ရုံ ဧရိယာ အနီး/ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်

လူထုတွေ့ဆုံဆွေးနွေးမှုရလဒ်များ

အစီရင်ခံစာ ရေးဆွဲရာတွင် အများပြည်သူ၏ သဘောထားအမြင်များအား ထည့်သွင်း စဉ်းစားခဲ့ပါသည်။

စီမံကိန်းအား အတည်ပြုရာတွင် ထုတ်ပြန်ပြဋ္ဌာန်းထားသည့် ဥပဒေ၊ နည်းဥပဒေ၊ လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်း၊ အမိန့်နှင့် ညွှန်ကြားချက်များအား လိုက်နာ၍ ဆောင်ရွက်စေခဲ့ပါသည်။ သယံဇာတနှင့် သဘာဝပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဝန်ကြီးဋ္ဌာနသည် အတည်ပြုချက် လုပ်ငန်းစဉ် ဆိုင်ရာ အသေးစိတ်အချက်အလက်များအားပေးထားပါသည်။

ရန်ကုန်မြို့တော်စည်ပင်သာယာရေးကော်မတီနှင့် သက်ဆိုင်ရာအာဏာပိုင်များမှ စက်မှုကဏ္ဍဖွံ့ဖြိုးတိုးတက်ရေးနှင့် အလုပ်အကိုင်အခွင့်အလမ်းများ တိုးတက်လာရေး၊ ဒေသတွင်း ဝင်ငွေတိုးမြင့်လာရေးတို့အတွက်စီမံကိန်း မြေပေါ်တွင် ဆောင်ရွက်ခွင့်ပြုခဲ့ပါသည်။

EMP အစီရင်ခံစာ ဆောင်ရွက်စဉ်အတွင်း စီမံကိန်းဝန်ထမ်းများနှင့် ဒေသခံလူထုထံမှ တိုင်ကြားချက်နှင့် တုန့်ပြန်ချက်များ မရရှိခဲ့ပါ။ CSR လုပ်ငန်းမှတဆင့် ဒေသခံများဖွံ့ဖြိုးရေး လုပ်ငန်းများတွင် ပံ့ပိုးပေးနိုင်ရန် ညှိနှိုင်းဆွေးနွေးခဲ့ပြီး၊ စီမံကိန်းဆောင်ရွက်ခြင်းကြောင့် ဒေသတွင်း အလုပ်အကိုင်အခွင့်အလမ်းများ တိုးတက်ခဲ့ပါသည်။

ဥပဒေ၊ နည်းဥပဒေများနှင့်အညီဆောင်ရွက်ထားသည့် ဤ EMP အစီရင်ခံစာအား အများ ပြည်သူထင်မြင်ချက်ပေးနိုင်မည်ဖြစ်ပါသည်။ အစီရင်ခံစာ အပြည့်အစုံအား အင်္ဂလိပ်ဘာသာဖြင့် ရေးသားထားပြီး၊ လွယ်ကူရှင်းလင်းစွာရေးသားထားသည့် အကျဉ်းချုပ်အစီရင်ခံစာအား မြန်မာဘာသာဖြင့် ဖတ်ရှုနိုင်မည် ဖြစ်ပါသည်။ ဤအစီရင်ခံစာအား သက်ဆိုင်သူများသိရှိနိုင်ရန် စီမံကိန်းရုံး၌လည်း ထားရှိသွားမည် ဖြစ်ပါသည်။

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်၏ မူဝါဒနှင့်ရည်မှန်းချက်

အဆိုပြုစီမံကိန်းအတွက် တိကျသောစီမံကိန်း ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် (EMP) တစ်ခုကိုပြင်ဆင်ထားပါသည်။ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် (EMP) သည် စီမံကိန်း ကာလတစ်လျှောက်လုံး ဆောင်ရွက်ရမည့် လိုက်နာမှုလိုအပ်ချက်များ၊ လျှော့ချရေးအစီအမံများနှင့် စောင့်ကြည့်ကြီးကြပ်ရေးအစီအစဉ်များကို အကြမ်းဖျင်းအားဖြင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုမူဘောင်ကို သတ်မှတ်ပေးရန်ဖြစ်သည်။

အခန်းကဏ္ဍနှင့် တာဝန်များ

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် (EMP) သည် စီမံကိန်းတွင်ပါဂင်မည့် ပုဂ္ဂိုလ် အားလုံးအတွက် အဓိကအခန်းကဏ္ဍနှင့် တာပန်များကို ဖော်ပြထားပါသည်။ **အစီအစဉ်ရေးဆွဲခြင်းနှင့် အကောင်အထည်ဖော်ခြင်း**

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် (EMP) သည် ဤလေ့လာမှု၏တွေ့ရှိချက်များအပေါ် အခြေခံ၍ ပြင်ဆင်ရေးဆွဲထားပြီး အဆိုပြုစီမံကိန်း၏ ဖြစ်နိုင်ချေရှိသော ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ သက်ရောက်မှုများကို လျော့ပါးစေရန်အတွက် ဒီဇိုင်းနှင့်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအမံများကိုဖော်ပြထားပြီး လက်ခံနိုင်သောအဆင့်များနှင့်ဆက်စပ်နေသည်။ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် (EMP) အား ပုံမှန်ပြန်လည်သုံးသပ်ပြီး စီမံကိန်းလိုအပ်ချက်များနှင့်ကိုက်ညီစေရန် ပြင်ဆင်ဆောင်ရွက်မည် ဖြစ်သည်။

စောင့်ကြည့်လေ့လာခြင်း၊ မှတ်တမ်းတင်ခြင်းနှင့်အစီရင်ခံခြင်း

စီမံကိန်းဧရိယာအတွင်းရှိ အဆိုပြုစီမံကိန်းနှင့် ဆက်စပ်သောလုပ်ဆောင်မှုများအတွက် စောင့်ကြည့်ခြင်း၊ မှတ်တမ်းတင်ခြင်းနှင့် အစီရင်ခံခြင်းလိုအပ်ချက်များအားလုံးကို ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံ ခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် (EMP) မှ အသေးစိတ်ဖော်ပြထားသည်။

စာရင်းစစ်ခြင်းနှင့် ပြန်လည်သုံးသပ်ခြင်း

စီမံကိန်းလုပ်ဆောင်ချက်၏ သိသာထင်ရှားသော ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာရှုထောင့်အားလုံးကို ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် (EMP) မှ ဖုံးလွှမ်းထားသည်ကို အတည်ပြုနိုင်ရန်အတွက် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာစွမ်းဆောင်ရည်စစ်ဆေးခြင်းကို ဆောင်ရွက်သွားပါမည်။ ထို့အပြင် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာစွမ်းဆောင်ရည်စံနှုန်းများကို အကောင်အထည်ဖော်လျက်ရှိပြီး စဉ်ဆက်မပြတ် တိုးတက်မှုနှင့် လိုက်လျောညီထွေမှုမရှိသောအခွင့်အလမ်းများ ဖော်ထုတ်နိုင်ကြောင်းကိုလည်း အတည်ပြုသွားမည်ဖြစ်သည်။

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် အကောင်အထည်ဖော်ရန် လိုအပ်သည့် အဖွဲ့အစည်း၊ ပုဂ္ဂိုလ်နှင့်အသုံးစရိတ်လျာထားမှု

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် အကောင်အထည်ဖော်ရန် လိုအပ်သည့် အဖွဲ့အစည်း

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် (EMP) အကောင်အထည်ဖော်သည့် အဖွဲ့၏ အဓိက တာဝန်ရှိသူများအဖြစ် အောက်ပါအတိုင်းသတ်မှတ်ထားပါသည် - မန်နေးဂျင်းဒါရိုက်တာ - ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာလုပ်ဆောင်ချက်များအတွက် တာဝန်ရှိခြင်း ဒါရိုက်တာ - လုပ်ငန်း၏ ယူနစ်များအတွင်း EMP ထိရောက်စွာ အကောင်အထည် ဖော်ခြင်း အတွက် တာဝန်ရှိခြင်း မန်နေဂျာ - EMP စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုတာဝန်ခံ ကျန်းမာရေး၊ ဘေးကင်းရေးနှင့်ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ညှိနှိုင်းရေးမှူး - EMP တာဝန်ခံ (EMP ဖွံ့ဖြိုးရေး နှင့် အကောင်အထည်ဖော်ရေးတွင်

အဓိကကျသည့်ပါဝင်သူ)

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်အတွက် ဘဏ္ဍာငွေ

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် အကောင်အထည်ဖော် ဆောင်ရွက်ရန်အတွက် သီးခြား ဘဏ္ဍာငွေအဖြစ် (ခန့်မှန်း အမေရိကန်ဒေါ်လာ ၃၀၀၀) လျာထားပါသည်။

CSR အစီအစဉ်အတွက် ဘဏ္ဍာငွေ

စီမံကိန်းအနေဖြင့် CSR အစီအစဉ်ဆောင်ရွက်ရာတွင် ဒေသခံများ၏ ပညာရေးကဏ္ဍ၊ ကျန်းမာရေးကဏ္ဍများအတွက် အထောက်အပံ့ပေးခြင်း ဆောင်ရွက်သကဲ့သို့ ဝန်ထမ်းများနှင့် ၎င်းတို့၏ မိသားစုဝင်များ၏ ကျန်းမာရေးဆိုင်ရာနှင့် ကျွမ်းကျင်မှုဆိုင်ရာအထောက်အပံ့များ ဆောင်ရွက်သွားမည်ဖြစ်ကြောင်း အော်ပါအတိုင်းဖော်ပြအပ်ပါသည် -

- (က) နှစ်စဉ်အမြတ်ငွေ ၂ ရာခိုင်နှုန်းမှ ၂၀ ရာခိုင်နှုန်းအား ပညာရေးကဏ္ဍအတွက်သုံးစွဲခြင်း၊
- (ခ) နှစ်စဉ်အမြတ်ငွေ ၂ ရာခိုင်နှုန်းမှ ၂၀ ရာခိုင်နှုန်းအား ကျန်းမာရေးကဏ္ဍအတွက် သုံးစွဲခြင်း၊
- (ဂ) နှစ်စဉ်အမြတ်ငွေ ၂ ရာခိုင်နှုန်းမှ ၂၀ ရာခိုင်နှုန်းအား လူမှုရေးကဏ္ဍအတွက် သုံးစွဲခြင်း၊
- (ဃ) နှစ်စဉ်အမြတ်ငွေ ၂ ရာခိုင်နှုန်းမှ ၂၀ ရာခိုင်နှုန်းအား သဘာဝဘေးကဏ္ဍအတွက် သုံးစွဲခြင်း၊
- (င) နှစ်စဉ်အမြတ်ငွေ ၂ ရာခိုင်နှုန်းမှ ၂၀ ရာခိုင်နှုန်းအား ဒေသခံလူထုကဏ္ဍအတွက် သုံးစွဲခြင်း၊

နိဂုံးနှင့် အကြံပြုချက်

နိဂုံးချုပ်အနေဖြင့် ဖော်ထုတ်သတ်မှတ်လိုက်သော သဘာဝပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ သက်ရောက်မှု များစွာကို ရင်းနှီးမြုပ်နှံမှုများအား ကောင်းမွန်စွာဂရုတစိုက်စီရင်ဆုံးဖြတ်ခြင်း၊ ကျွမ်းကျင်သူများနှင့် ပူးပေါင်းဆောင်ရွက်ခြင်းနှင့် တာဝန်ယူမှုရှိသောအလေ့အကျင့်များအား အကောင်အထည်ဖော် ဆောင်ရွက်ခြင်းတို့မှတဆင့် ထိရောက်စွာဖြေရှင်းနိုင်ပါသည်။ အချက်အလက်စုဆောင်းခြင်းနှင့် ကွင်းဆင်းလေ့လာမှုများတွင် စိန်ခေါ်မှုအချို့ကိုကြုံတွေ့ခဲ့ရသော်လည်း သက်ဆိုင်ရာ စပ်ဆက်သည့် ကာယကံရှင်များ၊ စည်းမျဉ်းစည်းကမ်းအာဏာပိုင်များ၊ သုတေသနအဖွဲ့အစည်းများနှင့် နီးနီးကပ်ကပ် ဆောင်ရွက်လုပ်ကိုင်ခြင်းဖြင့် အဆိုပါကန့်သတ်ချက်များကို ကျော်လွှားနိုင်ပြီး ကုမ္ပဏီ၏ သဘာဝ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ ပဏာမခြေလှမ်းများကို ပြန်လည်ပြင်ဆင်နိုင်မည်ဖြစ်သည်။

1.0 Executive Summary

Purpose and Scope of EMP

Sweet Angle Company Limited has prepared an Environmental Management Plan (EMP) for its Plastic Injection Molding Project, covering the development, operation, and abandonment phases. This EMP is submitted to the Environmental Conservation Department (ECD) of the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation (MONREC) to comply with the Environmental Impact Assessment Procedure. The company aims to obtain an Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC) to operate under Myanmar's environmental laws and regulations, with assistance from Dr. Zin Min and other consultants.

The specific objectives of this report are to:

- Identify planned activities and potential unplanned events.
- Establish an environmental baseline for the project area.
- Assess potentially significant impacts.
- Recommend mitigation measures.
- Propose a monitoring plan to ensure compliance with Myanmar legislation.

Background of EMP

The Government of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar (hereinafter referred to as Myanmar) is encouraging investors to develop businesses under the administration of the Shwe Pyi Thar Industrial Zone. Sweet Angle Company Limited is investing in the Manufacturing of Plastic Box, Basket and Can with Lid Injection Molding Project.

The Director of Sweet Angle Company Limited has submitted a project proposal to the Environmental Conservation Department (ECD) to obtain environmental comments for conducting an environmental management plan. The ECD then instructed the proposed project to conduct an environmental management plan with Letter No. YaKa/EIA/2(2321/2024). (See Annexure -1)

Project Description

The project involves establishing a factory to produce 26.338 Ton of plastic Box, Basket and Can with Lid cover annually. The goals are to produce quality products, improve domestic production, reduce imports, promote the domestic plastic market, and comply with Myanmar laws and regulations.

Project Name	Plastic Box, Basket and Can with Lid Injection Molding Factory		
Location	No.104, Set Mhu 7 th street, Shwe Pyi Thar Industrial Zone 1,		
	Shwe Pyi Thar Township, Yangon Region.		
Investor	Sweet Angle Company Limited		
	U Nay Lin Htike		
	Director		
	Kyan Sit Thar Quarter, Tide Gyi Township		
Investment	20,000,000 kyat		
No. of Building	19625 m ² Steel Structure Building 1 Nos		
Area	1.377 acre		
No. of Employee	12 person (Local)		
Contact Person	U Zaw Min Htet		
	Production Manager		
	095199994		
	No.104, Set Mhu 7 th street, Shwe Pyi Thar Industrial Zone 1,		
	Shwe Pyi Thar Township, Yangon Region.		

The project has three phases: development, operation, and abandonment. The development phase is complete, and the project is currently in the operation phase. The main facility is a 19625 square meter, single-story steel building, with additional structures already installed.

Phase	Commence	Duration	Note
Development	-	-	100% completed in 2022
Operation	2022	20 Years	On going
Abandonment	ТВА	3-6 months	N/A

Plastic raw material (Glue seed-PP) will be imported from China, while other materials will be sourced locally. The factory will produce 26.338 Ton of plastic Box, Basket and Can with Lid annually, Cake Basket, 3 liter Can & Lid (Set), Soap Box (Set) and 2.3 kg bucket & Lid (Set). The manufacturing process involves four stages: Mixing, Heating and Melting, Molding and Packing.

Annual water consumption is 60,000 gallons, sourced from groundwater. Power consumption is 36,500 kWh per year, supplied by the National Power Line. Fuel consumption is 105,300 gallons annually, mainly for transportation and backup generators.

The factory generates plastic scrap waste and small amounts of general solid waste. No wastewater is produced from the manufacturing process, and no hazardous waste is generated during normal operations. However, automotive and electronic waste may result from maintenance activities.

Description of Existing Environment

The environmental study team collected comprehensive baseline data in Shwe Pyi Thar Township, including physical, biological, socio-economic, and cultural aspects. Field surveys in September 2024 assessed soil, water, air quality, noise levels, and flora/fauna. Soil and water samples were analyzed, showing compliance with national environmental standards. Ambient air quality and noise levels were also within acceptable limits.

The project site is located at , surrounded by various factories and natural features. The study area covers a 200-meter radius around the project site. No.104, 7th street, Shwe Pyi Thar Industrial Zone 1, Shwe Pyi Thar Township, Yangon Region, with an area of 25.76 square miles, has a hot and humid climate and is primarily covered by Quaternary alluvium sediment. Key hydrological features include the Hlaing River (WahTaYar River). The natural vegetation includes species like Kyun and Mangrove, with no wildlife recorded.

Economically, Shwe Pyi Thar Township is developed, with most residents engaged in industrial and trading businesses. The township has robust transportation infrastructure and hosts four industrial zones. The average per capita income in 2022-2023 was approximately 3,074,520 kyats, with an unemployment rate of 8.35%.

Shwe Pyi Thar Township's domestic water supply comes from the township's development committee system and tube wells. Electricity is provided by the national grid, covering all areas, including industrial zones. Waste management is overseen by the Yangon City Development Committee (YCDC).

The township has five high schools, eight middle schools, eleven primary schools, and one nursery schools, and one universities. There are one hospitals serving the Shwe Pyi Thar Township which was composed with 23 quarters, 4 village tracts and 5 villages. The literacy rate is 97.96%. with a school enrollment rate of 96% and a matriculation pass rate of 43.86% in 2021-2022.

In 2023, there were 1333 births and 558 deaths. Common health issues include diarrhea, tuberculosis, and dysentery. Nature Park sites in the township include the Yangon Hlawga National Park is an open zoo.

Identification and Assessment of Potential Environmental Impacts

Identification and assessment of potential Environmental Impacts including assessment and description of Adverse Impacts and Residual Impacts with presentation of the spatial and temporal characteristics of the impacts using maps, images, aerial photos and satellite images are present in below and detailed are in Section – 5.

Screening of Potential Environmental Risk and Mitigation Measures

Screening

Screening of environmental impacts has been based on the impact magnitude (negligible/ moderate/ severe – in the order of increasing degree) and impact duration (temporary/ permanent). During the development, operation and abandonment phase of a project, there may be significant and non-significant impacts on the environment and socio-economics according to the activities of the project.

Facts of Potential	Description		
Environmental Impacts	Description		
Energy Cosumption	power(electrical) consumption for machinery and		
	Lighting		
Raw Materials Consumption	plastic materials		
Gases Emission	dust, fumes, VOC, CO, CO ₂		
Noise Emission	running machineries and sometime generator running		
Water Consumption	domestic water using by employees		
Wastewater Discharging	discharging of domestic wastewater from washing and		
	toilet usage by employees		
General Solid Waste	plastic pieces, paper, cardboard, food waste, domestic		
	waste		
Hazardous waste	machine oil, engine oil, lubricants and residual fuel		

Table 1.1: Sources for Potential Environmental Impacts

The environmental and socio-economic impacts of the project during construction, operation and decommissioning are identified as follows:

Potential Impacts			
Impact on humansEnvironmental ImpactsDischarging/Emission			
1. Social	1. Air	1. Solid waste	
2. Health	2. Water	2. Liquid waste	
3. Economic	3. Soil	3. Emission gas	
4. Disaster	4. Noise/Vibration	4. Hazardous waste	

Environmental Assessment & Mitigation Measure

The objective of environmental impact assessment is to identify risks and to measure associated impacts which may arise from project activities, and to eliminate, control or mitigate the risk to environment.

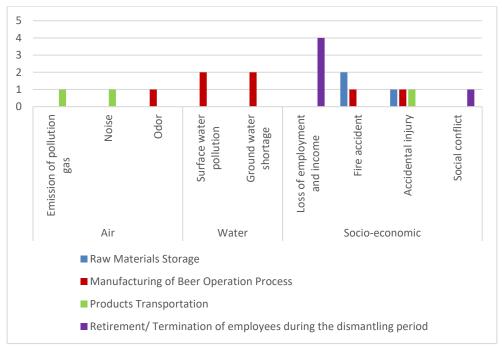
Potential Environmental Impact

The potential environmental impacts and mitigation measures of all the components for Proposed Project are presented detailed in the report. Identification Potential Risk and Impact which may come from project activities is described as:

Phase	Activity	Risk	Impact
Development	Location	Land Acquisition, Force	Social
	Design	Relocation	Historical, Cultural
	Construction	View	Environmental
		Noise, Dust, Pollution, Waste	Social
	Installation	Conflict	Environmental
		Noise, Dust, Pollution, Waste	Social
		Conflict	
Operation	Operation	Waste	Environmental
		Conflict,	Social
	Maintenance	Noise, Dust, Pollution, Waste	Environmental
		Conflict	Social
	Services	Conflict,	Social
Abandonment	Termination	Conflict,	Social

Summary of Environmental Risk & Impacts Assessment

The potential impacts arising from the proposed project can be categorized as having Low residual risk levels. No residual risks were assessed as Medium, High or Severe. Table 5.5 presents a summary of the assessed level of residual (post-mitigation) environmental risk associated with the project activity. Table 5.6 & 5.7 also summarizes the key mitigation strategies and measures that SACL and the contractor(s) will implement during the development activity to ensure that impacts are either eliminated or reduced to levels that are environmentally sound and acceptable.



Summary of Environmental and Socio-Economic Impact Assessment Chart

Results of the Public Consultation and Public Participation Processes

Results of the public consultation and public participation processes, recommendations received from the public, and the Project Proponent's written responses to comments received during that process are described in here and detailed in Section – 6.

Public Consultation and Information Disclosure

Consultations with stakeholders on environmental issues have been taken up as an integral part of the process. These consultations provided inputs to the various sector specialists in identification of the felt needs of the communities, and the relevant stakeholders.

The outputs of the consultation sessions are documented in on Stakeholder Consultations. Consultations were held with the following stakeholders:

- Officials of Union Government Departments;
- Officials of Regional Government Departments; and
- Local Communities; SACL staff
- Local Authority of Industrial Zone Committee
- Contractors and employee, investors adjacent to factory and,
- Local Communities; adjacent/around of the project factory area

Outcomes from Public Consultation

These issues raised during public consultation, together with the findings of the baseline data gathering, have been considered when compiling the EMP. MONREC has approved the proposed project to invest and operate by following rules & regulations, and procedures & standing instructions. MONREC provided details on the regulatory submission and approvals process.

There is no objection from the authorities of host country in general as well as no complaint received from staff regarding the current manufacturing and marketing operation while study team consulting during assessment period. Providing necessary skill factory training as of voluntary nomination system for the eligible staff to develop local staff is built in as ongoing process throughout project period.

As per Myanmar regulations, this prepared EMP Report will be made available for public comment. The full report will be made available to the public in English and a nontechnical summary will be made available in Myanmar. The report will be disclosed to stakeholders, at proposed project factory and at SACL office in Yangon.

EMP

Policy and Objective of EMP

A Project-specific Environmental Management Plan (EMP) has been prepared for the proposed project. The EMP aims to provide an environmental management framework by outlining the compliance requirements, mitigation measures and monitoring programs to be undertaken throughout the project period.

Roles and Responsibilities

The EMP describes the key roles and responsibilities for all personnel (SACL and contractors) who will be involved in the Project.

Planning and Implementation

The EMP has been prepared based on the findings of this EMP and describes management measures designed to mitigate potential environmental impacts of the

proposed project and associated to levels that are considered to be and acceptable. EMP will be regularly reviewed and updated to suit with project requirements.

Monitoring, Record Keeping and Reporting

The EMP details all of the monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements for the proposed project associated activities in the project area.

Auditing and Review

Environmental performance auditing will be undertaken to confirm that all significant environmental aspects of the project activity are covered by the EMP. It will also confirm that the standards to achieve environmental performance are being implemented and identify opportunities for continuous improvement and potential nonconformances.

The Persons, Organizations and Budgets Needed for Implementation of the EMP The Persons and Organizations for EMP Implementation

The following personnel have been identified as key person as Project Team to the implementation of EMP:

- Managing Director Responsible for environmental performance of SACL
- Director –Responsible for effective implementation of the EMP across all operating units
- Manager Management Champion for EMP
- Health, Safety, & Environmental (HSE) Coordinator EMP Champion, to be the key person involved in development and implementation of EMP

Budget for Environmental Management Plan Implementation

Separated EMP budget (estimated 3000 USD) reserves from SACL Proposed Project will be used in implementation of EMP activities without fail which complying with existing laws & regulation of Myanmar. The separated and dedicated budget will be reserved by the operator to implement effective environmental management plan EMP.

Budget for CSR Plan

The Proposed Project CSR program has been outlined as per below in sponsoring educational sector, healthcare of local community as well as staff and its family by

arranging clinic & medical staff, providing necessary equipment & training which relating to proposed project throughout operational period without fail to promote CSR.

(a) 20% of 2% annual net profit for the education section

- (b) 20% of 2% annual net profit for the health care section
- (c) 20% of 2% annual net profit for Social Sector
- (d) 20% of 2% annual net profit for Natural Disaster Sector
- (e) 20% of 2% annual net profit for Local Community Sector

Conclusion and Recommendation

In conclusion, several of the identified environmental impacts can be effectively resolved through prudent investments, collaboration with experts, and the implementation of responsible practices. While some challenges in data collection and fieldwork have been encountered, working closely with relevant stakeholders, regulatory authorities, and research institutions can help overcome these limitations and refine the company's environmental initiatives.

2.0 Policy, Law and Regulation Frame Work

2.1 Applicable Laws & Regulations, Procedures & Guidelines

The Myanmar Government requires either an environmental examination or assessment for any project, depending on its scale or size. Proponents of major development projects must prepare and formally submit an Environmental Management report (EMP) report for approval by the Environmental Conservation Department (ECD). Meanwhile, existing legislation includes provisions for various ministries, each with its own conservation and protection guidelines.

The investor, SACL, must comply with the laws and regulations of the host country, the Republic of the Union of Myanmar. The implementation of the proposed project will be governed by the laws, acts, rules, procedures, policies, and regulations of the Government of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar, including those of the Union Ministries, the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation, the Ministry of Health and Sports, the Ministry of Labor, and the respective local authority, the Regional Government of Yangon Region. These regulations impose restrictions on activities to minimize or mitigate likely environmental impacts. The following are the recent applicable Myanmar laws, rules, and regulations related (but not limited) to the proposed project:

Myanmar Laws, Acts, Rules	Description & relevant section	Date of
	Description & relevant section	Legislate
The Myanmar Constitution Law, (2008)	Section No.45, 349(b), 359,	29.05.2008
	389, 390 (a, b, c, d)	
The Environmental Conservation Law, (2012	Section No.7(o), 14, 15, 16	30.03.2012
Pyidaungsu Hluttaw Law No. 9)	(a, b, c), 24, 32	
The Environmental Conservation Rules (2014	Section No.55, 69	05.06.2014
MOECAF Notification Order No.50)		

 Table 2.1: Applicable Laws & Regulations, Procedures & Guidelines

Environmental Impact Assessment Procedure Section No.102 - 110, 113, 29.12.2015 (2015 MOECAF Notification No.616) 115, 117 National Environmental Quality (Emission) Article No.9, 10, 12 & 13, 29.12.2015 Guidelines (2015 MOECAF Order No.616) Appendix A 1 & 2.3.1.8) Natural Disaster Management Law (2013) Section No.13 to 18,32, 35, 31.7.2013 36 and 37 Protection of Biodiversity and Protected Area Section No.25, 31 (a to f), 21.05.2018 Law (May 2018) 34 to 36 02.10.2006 The Conservation of Water Resources and Rivers Law (2006) Section No.8 to 10, 12 (a to f), 21.05.2018 Working with ODS Notification (MOECAF Order No.8 to 100, 12 (a to f), 25.04.2014 15.03.2019 Pyidaungsu Hluttaw Law No.8) b, 26 to 30, 31 to 33, 34, 36 (b and c), 48 to 50 Working with ODS Notification (MOECAF Order No.15 (b), 16, 17, 25.04.2014 25.04.2014 No.37/2014) (25th April 2014) To follow the law 25.04.2014 No.37/2014) (25th April 2014) 22, 23 (a), 27 110.101 Prevention of Hazard from Danger of Chemical and Related Substances Rules Order No.815 (b), 16, 17, 26.08.2013 26.08.2013 No.85/2015-2016 To follow the law 12.01.2016 The Social Security Law, 2012 (Cam		l .	
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54 (a), 65 to 67 (a), 69 (b) and 77, 88 (a) (1,2) The Social Security Rules (Notification No. 41/2014) 43, 45 and 47	The Social Security Law, 2012 (Came into force	Section No.11 (a, b), 16 to	31.08.2012
and 77, 88 (a) (1,2) The Social Security Rules (Notification No. Section No.40, 41, 42 (c), 41/2014)	on 1 April 2014)	18, 45 (a, b), 48 to 51, 53 to	
The Social Security Rules (Notification No.Section No.40, 41, 42 (c),02.04.201441/2014)43, 45 and 47		54 (a), 65 to 67 (a), 69 (b)	
41/2014) 43, 45 and 47		and 77, 88 (a) (1,2)	
	The Social Security Rules (Notification No.	Section No.40, 41, 42 (c),	02.04.2014
The Myanmar Investment Law, (2016) Section No.40 - 46, 51, 65 18.10.2016	41/2014)	43, 45 and 47	
	The Myanmar Investment Law, (2016)	Section No.40 – 46, 51, 65	18.10.2016

		1
The Myanmar Investment Rules, (2017)	Section No.19, 21 to 23, 26,	30.03.2017
	35 to 43 and 62 to 67	
Export and Import Law (2012 Pyidaungsu	Section No.5 to 7	17.09.2012
Hluttaw Law No.17)		
The Factories Act No.65 (1951) (Amended)	To follow the law	20.01.2016
Private Industrial Enterprise Law (State Law &	Article No.3, 4(b), 7(c), 13,	26.11.1990
Order Restoration Council Law No. 22/90)	27	
Myanmar Fire Brigade Acts (2015 Pyidaungsu	Section No.25, 46-50	17.03.2015
Hluttaw Law No.11)		
Electricity Law (2014 Pyidaungsu Hluttaw Law	Section No.11, 14, 18 to 21	27.10.2014
No.44)	(a), 22(a), 23(a), 24 to 27,	
	28, 40, 44 to 53, 68	
The Public Health Law of the Union of	Section No.6 to 8, 10	12.01.1972
Myanmar, (1972)		
The Control of Smoking and Consumption of	Section No.9	04.05.2006
Tobacco Product Law (2006)		
The Prevention and Control of Communicable	Section No.8, 9	20.03.1995
Diseases Law (1995)		
The Commercial Tax Law (2015)	Section No.4, 5, 11 (a to b),	02.04.2015
	12 (a), 13 (a)	
The Myanmar Insurance Law. (1993)	To follow	23.07.1993
The Myanmar Engineering Council Law (2013)	Section No.34, 37	28.11.2013
The Motor Vehicle Law, (2015)	Section No.4, 5, 8, 11 to 13,	07.09.2015
	15, 45 to 57	
		L
The Labor Organization Law (2011 Pyidaungsu	Section No.17 to 23, 29 to	11.10.2011
Hluttaw Law No.7)	31, 37 to 42, 43 to 50	
The Labor Organization Rules Order No.	Section No.30, 31 (a to b),	29.02.2012
(1/2012)	41	
The Settlement of Labor Dispute Law & Rule	Section No.6 to 7, 20, 25,	28.03.2012
(2012 Pyidaungsu Hluttaw Law No.5)	31 to 33, 35, 36, 45	
The Edited Settlement of Dispute Law (2014)	To follow the law	30.09.2014
The Minimum Wages Law (2013)	Section No.12 (a to e), 13	22.03.2013

(a to g), 14 (a to j), 15 (a to	
$ \mathbf{b}\rangle$ and $ 1\rangle\rangle 2\rangle / \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b}\rangle\rangle$ and	
b) and 16, 22 (a to e) and	
24 (a to b),	
Section No.43 (a to l)	12.07.2013
To follow the law	14.05.2018
Section No.5 (a to h), 14	30.08.2013
and 15 (a, b), 30	
To follow the law	11.5.2016
Section No.3, 4, 15, 17 to	26.4.2018
21, 23 to 28, 33, 41, 42, 48,	
50 and 52	
Section No.3 (a to c), 4 (a	25.01.2016
to g), 5, 7 (a to d), 8, 9, 10	
(a to h),11, 12 (a to b), 14,	
(a to h),11, 12 (a to b), 14, 22 to 23	
22 to 23	
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22 to 23 To follow To follow	
22 to 23 To follow To follow To follow To follow	
)	 r To follow the law v Section No.5 (a to h), 14 and 15 (a, b), 30) To follow the law Section No.3, 4, 15, 17 to 21, 23 to 28, 33, 41, 42, 48, 50 and 52 u Section No.3 (a to c), 4 (a

The Standing Instructions from Environmental
Conservation DepartmentTo followStanding Orders and Instructions from FDA,
MOHS, MICTo followRules and Regulations of Yangon Industrial
ZoneTo follow

Any component included in the proposed location must comply with Myanmar's laws, standards, rules, and requirements. Key standards include those related to water quality, air quality, effluent discharge, and protected areas. Compliance is required at all stages of the project, including the development phase, operation phase, and abandonment.

The proposed project operation requires consent from MONREC for investment in operation. The EIA Notification of December 29, 2015, outlines the necessary actions to perform environmental surveys and reporting for project investments, depending on the project's scale.

However, the SACL proposed project is required to prepare an EMP as advised by the relevant authority, in compliance with Myanmar's EIA Procedures.

2.2 Policy Legal Framework, including existing applicable laws and rules, International Conventions, Treaties and Agreements, and national & international standards and guidelines

The investor of the proposed project has the duty to comply with the applicable laws, rules, regulations, procedures, guidelines, and instructions of the host country, the Republic of the Union of Myanmar. This includes standards related to Environmental Conservation, Industrial and Factory Health and Safety, Fire Risk, National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines, as well as IFC and WHO guidelines.

The proposed project commits to adhering to the laws and regulations of the host country, the Republic of the Union of Myanmar. Additionally, it undertakes to comply with international conventions, treaties, agreements, and both national and international standards and guidelines without violation.

International Environmental Conventions/Protocols/Agreement	Date of Signature	Date of Ratification	Date of Member	Cabinet Approval Date
United Nations Framework	11-6-1992	25-11-1994		41/94
Convention on Climate Change,		(Ratification)		9-11-1994
New York, 1992 (UNFCCC)				
Vienna Convention for the		24-11-1993	22-9-	46/93
Protection of the Ozone Layer,		(Ratification)	1994	
Vienna, 1985				
Montreal Protocol on Substances		24-11-1993	22-9-	46/93
that Deplete the Ozone Layer,		(Ratification)	1994	
Montreal, 1987				
London Amendment to the		24-11-1993	22-9-	46/93
Montreal Protocol on Substances		(Ratification)	1994	
that Deplete the Ozone Layer,				
London, 1990				
ASEAN Agreement on	10-6-2002	13-3-2003		7/2003
Transboundary Haze Pollution		(Ratification)		(27-2-
				2003)
Parties to the Basel Convention on		6-4-2015		
the Control of transboundary		(Ratification)		
Movements of Hazardous Wastes				
and their Disposal				

Table 2.2: International Environmental Conventions/Protocols/Agreements Signed/Ratified by Myanmar

The project investor has undertaken to comply the above-mentioned Law, Rules & Regulations, Procedures & Guidelines etc. in accord with their relevant sections about the project and has also undertaken to comply Orders, Instructions, Regional order and instructions issued from time to time.

2.2.1 Sweet Angle Company Limited Environmental and Social Policy

SACL has prepared environmental and social policy for the operations operating by the proponent within the country. The following policy is presented as a Draft and is subject to review and confirmation by SACL.

SWEET ANGLE COMPANY LIMITED (SACL) commits to an objective of environmental excellence on the basis that this approach is:

- essential to efficient business performance,
- recognizes the company's role and responsibilities in the broader community,
- acknowledges it's environmental & corporate social responsibility commitments

"Environmental Conservation and Social Policy"

- It will take an approach that promotes sustainable development in decision making for project operation.
- It will be managed to minimize the use of human and material resources in all activities and to avoid losses.
- It will be managed to create a clean environment and a good workplace for improving the living standards of employees and occupational safety and health.

2.2.2 Commitments by Project Proponent: Sweet Angle Company Limited

SACL has committed to performing the SACL EMP for the project operation, covering all periods (development, operation, and abandonment) in accordance with EIA Procedure Section 62 and the relevant laws and regulations pertaining to Plastics Injection and Molding Factory.

Sweet Angle Co., Ltd. commits that the EMP report for the proposed project will:

- Proposed Project will at all times comply fully with the commitments, mitigation measures, and plans in the EMP Report. (Natural Disaster & Emergency Response Plan, Fire Safety Procedure and Action Plan, Social Welfare Program, Waste Management Plan.
- Completely follow policy, law, rules and regulations related to proposed project.
- Will be reviewed and revised as/when instructed to do so by official authority to suit with the changing modern technology in industry
- Covering to minimize and mitigate socio economic impacts which may cause by project abandonment activities

Project proponent; SACL, has confirmed that above mentioned facts and data are correct. (Signed commitment letter is also presented in Attachment).

2.2.3 Commitment by Third Party

Dr. Zin Min and members of environmental study team commits in respect of the proposed project that the EMP report has been:

- presented in a manner which is accurate and complete:
- prepared in accordance with the requirements of applicable laws, consistence with Environmental Impact Assessment Procedure, and
- prepared under the guidance of the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation (MONREC).

Third Party; Dr. Zin Min and consultants has confirmed that above mentioned facts are correct. (Signed commitment letter is also presented in Attachment).

2.2.4 Contractual and other Commitments

SACL has undertaken to operate the proposed project operation on the developed granted land under permit agreement between land developer; and proposed project proponent; Sweet Angle Co., Ltd. (SACL).

SACL has undertaken to operate the proposed project operation on the granted land. SACL has undertaken to perform EMP on project throughout the project period (development, operation & abandonment phases) prepared by third party study team according to existing relevant Laws & Regulation of Myanmar.

SACL has undertaken to ensure clear from Public & Occupational Health and Safety issues throughout its proposed project operations to operate Beer Production and Beverages Factory according to Myanmar Occupational Health & Safety Law for the proposed project.

SACL has undertaken to ensure clear from electricity safety issues according to 2014 The Electricity Law for alternative electricity power utilization from its own standby generator.

SACL has undertaken to follow standing instruction from government officials; local, regional, union level.

SACL has undertaken to apply prepared effective management systems; environmental management plan, natural disaster & emergency responding management system, fire safety & responding system, social & cultural awareness programs, throughout project period.

SACL has undertaken to pay tax and charges as defined under Myanmar Tax Laws and promise to undertake responsibility without fail.

SACL has also undertaken to submit EMP performance report to State Office of ECD (Yangon) in 6 monthly (or) as instructed by Head Office of ECD (Nay Pyi Taw).

SASCL has undertaken to follow the commitment from below table;

No.	Section	Commitment	Description (Chapter)
1.	Commitment	 Proposed Project will at all times comply fully with the commitments, mitigation measures, and plans in the EMP report. will be reviewed and revised as/when instructed to do so by official authority to suit with the changing modern technology in industry covering to minimize and mitigate socio economic impacts which may cause by project abandonment activities 	Chapter - 2
2	Policy, Legal and Institutional Framework	 ✓ has also undertaken to comply International Environmental Conventions, Protocols/Agreements Signed/Ratified by Myanmar ✓ The project will be implemented in accordance with the relevant laws, rules, procedures and guidelines issued by Union of Myanmar 	Chapter - 2
3	Compliance with standards	 ✓ has also undertaken to comply National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines (2015) ✓ The production processes will be manufactured in accordance with international standards. 	Chapter - 2 Chapter - 3
4	Air	 Emissions will be discharged in accordance with the National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines (2015) 	Chapter (2) and (4)

5	Water	 ✓ Wastewater will be discharged in accordance with the National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines (2015) 	Chapter (2) and (4)
6	Noise	 Planning to minimize vehicle use; Regular maintenance of equipment will be carried out to minimize noise emission. Actions will be taken not to exceed the noise level of National Environmental Quality (Emissions) Guidelines (2015). 	Chapter (2) and (4)
7	Waste Management	 Dispose according to the waste management plan, Reduce, Reuse, recycle processes will be implemented. Engine oil Lubricant Greases and hazardous wastes will be kept separately and will be disposed of by communicating with the relevant Township Development Committee. 	Chapter (3)
8	Public Consultation	✓ Project Disclosures and Notifications are published from time to time and We will take advice from the public and experts	Chapter (6)

		\checkmark We will cooperate with the relevant authorities on the business inspections.	
9		\checkmark A team will be formed to implement the environmental management plan, which	Chapter (7)
	EMP	includes relevant persons from the project.	
		\checkmark Environmental monitoring will be regularly measured and reported to relevant	
		departments once (6) months.	

3.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

3.1 Project Introduction

The proposed project aims to establish an injection molding factory dedicated to producing plastic cans, baskets, buckets, and boxes, with an annual production capacity of approximately 26 tons. The product range includes items such as cake baskets, 3-liter cans with lids (set), soap boxes (set), and 2.3 kg buckets with lids (set). All products will be manufactured exclusively for domestic use.

Sweet Angle Co., Ltd. has developed this project with the goals of producing highquality products, enhancing domestic production, reducing reliance on imported substitutes, promoting the local mass market for plastic products, and ensuring timely delivery to customers at competitive prices, all while operating in compliance with Myanmar laws and regulations.

Project Name	Plastic (Cans, Baskets, Buckets and Boxes) Injection Molding	
	Factory	
Location	No.104, Set Mu 7 th street, Shwepyithar Township, Yangon Region	
Investor	Sweet Angle Company Limited	
	U Nay Lin Htike	
	Director	
	Kyan Sit Thar Quarter, Tide Gyi Township	
Investment	20,000,000 kyat	
No. of Building	19265 m ² , Steel Structure Building 1 Nos	
Area	1.377 acre	
No. of Employee	12 person (Local)	
Contact Person	U Zaw Min Htet	
	Production Manager	
	0951999994	
	No.104, Set Mu 7 th street, Shwepyithar Township, Yangon Region	

Table 3.1:	Project Brief	[•] Description
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SACL was incorporated under the Myanmar Companies Act with certification No. 118861442 on 22.2.2019. SACL has registered at Directorate of Investment and Company Administration (DICA), Ministry of Investment and Foreign Economic Relations (MIFER) for the business mentioned below accordingly under Myanmar Laws & Regulations:



Figure 3.1: Certificate of Incorporation

A REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL		
Myanmar Companies Online R		
Company Name (English) SWEET ANGEL COMPANY LIMITED	Company Name (Myanmar) -	
Form / Filing Type		ective Date
AR Annual Return		0/02/2023
AR Annual Return AR Annual Return		5/02/2022
AR Annual Return		3/03/2021 7/03/2020
A-1 Application for incorporation as a private company limited by shares		2/02/2019
		10 A
		Page 4 of 4

Figure 3.2: Effective Date

The following company incorporated under Myanmar Companies Act is Principal Organization; company named as "Sweet Angle Company Limited" to operate in accordance with the Investment Law for the proposed project "Plastic Injection and Molding Factory".

Company	Address
Sweet Angle Company Limited	No.104, Set Mhu 7 th street, Shwepyithar
Reg.No. 118861442	Township, Yangon Region
	Contact Person
	U Zaw Min Htet
	Production Manager
	0951999994
	technical.soap@cg-m.com
	No.104, Set Mhu 7 th street, Shwepyithar
	Township, Yangon Region

Sweet Angle Company Limited will be functioned as an administrative body of the Plastic Injection and Molding Factory under the direction of investors of SACL. The investors operate through appointed director and staff. The mentioned below investors are registered as directors in the certificate of incorporation according to Myanmar Companies Act.

Name	Nationality, NRC Card No. / Passport	Position
	No.	
U Nay Lin Htike	Myanmar/India (12/Takana (N)	Director
U Zaw Min Htet	Myanmar (7/Pamana(N) 142874)	Production Manager

	Myanı	mar Companies	Online Registry	- Company Extr	act
Company N	lame (English)			ny Name (Myanmar	
	GEL COMPANY LIN	MITED	-		
Addresses					
Registered Off	ice In Union			angelcompany@gmail.	, YANGON REGION, MYANMAR .com
Officers					
Name:		NAY LIN HTIKE	Type:		DIRECTOR
Date of Appoi	ntment:	22/02/2019	Date of		06/02/1982
Nationality: Gender:		MYANMAR MALE		Passport: s Occupation:	12/TAKANA(N)170153 MERCHANT
	ding Company		iction of Incorporation		stration Number
Share Capital	I Structure ued by Company	Curre	ncy of Share Capital		
200	aca by company	ММК			
Class	Description		Total Number	Total Amount Paid 2,000,000.00	Total Amount Unpaid 0.00
ORD Members	Ordinary		200	2,000,000.00	0.00
			-		
Name: Gender:		NAY LIN HTIK Male	E Date o	Birth:	06/02/1982
Nationality:		Myanmar		Passport:	12/TAKANA(N)170153
C 1	Description		Total Number	Total Amount Paid	Total Amount Unpaid
Class ORD	Description Ordinary		Total Number 200	2,000,000.00	0.00
Mortgages a	nd Charges				
Form / Filing Ty	/pe				Effective Date
No records avai	ilable	all mortgages and charge	s can be accessed from	the Company Profile Filing	History at no charge.

Figure 3.3: Registered Relevant Person of Sweet Angel Co., Ltd.

SACL was incorporated under the Myanmar Companies law on 22nd, February 2019 as a Private Company Limited by Shares with certificate of incorporation No.118861442 at Directorate of Investment and Company Administration for the below principal activity: 22 – Manufacture of Rubber and Plastic

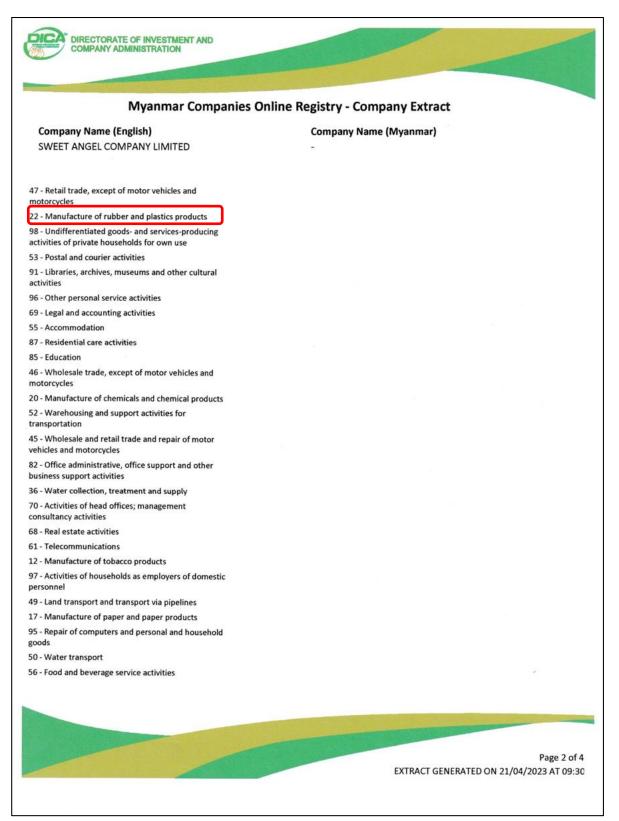


Figure 3.4: Principle Activities for Sweet Angel Co., Ltd.

3.2 Presentation of Environmental Consultant

SACL has assigned environmental study team of NeoTech Myanmar Co. Ltd. in September 2024 to conduct environmental assessment and to prepare environmental management plan for the Proposed Project according to EIA procedures. The data of NeoTech Myanmar Co', Ltd. and its Environmental Study Team organized to conduct environmental assessment and to prepare on EMP of proposed project are detailed as follows;

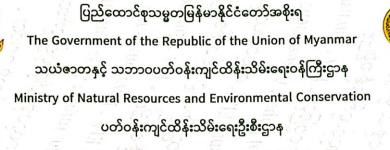
NeoTech Myanmar Company Limited is a Private Company Limited by Shares; registered in DICA since 11.12.2013 and incorporated with registration no. 100140802 according to Myanmar Companies Law for Principal Activity; 74 - Other professional, scientific and technical activities.

DIRECTORATE OF INVESTMENT AND COMPANY ADMINISTRATION Myanmar Companies Online (MyCO)				
HOME MYCO GUIDES CO	OMPANY SEARCH HELP - CRE	ATE AN ACCOUNT LOG IN		
COMPANY PROFILE BACK TO PREVIOUS PAGE				
Company Name (English) NEO TECH MYANMAR COMPAN	IY LIMITED	Company Name (Myanmar) နီရို တက် (ဈ်) မြန်မာ ကုမ္ပဏီ လီမိတက်	Registration Number 100140802	Registration Date 11/12/2013
Company Type Private Company Limited by Share	es	Status Registered	Foreign Company No	Small Company No
Annual Return Due Date 11/01/2022 Principal Activity 74 - Other professional, scientific :	and technical activities			
FILING HISTORY ADDRESSE	S OFFICERS			
Document No.	Form/Filing Type		Filing Date	Effective Date
20307460018	AR- Annual Return 02/12/2020 02/12/2020		02/12/2020	
14330410010	C-3 - Change to share capital or register of members 02/10/2019 02/10/2019		02/10/2019	
14330350017	D-1 - Particulars of directors and secretary 02/10/2019 02/10/2019		02/10/2019	
11934650010	AR - Annual Return 18/02/2019 18/02/2019		18/02/2019	
10028970019	B-1-Application for re-registration	n of a private company limited by shares	09/08/2018	09/08/2018

Environmental Study Team	Contact Address
Leader	
NeoTech Myanmar Co., Ltd.	No. 218 Tabin Shwe Hti Street, 34 Ward, New Dagon
DICA Reg. No. (100140802)	North Township, Yangon, 11421.
EIA-CO(A)010/2024	Tel: +959-5026221, +959-5026223 Fax: 951-584126
Dr. Zin Min (Managing Director)	e-mail: neotechmyanmar.pc@gmail.com
Ph.D. (Environmental Science)	Contact Person
Geological Assessment	Daw Nu Nu Aye
EIA-C 032/2023 (1.12.2023)	Tel: 959-5026221, e-mail: nunuayeygn@gmail.com

Table 3.2: Third Party Information

Neo Tech Myanmar Company Limited is also registered in ECD since 2017 and ECD issued Environmental Impact Assessment License on 26.9.2024 with ECD License Number EIA-CO(A)010/2024 to identify as third-party expert to conduct as a Consulting Organization Type (A) under the Licensing Procedure for the Third Persons or Organizations Undertaking Initial Environmental Examination, Environmental Impact Assessment, and Environmental Management Plan Study for the Project required to prepare as defined in EIA Procedure.



Environmental Conservation Department

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းဆိုင်ရာလုပ်ငန်းလိုင်စင် (အဖွဲ့အစည်း)

Environmental Impact Assessment License (Organization)

Neo Tech Myanmar Co.,Ltd ကုမ္ပဏီမှတ်ပုံတင်အမှတ်- ၁၀၀၁၄၀၈၀၂ အား အကြံပေး အဖွဲ့အမျိုးအစား(က) အဖြစ် လုပ်ကိုင်ဆောင်ရွက်ရန် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းဆိုင်ရာ လုပ်ငန်းလိုင်စင်ကို ကနဦးပတ်ဝန်းကျင် ဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းနှင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းပြုလုပ်သည့် တတိယပုဂ္ဂိုလ် သို့မဟုတ် အဖွဲ့အစည်းလုပ်ငန်း လိုင်စင်ဆိုင်ရာ လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်းနှင့်အညီ ဤဝန်ကြီးဌာန၏ အတည်ပြုချက်ဖြင့် ထုတ်ပေး လိုက်သည်။

It is here by issued that Neo Tech Myanmar Co.,Ltd | Registration No.100140802 has fulfilled the requirements for obtaining an Environmental Impact Assessment License to conduct as a Consulting Organization Type (A) under the Licensing Procedure for the Third Persons or Organizations Undertaking Initial Environmental Examination and Environmental Impact Assessment, approved by the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation.

: EIA-CO(A)010/2024

: 26-9-2024

: 25-9-2027

လိုင်စင်နံပါတ် License Number ထုတ်ပေးသည့် ရက်စွဲ Date of Issue ကုန်ဆုံးသည့် ရက်စွဲ Date of Expiry

(သိန်းတိုး)

န်ကြားရေးမူူးချုပ်

Neo Tech Myanmar Co.,Ltd

	Environmental Study Consultant Team Member						
No	Consultant Name	Expertise Field & Working Experience					
1	U Khin Maung Myoe	Risk Assessment and Hazard Management					
	M.Sc. (Chemistry)	EIA-C 034/2023 (1.12.2023)					
	M.S. (Environmental Science)	Environmental Working experience since 1998					
2	Dr. Zin Min	Ecology and Biodiversity					
	Ph.D. (Environmental Science)	EIA-C 033/2023 (1.12.2023)					
		Environmental Working experience since 2000					
3	Dr. Khun Hlaine Myint	Geological Assessment					
	Ph.D. (Geology)	EIA-C 032/2023 (1.12.2023)					
		Environmental Working experience since 2000					
4	Daw Nu Nu Aye	Water Pollution Prevention, Control, Monitoring					
	M.Sc. (Analytical Chemistry)	and Prediction of Impacts					
		EIA-C 035/2023 (1.12.2023)					
		Environmental Working experience since 2013					
5	Dr. Tin Naing	Health (Impact Studies and Analysis)					
	M.B.B.S., DTM&H	EIA-AC 039/2023 (1.12.2023)					
		Occupational & Industrial Health Working					
		experience since 2013					

Table 3.4: Role & Responsible Part in IEE

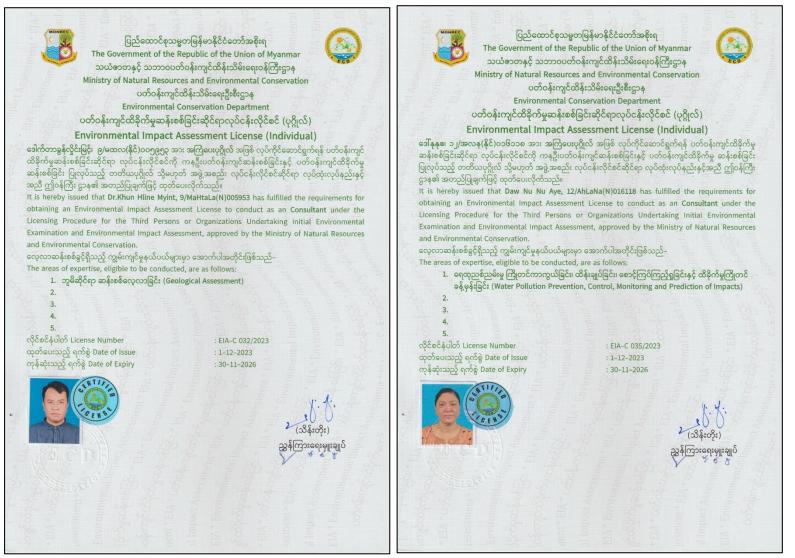
	Assisting Member					
No	Name	Roles Involved & Working Experience				
1	Dr. Zeya	Waste management; Occupational health;				
	PhD. (Chemistry)	Substance use management.				
		Environmental Working experience since 1983				
2	Dr. Tin Aye Myint	Occupational health; Substance use management.				
	PhD (Engineering Chemistry)	Environmental Working experience since 1983				

3	U Hein Thike	Information gathering; Field Studies;
	B.Sc. (Botany), Dip. In GIS	Environmental quality survey;
		public meeting and discussion; Report writing.
		Environmental Working experience since 2014
4	U Saw Hti Moo	Field studies; Survey of current environmental
	B. E. (Textile), Dip. In GIS	quality; Public Consultation and discussion;
		Report writing.
		Environmental Working experience since 2019
5	U Zaw Bala	Field studies; Survey of environmental quality;
	BBA (MIT), B.A. (English),	Public Consultation.
	Dip. In IT (NMC)	Environmental Working experience since 2023
6	U Hein Htet	Field studies; Public Consultation, Report writing.
	MB.A., M.Sc. (Sustainability	Environmental Working experience since 2018
	Management), B.A. (IR)	
7	U Khun Sai Wan	Report writing
	B.E. (Mechanical)	Environmental Report Writing since 2014
8	Dr. Po Po Maung	Report writing
	Ph.D. (Environmental Law),	Environmental Report Writing since 2014
	LLM (Cooperativism in Legal,	
	Economic and Social	
	Affairs), LLM (Civil Law), LLB	
9	U Aung Chan Min	Field studies; Survey of environmental quality;
	B.A. (Geography)	Environmental Working experience since 2018

Following are the personal environmental consultant licenses issued from Environmental Conservation Department, Nay Pyi Taw.



Personal Environmental Consultant Licenses



Personal Environmental Consultant Licenses



Personal Environmental Consultant License

3.3 Scope of EMP

The purpose of this EMP report is to get relevant permit for the prepared EMP of the proposed project operation from relevant authority, and to take EMP implementation in its operation. Environmental study on proposed project activity scopes to prepare suitable environmental management plan based on the identified impacts (of both positive and negative) affected to the environment, human use values, quality of life and health, etc., which may come out from the project activities throughout proposed

project operation. EMP has been prepared to minimize impacts as low as reasonably practicable level (ALARP) by means of prevention, mitigation, and monitoring measures.

The specific objectives of this report are to:

- Identify all planned activities and potential unplanned events;
- Establish an environmental baseline of the project area;
- Identify and assess potentially significant impacts based on existing environmental description;
- Identify and recommend mitigation measures to minimize potential impacts;
- Recommend a monitoring plan that can track changes in the environment issues and to ensure compliance with Myanmar legislation.

This Report is confined specifically to an Environmental Management Plan for the Sweet Angle Company Limited; Plastic (Cans, Baskets, Buckets and Boxes) Injection Molding Factory (Development, operational, and abandonment phases of project) to be operated by Sweet Angle Company Limited.

3.4 **Project Description**

This section describes the Project description in reasonable detail with description of the project size, installations, technology, infrastructure, production processes, use of materials and resources, generation of waste, emissions and disturbances together with overview maps and site layout maps.

3.4.1 Project Implementation Schedule

Proposed project can be considered in now as 2 phases; operating phase and abandonment phase because development phase is already finished in 2021. Project implementation schedule for Plastic Injection and Molding Factory is present in below table.

Phase	Commence	Duration	Note
Development	-	-	100% completed in 2021
Operation	2022	20 Years	On going
Abandonment	ТВА	3-6 months	N/A

Table 3.5: Project Implementation Schedule

3.4.2 Project Location and area

The project is located in No. No.104, Set Mu 7th street, Shwepyithar Township, Yangon Region. The land area is 1.377 acre and is excluding from forest reserve area and other local community land usage. Therefore, the proposed project area is cleared from land acquisition issue.



Figure 3.5: Project Overview Map

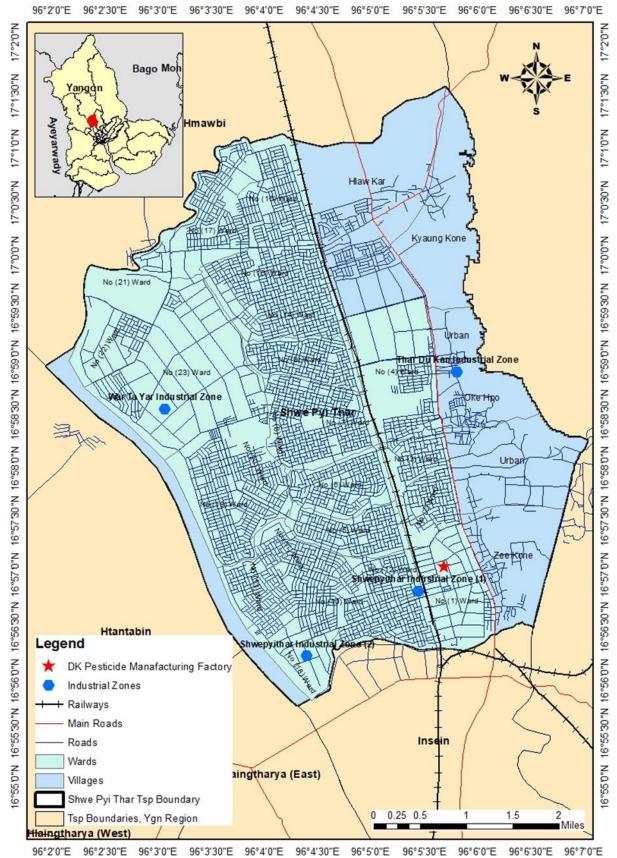


Figure 3.6: Project Location Map (16°57'05"N, 96° 05'38"E), Shwe Pyi Thar Township

3.4.3 Building/ Facilities Master Plan

The project is composed with one main 19625 square feet one floor steel structure building and is already constructed within the project boundary. Other related building and facilities are also installed in the area. Description of installed Facilities and main Building Layout Map is shown in below table and figure.

Sr. No.	Facility/Building Description					
1.	Factory Building (1 no) + Generator Room (1 no.) + Guard House +					
	Groundwater Storage Tank + Concrete Fence + Concrete Floor					
2.	Electrical & Auto Machinery Facility Installation					
3.	Power Supply System for Normal Operation – 315 KVA Transformer (1 no.)					
5.	Alternative Power Supply System (Back Up only)– 180 KVA Generator (1 no.)					
	Domestic use Water Supply System					
	Water Source – Groundwater (1 nos.)					
	Operation – Compressor Pump for 6-inches tube well and pump for storage					
4.	tank					
	Storage - Utility Water / Fire Water Tank System					
	Drinking Water – Current Practice and plan to use approved drinking water					
	products only					
5.	Storm & rainwater drainage direct connect to public drain					
6.	Wastewater treatment system (filtering) before dispose to public drain					
7.	Sewage Treatment System (Septic Tank)					
8.	General Solid Waste Management System (Collect at Waste Storage Area and					
0.	collected by YCDC); Temporary waste storage area (1 nos.)					
9.	24 Hour Security (Guard) Service					
10.	Fire Emergency & Disaster Management System					



Figure 3.7: Factory Building Area Layout (One Floor Building, 19625 Square Feet)

3.4.4 Raw Materials and Chemicals Requirement

Plastic raw material (Glue seed-PP) will be imported from China. Other needed raw materials will be purchased from local merchant. Raw Material will be required for Project Operation as listed below:

No.	Item	Unit	Quantity for 1 Year	Local/Imported
1	Plastic Resin (M60T)	МТ	13	Imported
2	Plastic Recycle (PP)	МТ	5	Local
3	Colour (Black)	Kg	55	Local
4	Colour (Orange)	Kg	90	Local
5	Colour (Sparkle White)	Kg	40	Imported
6	Plastic Resign (420M0)	МТ	4	Imported
7	Plastic Resign (6711)	MT	3	Imported
8	Colour (Blue)	Kg	40	Local
9	White Oil	Kg	400	Local

Table 3.7: Raw Material/Chemical Requirement



Plastic Resin Sample

Colour Sample

Figure 3.8: Raw Material Samples



Figure 3.9: Raw Material Storage Area

3.4.5 **Project Activities by Phases**

There are three phases: development phase, operation phase and abandonment phase. The developing phase, which has been completed and is not considered in this EMP. The project is currently in the operation stage, specifically at the operational level.

In the operational phase, the project involves purchasing raw materials and manufacturing finished products, with a focus on selling the finished products. Raw materials will be sourced both domestically and internationally, and will be transported to the factory through personal arrangements. The production of finished products will involve the use of equipment according to the production process, utilization of the labor force, and consumption of water, electricity, and fuel. Waste disposal will also be managed accordingly.

Abandonment process will be included after completion of permitted project period or termination of project by either operator; SACL or officials to ensure operator complying with enacted Myanmar laws and regulations.

3.4.6 Using Machineries and Equipment

The required machineries and equipment are imported from China and already installed in the factory area. List of machineries and machine layout plans are as below.

No.	Machine	A /11	054	Model	Serial No.	Unit	Total	Brand	Country
NO.	Name	A/U	Qty	No.	Senat No.	(KW)	(KW)	Name	of Origin
1.	Plastic	Unit	3	MA-	(201507047035225)	93.95	281.85	(Haitian)	China
	Injection			4700	(201507047035226)				
	Machine				(201507047035227)				
2.	Chiller 1	Unit	1	-	-	40.45	40.45	-	China
3.	Chiller 2	Unit	1	-	-	17	17	-	China

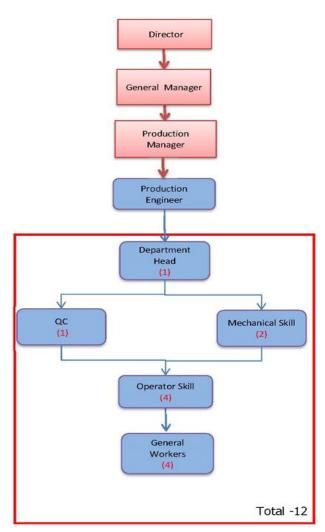
Table 3.8: List of Machineries and Equipment

Note: - Mini Chiller (2) is installed. One has a (100 L) mini tank and the other has a separate (1000 L) tank.

3.4.7 Number of Employee and Work Shift

To operate operation activities and by using Local human resources; local personnel manpower (12 nos.), of SACL in long term. Operation days of the factory are about 312 days per year (26 days per month). There is only one work shift for normal manufacturing operations, and the security personnel are divided into day/night shifts.

Permanent Man Power of the Project will be mainly for normal operation of the SACL and the working hours are 8 hours a day from 8:00am to 17:00pm. The minimum basic salary of the project is 144,000 Kyats and SACL will pay the tax for the employee; who earns 4,800,000 Kyat per annum and above, as defined by local authority of Taxation Department.



Organization Chart of Plastic Injection Moulding Machine



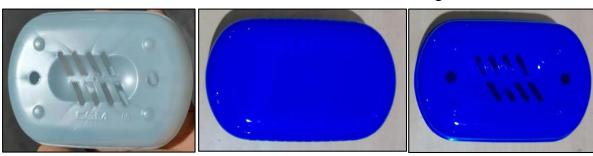
3.4.8 Products and Production Rate

The proposed project involves the establishment of a Plastic Injection and Molding Factory, which will produce approximately 26.338 Ton of plastic box, basket and Can with lid annually. This includes 4.38 Ton Cake Basket, 3.85 Ton 3liter Can & Lid (Set), 13.60 Ton Soap Box (Set) and 4.050 Ton 2.3 kg Bucket & Lid (Set). The finished products are store in the final products storage room. These products will be sold for domestic used only.

No.	ltem	Unit	Quantity		
			Per day	Per month	Per year
1.	Cake Basket	Ton	0.01534	0.39884	4.838
2.	3 liter Can & Lid (Set)	Ton	0.01232	0.32032	3.85
3.	Soap Box (Set)	Ton	0.04386	1.14036	13.60
4.	2.3 kg bucket & Lid (Set)	Ton	0.01305	0.339	4.050

Table 3.9: Production Rate





Soap Box

Figure 3.11: Product Samples



Figure 3.12: Final Product Storage Area

3.4.9 Manufacturing Process Flow

The manufacturing process of Plastic injection and molding is composed with 4 main stages before packaging and distribution. There are mixing, heating & melting, molding, and packing respectively.

Mixing: Mixing plastic raw material.

Heating and Melting: The molten plastic is injected into the mold cavity under high pressure. The plastic cools and solidifies in the shape of the mold.

Molding: The finished plastic items is ejected from the mold.

Finishing: Trimming: Remove any excess material or flash from the lids.

And then package the finished product for shipment. Distribute the product to customers or retailer

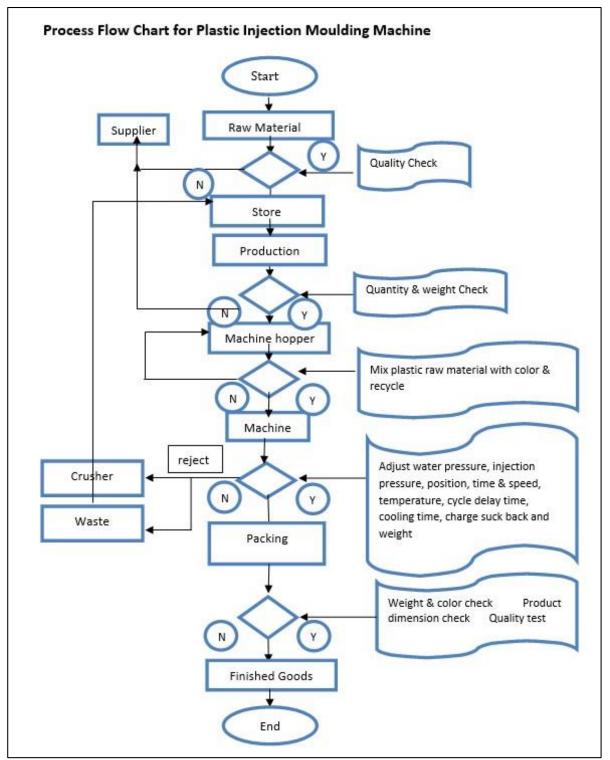


Figure 3.13: Flow Chart for Plastic Injection Molding Machine

3.4.10 Annual Water Requirement and Water Resource

Annual water consumption from project operation is domestic use only and water resources is ground water via tube-well within project preferred area made with local

authority permission. Ground water will be pumped out to upper storage tank for daily domestic usage whilst reserving for emergency usage for firefighting. Annual water consumption is estimated as follow and actual consumption will be updated in future routing (six monthly) Environmental Report to ECD.

Sr. No.	Water Usage Description	Annual		
51. NO.	Water Usage Description	Consumption		
1.	Domestic Usage for staff & visitor	50,000 gallons		
2.	Firewater Usage Reserved for Firefighting (Training &	10,000 gallons		
2.	Emergency)	10,000 gattoris		
	Total Water Required for Usage			



Figure 3.14: Water Storage Tank

3.4.11 Annual Electricity/Fuel Consumption

Annual power consumption from project operation is mainly from power supply source from National Power Line via installed private transformers under permission of Shwe Pyi Thar Region Power Supply Authority and consumed electricity will be counted monthly as unit for billing purpose.

No.	Power Consumption Source Description	Annual Consumption
1	Transformer 315 KVA (1 no.) for Normal	73000 KW
1.	operation	13000 KW

Table 3.11: Annual Average Power Consumption



Figure 3.15: Transformer

Annual fuel consumption from project operation and maintenance activity estimated majority which may come out from transportation activity by using vehicles as most consumption while other activities (i.e., fuel consumption for backup generator operation) may be considered low consumption as follows and actual consumption will be updated in future routing (six monthly) Environmental Report to ECD.

The fuel required for the generator is purchased from nearest fuel shop with the fuel supplier's transporting plan. The fuel is stored with 55 gallons two metal drums. The fuel storage tank is placed next to the generator placed, along with proper condition.

Sr.	Chemical/Fuel Description	Annual Consumption	
No.	Chemical/Fuel Description	Annual Consumption	
1.	Premium Diesel	100000 gallons	
2.	Gasoline (92/95 octane)	5000 gallons	
3.	Engine Oil/Gear Oil/Grease/Lubricant	300 gallons	

Table 3.12: Estimated Annual Chemical/Fuel Consumption (Unit – Gallon)



Figure 3.16: Fuel Storage near Generator

3.4.12 Generated Wastes from Project activities

The project: Plastic Injection and Molding Factory can generate plastic scrap waste from production process. And other small amount of general solid wastes, such food waste, cardboard, plastic wrap, etc., generated from operation activity will be separated into reusable and non-reusable materials and sell the recyclable materials to customers. Waste materials that cannot be reused are disposed at a landfill designated by the Yangon City Municipal Development Committee (YCDC) waste disposal site. The estimated amount of solid waste is described in below table.

Table 3.13: Estimated Amount of Generated Solid Waste (Daily/Monthly/Yearly)

Type of Waste	Amount		
	Daily	Monthly	Yearly
Plastc scrap (runners, sprues, flash, etc.)	2.5 kg	75 kg	1000 kg
Food waste	1.5 kg	41 kg	500 kg
Other (cardboard, plastic wrap, etc.)	1.4 kg	40 kg	500 kg



Figure 3.17: Plastic Scrap Waste Storage Area

Water are not needed to use in production process, therefore wastewater cannot be generated from production activities. Wastewater generated by the proposed project includes domestic and sanitary wastewater, those are monitored onsite before discharge into designated location within project area. Domestic wastewater has been filtered and sedimentation with sedimentation tank, and then discharging into municipal drainage. Septic tank system is onsite for sewage treatment within project area. SACL has to ensure the wastewater releases after treatment comply with NEQEG and YCDC practice standards.

Cr. No.	Wastewater	Average Qty - liters		
Sr. No.		Daily	Monthly	
1	Utility uses	50 gallons	1500 gallons	
2	Sewage	20 gallons	600 gallons	

Table 3.14: Estimated Wastewater Discharged Amount

The sedimentation tank is divided into 3 compartments. First, the waste water flows into the first compartment and settles, and pass through it, the waste water continues to flow to the next compartment. The waste water will continue to settle within the compartment and the excess surface water will be discharged through the outlet. The sedimentation tank is 12 .5 feet long 4.5 feet wide and 5.5 feet high, and that can be store about 2,000 gallons of wastewater. The details of waste water treatment and the process steps are shown in the figure below.

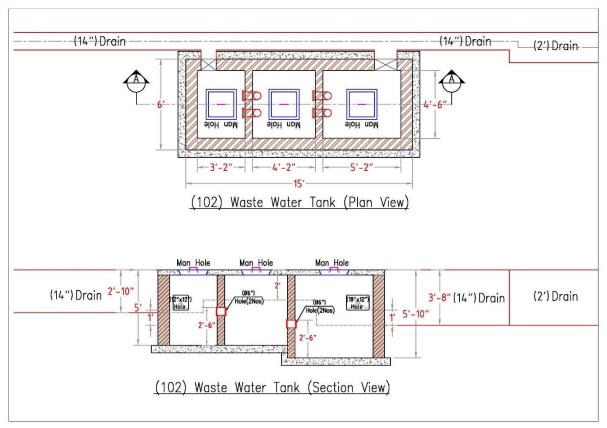


Figure 3.18: Sedimentation Tank Layout



Figure 3.19: Wastewater Drainage Outside Factory

No Hazardous wastes will be generated from the normal operation of SACL. But automotive waste and electronic waste are can be generated from maintenance of factory and transporting service. These wastes are collected with compatible container and store in the hazardous waste area before collecting by YCDC.

Sr. No.	Automotive waste/Electronic waste	Average Qty	
SI. NO.	Automotive waste/Electronic waste	Monthly	Annual
1	Automotive waste	15 liters	180 liters
	(Motor oil, Engine Oil, Antifreeze, etc.)		
2	Electronic waste (Lamp, batteries, etc.)	10 kg	120kg

4.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE SURROUNDING ENVIRONMENT

4.1 Defined Study Area

The Sweet Angel Plastic Injection Molding Factory is located at No.104, 7th Industry Street, 1 Ward, Shwe Pyi Thar Industrial Zone, Shwe Pyi Thar Township, Yangon Region, Myanmar. The factory is neighboring with eastern- Diesel King Company Limited, western- Kanaung Min Thar Gyi Street, North- 7th Industry Street.

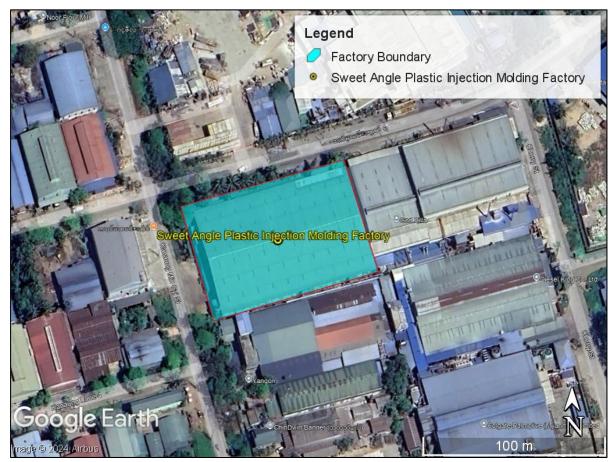


Figure 4.1: Surrounding Environment of the Plastic Injection Molding Factory

The study area is defined as a 110-meter radius circle centered around the project area. This encompasses the neighboring and immediate surrounding areas, including streets, lands, residential zones, and other physical, biological, and social environments. The study area allows for the assessment of both direct and indirect impacts resulting from the project's activities. Environmental Study Team was conducted a field survey within the study area to identify these impacts.

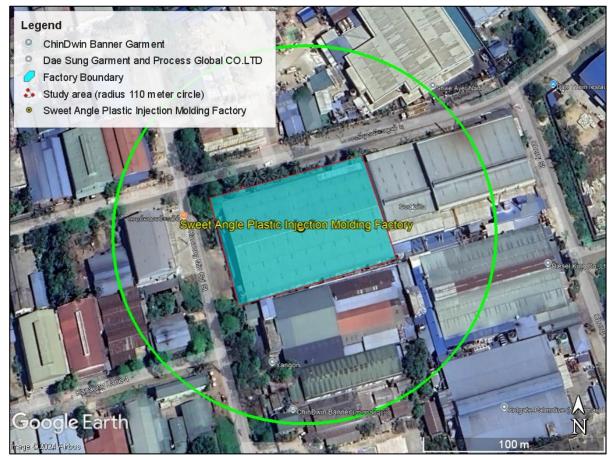


Figure 4.2: Study Area

4.2 Methodology and Objective of Data Collection and Assessment

Physical, biological, socio-eco, cultural baseline data within the study area was collected. This study aims to identify sensitive receptors in the assessment of impacts on physical resources, biological resources, human use values, and quality of life values. In collection of environmental and social information; primary data collection and secondary data collection were used.

(i) Primary Data Collection

Primary data such as water quality, air quality, noise level and, flora/fauna assessment has been conducted by field survey study in the project area. The results of existing environmental baseline qualities were compared with related guideline in this section. VOC) in the project area. **Digital noise level meter** was used for baseline data collection of noise emission from project activities. Flora/fauna information are collected by **walk through survey** and some are getting from **interview with local people.**

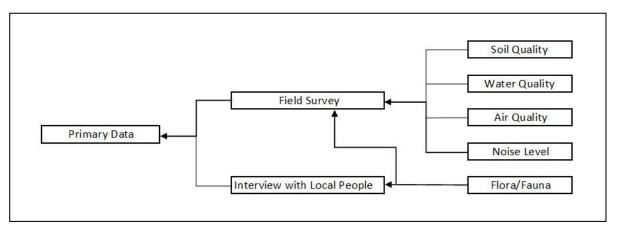


Figure 4.3: Methodology for primary data collection

(ii) Secondary data Collection

In this desktop study aim to gather existing data on the physical characteristics and socio-economic aspects of the study area that located in Shwe Pyi Thar Township. Our sources include secondary resources such as government profiles and relevant websites.

The information of topography, geology and soil, meteorology and climate, land use, natural disasters, and hydrology obtained from some research papers and Shwe Pyi Thar Township profile for 2023, the General Administrative Department. Additionally, socio-economic data related to population, education, health, religion/cultural heritage, and infrastructure services also gathered from the Shwe Pyi Thar Township profile for 2023 and other relevant government websites. These details are crucial for understanding the community.

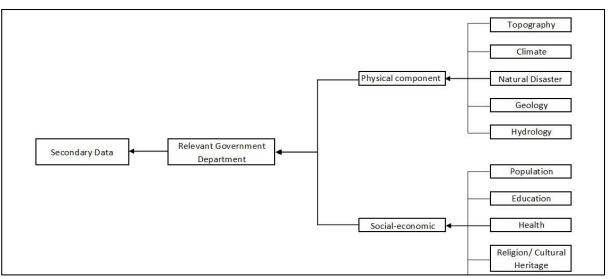


Figure 4.4: Methodology for secondary data collection

4.3 Existing Environmental Baseline Condition

Field survey has been done on July to monitor values of existing environmental quality; Water quality, Air Quality, Noise Level, etc., Main purpose of Existing environmental quality values monitoring is recording existing environmental quality values to include in impact assessment to surrounding environment from project activity. It's observed that the values (Air, Water, and Noise) are within general guidelines.

4.3.1 Water Quality

The principal objective of water quality monitoring program was to obtain quantitative baseline data for the area affected by the project activity, and impacts to environment. Generally, initial water quality monitoring will be all available water resources in the EMP stage and then after monitoring will be more on wastewater. The water quality data therefore provides the basic for quantitatively determining the followings:

- Water quality in the "existing" natural environment (upstream of the project area); and
- The effect caused by the construction of the project station on water quality (downstream of the project location).

Parameter	Analysis Method
Ammonia Nitrogen	Distillation Method
Arsenic	Colorimetric Method
BOD	5210 B 5 Days BOD Test (at 20 Degree Celsius)
Chloride	Argentometric Method
COD	Close Reflux, Titrimetric Method
Colour (True)	APHA Platin u m Cobalt Unit
Conductivity	Instrumental Analysis
Copper	Colorimetric Method
Dissolved Oxygen	Azide Modification of Iodometric Metric Method
Fluoride	SPADNS Method
Iron	Phenanthroline Method
рН	Instrumental Analysis
Sulphate	4500-504 E. Turbidimetric Method
Total Dissolved Solids	Instrumental Analysis
Total Hardness	EDTA Titrimetric Method
Total Solids	Calculation
Total Suspended Solids	Photometric Method
Turbidity	Instrumental Analysis
Zinc	Colorimetric Method

Brief descriptions of water surveys are shown in below Tables.

Sample No.	Water sample 1
Type of water	Wastewater
Date	5.9.2024
Collected Time	10:30pm
Examination Period	6.9.2024 to 11.9.2024
Location	from drainage
Latitude,	16°57'6.70"N,
Longitude	96° 5'38.30"E

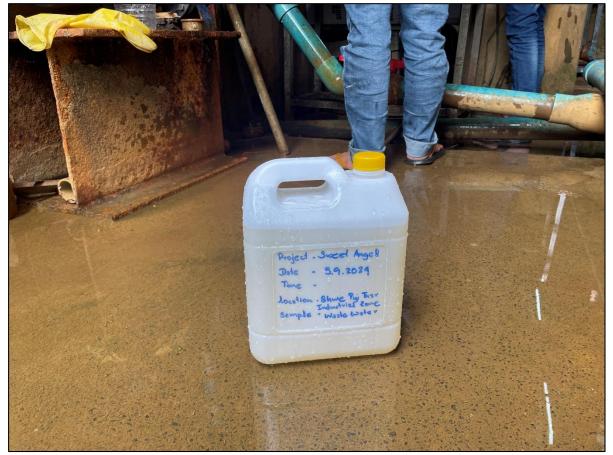


Figure 4.5: Wastewater sample location map

Using materials to collect water samples are shown in following table.

No.	Туре	Description	Remark
1	Water bottle	Water container	
2	Marker pen	To label about collected sample	
3	GPS Tracker	To record location points	CE CON

Table 4.3: Using material for water survey



Collected water samples are shown in below figures.

Figure 4.6: Water sample

The monitoring program outlined above began recording data in 6 September 2023. Wastewater sample was collected from only one station on 6 September 2023 by using **Grab Sampling Method**.

A garb sample is a discrete sample which is collected at a specific location at a certain point in time. Rinse the sampling vessel with water on site 3-4 times. Care must be taken to avoid contaminating water to be sampled during rinsing. Submerge the sampling vessel gently, fill it with the water sample and close it tightly. Location of each sampling station was recorded by GPS and photographed. Collected sample was labelled and sent to the laboratory. The waste water sample was sent to ISO Tech Laboratory for analysis. According to the results, the parameters pH, and COD are meet with National Environmental Qualities (Emission) Guideline 2015; Metal, Plastic and Rubber Products Manufacturing Standard

Parameter	NEQEG	Water Sample 1	Unit
Falameter	2.3.7.5	Wastewater	Onit
BOD	-	32	mg/l
COD	250	96	mg/l
Color	-	120	TCU
Conductivity	-	1030	mg/l
DO	-	6.8	mg/l
Nitrate	-	0.6	mg/l
рН	6-9	7.2	S. U
Phosphate	-	0.2	mg/l
Salinity	-	0.5	mg/l
Temperature	-	25	°C
Total solids	-	637	mg/l
Total Suspended Solid	-	122	
Turbidity	-	280	mg/l

 Table 4.4: Discharged water results compared with NEQEG 2015, 2.3.7.5

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ABORA oratory Technical Consultant: U Saw Christopher B.Sc Engg: (Civil),	r Maung Dip S.E(Delft) Lecturer of YIT	(Retd), Consultant (Y.C.D.C), LWSE 001	WTL-RE-0 Issue Date - 01-12-20		LABORATC Laboratory Technical Consultant: U Saw Christopher Maung B.Sc Engr. (Civil), Dip S.E(Deift)	Lecturer of YIT (Retd). Consu	ttant (Y.C.D.C), LWSE 001.	WTL-RE-001 Issue Date - 01-12-2012
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Dient Nature of Water	Sweet				Client	Sweet An	ngel	
.ocation		water (Outlet) Pyi Thar Industrial Zone			Nature of Water	Wastewa	ter (Outlet)	
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Turbidity	280	NTU			Temperature (°C)	25.0	°C	
Conductivity	1030				Fluoride (F)		mg/l	
Total Hardness	1050	micro S/cm			Lead (as Pb)		mg/l	
Calcium Hardness		mg/l as CaCO ₃	an, ta kala akaran manalan a sa sa sa	-	Arsenic (As)		mg/l	
Magnesium Hardness		mg/l as CaCO3	•		Nitrate (N.NO ₃)	0.6	mg/l	
Total Alkalinity	Convict and discounts	mg/l as CaCO ₃			Chlorine (Residual)		mg/l	e 15
Phenolphthalein Alkalinity		mg/l as CaCO ₃			Ammonia Nitrogen (NH ₃)	Section of the other states	mg/l	
Carbonate (CaCO ₃)		mg/l as CaCO3			Ammonium Nitrogen (NH ₄)		mg/l	
Bicarbonate (HCO ₃)		mg/l as CaCO ₃ - mg/l as CaCO ₃			Dissolved Oxygen (DO)	6.8	mg/l	
Iron	. ,	mg/i as CaCO3			Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	• 96	mg/l	
Chloride (as CL)		mg/i		- · ·	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)	32		
Sodium Chloride (as NaCL)					(5 days at 20 °C)	1000	mg/l	Ф.
Sulphate (as SO _d)		mg/l mg/l	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Cyanide (CN)		mg/l	
Total Solids	637	mg/l			Zinc (Zn)	1	mg/l	
Total Suspended Solids	122	mg/l		-	Copper (Cu)		mg/l	
Total Dissolved Solids	166	mg/l			Silica (SiO ₂)			
Manganese		mg/l		- 11			mg/l	
Phosphate	0.2	mg/l			Remark: This certificate is issued only for	r the receipt of the te	st sample.	
Phenolphthalein Acidity	U.E.	тgл		-	Tostad by			Anizon
Methyl Orange Acidity		тgл mgЛ			Signature:		Approved by	
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	hemistry)	Name:	B.E. (Civil)	int				
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Figure 4.7: Wastewater Sample analysis results

4.3.2 Air Quality

The Objectives of air quality monitoring are; to monitor the existing baseline air quality status of the proposed project area and to determine the potential air impact likely affected by proposed project. The findings present the baseline air quality measurements which were recorded per minute simultaneously in terms of 24-hours average.

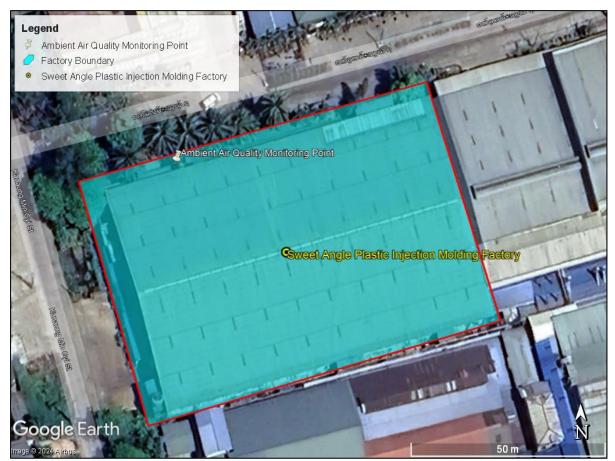


Figure 4.8: Air Quality Monitoring Location

Brief description of air quality monitoring program is shown in below.

Subject Air Quality Monitoring Program			
Parameter	O ₃ , CO, SO ₂ , NO ₂ , Relative Humidity		
Falameter	PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀ , VOC, Temperature		
Date	6 September 2024 to 7 September 2024		
Period	24 hours		

Table 4.5: Air Quality Monitoring Program

Location Point Latitude: 16°57'6.25"N, Longitude: 96° 5'36.78"E

Using materials for ambient air quality monitoring are shown in below table.

No.	Туре	Parameter & Range	Remark
1	EPAS Haz-scanner	Carbon monoxide	
	-Direct reading	Range: 0 to 10,000 ppb	*
	-Simultaneously monitor	Nitrogen Dioxide	
	PM and toxic gases	Range: 0 to 5,000 ppb	HAZ-SCANNER"
		Sulfur Dioxide	
		Range: 0 to 5,000 ppb	Wirelens Environmental Perimster Air Station
		PM ₁₀	
		Range: 0 to 5,000 ug/m ³	
2	Ozone meter	Detection data range:	
	-Electrochemical sensor	(0.000-5.000ppm)	
3	Air quality multimeter	Dust / PM _{2.5} :	
		Range: 0-500 ug/m ³	
		Accuracy: ±10%	
		Sampling cycle: 1 second	
		VOC:	
		Range: 0-10 ppm	
		Accuracy: ±10%	
		Sampling cycle: 1 second	MARIO -
		Temperature:	
		Range: -10-80 °C	
		Accuracy: ±0.3 °C	
		Sampling cycle: 2 second	
		Humidity:	
		Range: 0-100 RH%	
		Accuracy: ±3 RH%	

Table 4.6: Using materials for ambient air quality monitoring

		Sampling cycle: 2 second	
4	GPS Tracker	To record location points	Carlos and a second



Figure 4.9: Ambient Air Quality Monitoring at the Project Area

National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guideline designed as limits for protection of public health, welfare and environment were used to compare with the results of the baseline survey and to determine the existing baseline status of air quality at the locations within the proposed project area. Compared Ambient air quality results with National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guideline are as follow;

Parameter		1 General ion Levels	Ambient Air Quality Results		
Farameter	Averaging Period	Value	Averaging Period	Value	
Ozone	8-hours	100 µg/m ³	24 hours	0.001 μg/m ³	
Carbon monoxide	-	-	24 hours	82 μg/m ³	
Nitrogen dioxide	1 hour	200 µg/m³	24 hours	16.74 μg/m ³	
Sulphur dioxide	24 hours	20 µg/m ³	24 hours	8 μg/m ³	
VOC	-	100 mg/Nm ³	24 hours	0.01 mg/Nm ³	
PM ₁₀	24 hours	50 µg/m³	24 hours	45.86 μg/m ³	
PM _{2.5}	24 hours	25 µg/m³	24 hours	24.44 µg/m ³	
Relative Humidity	-	-	24 hours	62 %	

Table 4.7: Air Quality Monitoring Result (General Guidelines)

According to the above table, all results of the baseline survey indicate that the 24hours average levels of O₃, NO₂, SO₂, VOC, and PM₁₀, PM_{2.5} meet National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines: 1.1 General Air Emission Levels Guidelines Value.

4.3.3 Noise Level

Ambient noise levels are associated with Project Activity and natural elements i.e., wind, rains, and thunderstorms. Measurement of environmental noise level was conducted by Digital Noise Level Meter in 9 September 2024.

The noise level measured in the perimeter of the project area can provide the indication of the existing noise level of the area. There are no significant sources of vibration in the project area.

Date	Period	Subject	Latitude	Longitude	Location
9 September	24 hours	Noise Level	16°57'6.42"N	96° 5'37.56"E	Near factory
2024	24 hours	Measurement	16 57 6.42 N	96 537.56 E	fence

Table 4.8: Ambient Noise Level Measuring

Noise level measurement location point is shown in following Figure.



Figure 4.10: Noise level measurement location map

Using materials to measure noise level are shown in below table.

No.	Туре	Description	Remark
1	Digital Noise Meter	To measure ambient noise level	
2	GPS Tracker	To record location points	B

Table 4.9: Using materials for noise level measurement

Noise level in the project area is lower than NEQEG 1. General Guidelines, 1.3 Noise Value. Below Table shows ambient noise level at the project area compare with National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines; 1. General Guidelines, 1.3 Noise.

Date	Time	Average Result of	EQEG N	oise Level	Weight	Day/Night
Date	Time	Project Area	Daytime	Nighttime	weight	Day/Night
	09:05:30-10:05:00	58	70	70	A	Day
	10:05:30-11:05:00	60	70	70	А	Day
	11:05:30-12:05:00	59	70	70	A	Day
	12:05:00-13:05:00	59	70	70	A	Day
	13:05:30-14:05:00	59	70	70	A	Day
	14:05:30-15:05:00	60	70	70	A	Day
6 Sep	15:05:30-16:05:00	60	70	70	A	Day
2024	16:05:30-17:05:00	64	70	70	A	Day
2024	17:05:30-18:05:00	61	70	70	A	Day
	18:05:30-19:05:00	64	70	70	A	Day
	19:05:30-20:05:00	64	70	70	A	Day
	20:05:30-21:05:00	61	70	70	A	Day
	21:05:30-22:05:00	60	70	70	A	Day
	22:05:30-23:05:00	59	70	70	A	Night
	23:05:30-00:05:00	59	70	70	A	Night
	00:05:00-01:05:00	59	70	70	A	Night
	01:05:30-02:05:00	59	70	70	A	Night
	02:05:30-03:05:00	59	70	70	А	Night
7 Sep	03:05:30-04:05:00	59	70	70	A	Night
2024	04:05:30-05:05:00	59	70	70	А	Night
2024	05:05:30-06:05:00	60	70	70	A	Night
	06:05:30-07:05:00	58	70	70	A	Night
	07:05:30-08:05:00	58	70	70	Α	Day
	08:05:30-09:05:00	59	70	70	А	Day

Note: noise level results are in EQEG noise emission standard

4.4 Physical Characteristic

Physical characteristic of environment includes

- Topography
- Geology and soil
- Meteorology and climate
- Land use
- Natural Disaster
- Hydrology
- Erosion and sedimentation

4.4.1 Topography

Shwe Pyi Thar township is located between north latitude 16°56' to 17°6' and east longitude 96°4' to 96°12'. The township area is 25.76 square miles and length is 3.142 miles from east to west and 8.2 miles from south to north. Elevation of the township is average above 100-feet.

The township is bordered with Eastern– Mingalardon township and Hlawga Lake, Western – Hlaing River and Htantapin township, Southern – Insein township, and Northern – Hmawbi township. Hlawga watershed reserved forest; small highland mountains are situated in eastern part of township area. It gradually descends to the west and becomes flat plains.

(Refer: Shwe Pyi Thar Township profile 2023, General Administrative Department Information)

4.4.2 Geology and Soil

The study area is mainly covered by the Quaternary alluvium sediment. In Yangon area, the Quaternary Bed attains a considerable thickness (stratigraphically inferred 16 - 100 m) and from a hydrogeological point of view, a water bearing horizon lies between 40 – 80 m (Zaw Myo Oo – 2012).



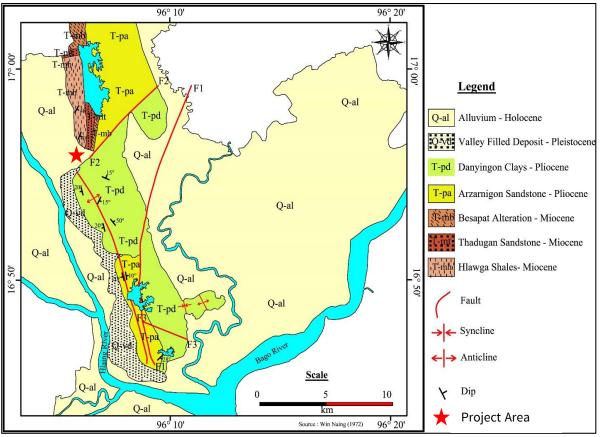


Figure 4.11: Geological Map of Greater Yangon Area

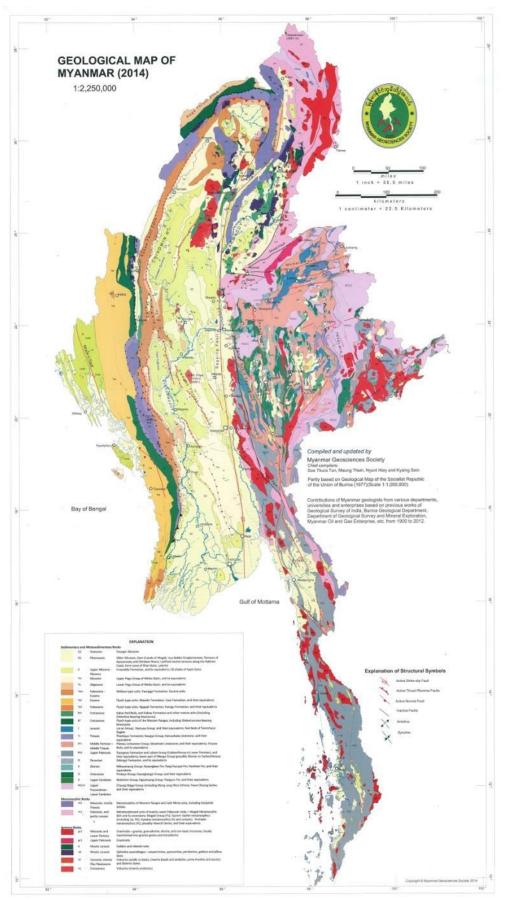


Figure 4.12: Geological Map of Myanmar

4.4.3 Meteorology and Climate

The tropical climate of Myanmar is characterized by a wet monsoon season from May to October and a dry season from November to April. Shwe Pyi Thar Township has hot and humid climate. Highest temperature is 39°C and lowest temperature is 15.5°C. Annual rainfalls and temperatures are shown in the following table.

		Rainf	fall	Tempe	rature
No.	Year	Year Rainy Day	Total Rainfall	Summer	Winter
			(inches)	Highest (°C)	Lowest(°C)
1	2013	107	87.78	34	30
2	2014	103	70.88	34	30
3	2015	106	84.91	34	30
4	2016	107	87.78	34	30
5	2017	116	85.89	34	30
6	2018	103	102.4	38	30
7	2019	97	92.8	38	30
8	2020	100	79.79	38	30
9	2021	88	81.56	38	30
10	2022	134	96.65	36	23
11	2023	-	-	39	27

Table 4.11: Rainfall and Temperature of Shwe Pyi Thar Township

(Refer: Shwe Pyi Thar Township profile 2023, General Administrative Department Information)

4.4.4 Land Use

The existing land use pattern of Shwe Pyi Thar Township according to General Administration Department data info (2023) is presented in below Table.

Sr. No.	Land use	Area in Acre
1	Agricultural land	1857
2	Vacant land	53
3	Pasture land	60
4	Industrial land	2617.83
5	Urban	8184.881
6	Rural	3569.892
7	Reserved Forest/Park	-
8	Wild Forest	-
9	Wild Land	-
10	Not agricultural area	2.40
11	Other	194.397
	Total	16486.41

Table 4.12: Land Use

(Refer: Shwe Pyi Thar Township profile 2023, General Administrative Department Information)

4.4.5 Natural Disaster

The Yangon Region has experienced Giri and Nargis Cyclones and also records of earthquake in history. Therefore, the potential natural hazards such as cyclone and earthquake should not be neglected around the study area.

No.	Туре	Frequency	Death/Missing (person)	Building Losses/Damage	Total Losses (million kyats)
1	Storm	-	-	-	-
2	Tsunami	-	-	-	-
3	Earthquake	-	-	-	-
4	Flood	-	-	-	-
5	Fire	18	-	House 13/ vehicle 2	430.30
6	Thunder	-	-	-	-

Table 4.13: Natural disaster occurred in Shwe Pyi Thar Township 2023

(Refer: Shwe Pyi Thar Township profile 2023, General Administrative Department Information)

4.4.6 Hydrology

Shwe Pyi Thar Township has lots of creek and river, and the most significant of which is the Hlaing River (WahTaYar River). That river is a fresh water river that can be used for agriculture and drinking. Boats and sampan can also travel in the river.

(Refer: Shwe Pyi Thar Township profile 2023, General Administrative Department Information)

4.5 Biological Characteristic

There is no Biodiversity Conservation Area, Protected Area and Historical Places in Shwe Pyi Thar Township. Nearest reserved forest is the Hlawga Reserved Forest which located in Mingalardon Township. The reserved forest is about 4 miles away from the project.



Figure 4.13: Distance Between the project and Hlawga Reserved Forest

Flora

Flora account is based on actual sighting. Big trees generally found in and around the project area include Malaysia padauk (Acacia auriculiformis), Thiho (Anacardiumoccidentale), Pwe-se-mezali (Cassia alata), Ngu (Cassia fistula), Ohn-pin

(Cocosnucifera), Sein-pan (Delonixregia), Kathit (Erythrina sp.), Eucalit (Eucalyptus albens), Pyinma (Lagerstroemia speciosa), Tha-yet (Mangiferaindica), Padauk (Pterocarpus macrocarpus), Khaye (Mimusopselengi), Ye ta ma (Polyathialongifolia), Kokko (Samaneasaman), and Banda (Terminaliacatappa).

Fruit tree species commonly met within the residential area include Guava (Psidiumguajava), Jackfruit (Artocarpusintegrifolia), Tamarind (Tamarindusindica) and Banana (Musa sapientum), Palm species like coconut (Cocosnucifera), Toddy (Borassusflabellifer) are common. Many common herbs like Khwe-thay-pan (Ageratum conyzoides), Pein (Colocasiaesculenta) and Hti-ka-yone (Mimosa pudica) are found in these areas. Climbers Kazun-ywet (Ipomoea aquatic) is common in the project area.

Fauna

Fauna account of fauna is based more on oral tradition or local knowledge than actual sightings. The list of birds sighted in the study area is *Corvus splendens* (House crow), *Corvus macrorhynchos* (Large-billed crow) and *Passer montanus* (Eurasian tree sparrow).

No.	Myanmar Name	Scientific Name	Common Name
1	Nga Tan	Pangasius hypophthalmus	Giant cat fish
2	Nga Zin Yaing	Mystusblythii	River cat fish
3	Puzun	Penaeus merguiensis	Banana Shrimp
4	Nga but	Wallago attu	Freshwater shark
5	Kakettit	Lates calcarifer	Giant sea bass
6	Ngaponna	Polynemus paradiseus	Mango fish
7	Ngapopthin	Johnius belangerii	Belangeri croaker
8	Ngakaungpwa	Pannahia macrophthlamus	Big head pennah
9	Nga Myint Chin	Labeo rohita	Rohu
10	Nga Phwel	Notopterus	Featherback
11	Nga Yant	Channa Striatus	Snack Head
12	Nga Ku	Charias batrachus	Common Cat Fish
13	Nga Kyi	Heteropneustes fossils	Scopion Cat Fish

Table 4.14: List of fish found in the project area

14	Nga Nu Than	Ompok pabo	Sheat fish
15	Tilabiya	Oreochromis spp:	Mouth breeder
16	Nga Kone Ma	Puntius gonionotus	Barb

4.6 Socio-Eco Characteristic

Shwe Pyi Thar township was composed with 23 quarters, 4 village tracts and 5 villages. The township is an economically developed township and most of people living in the township are mainly work in industrial and craft works.

4.6.1 Economic Development and Infrastructure

There is four industrial zone in the township. Other small industries are scattering in the township. Below table show factories which located in Shwe Pyi Thar Township.

No.	Туре	No. of Factories				
NO.	туре	Zone 1	Zone 2	Thardukan	WahTaYar	
1	Garment	34	5	20	14	
2	Food	47	15	8	8	
3	Consumer Goods	61	6	9	13	
4	Building materials	13	2	6	7	
5	Electrical appliances	3	-	1	-	
6	Forestry products	13	1	1	4	
7	Chemical	2	-	-	-	
8	Paper and Stationary	5	1	1	-	
9	Machinery Equipment	9	1	1	-	
10	Aquatic Product/cold room	3	2	1	-	

Table 4.15: Factories in Shwe Pyi Thar Township

(Refer: Shwe Pyi Thar Township profile 2023, General Administrative Department Information)

4.6.2 Occupation and Income

Average per capital income is estimated about 3,074,520 kyats in 2022-2023 according to 2023 Shwe Pyi Thar Township report, General Administration Department. The unemployment rate in the township is 8.35% (aged group- over 18years) and below Table shows number of employed people by occupation.

No.	Occupation	No. of employed people
1	Government staff	37525
2	Service worker	28870
3	Agricultural worker	993
4	Livestock worker	3010
5	Sales worker	41965
6	Craft & industrial worker	800
7	Fishery worker	54
8	Casual worker	62515
9	Other	314320

 Table 4.16: Number of employed people by occupation

(Ref: Shwe Pyi Thar Township report 2023, General Administration Department)

4.6.3 Education

Yangon Computer University is located in the Township. Matriculation pass rate in 2021-2022 was 43.86 % and the literacy rate is 97.96%. The enrolment rate for school-age children was 96%. Basic educational schools in the Township area according to General Administration Department data info (Sept 2023) as in follow:

- Five Basic Education High Schools
- Five Basic Education Sub-High Schools
- Eight Basic Educational Middle Schools
- Thirty-one Basic Educational Post Primary School
- Eleven Basic Education Primary Schools
- One Nursery School
- Twelve Monasteries base schools

4.6.4 Health

There is one hospital called Shwe Pyi Thar General Hospital (35 bedded). Two rural health division and a lot of clinics are operated with good healthcare system within the township. Common health disease usually happened in the township area is brief as below.

Mala	aria	Diarr	heal	Tubero	ulosis	Dyser	ntery	Нера	titis
Cause	Dead	Cause	Dead	Cause	Dead	Cause	Dead	Cause	Dead
-	-	508	-	-	-	9	-	-	-

Table 4.17: Common health disease usually happened in Shwe Pyi Thar Township
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(Refer: Shwe Pyi Thar Township profile 2023, General Administrative Department Information)

4.6.5 Religion and Cultural Heritage

Above 94.66 percent of the people lived in the township are Buddhists. There is 3 Pagoda, 286 Monastery, 42 Nunnery, 3 Church, 1 Mosque, in Shwe Pyi Thar Township. Distinct pagodas and monastery are show in below Table.

Table 4.18: Distinct pagoda in Shwe Pyi Thar Township

No.	Name of Pagoda/Monastery	Location
1	Myo Oo Pagoda	No.6 Ward
2	Thardukan Pagoda	Oak Pho Village Tract
3	Min Bandu Pagoda	No.23 Ward
4	Yan Kon Monastery	No.6 Ward

(Refer: Shwe Pyi Thar Township profile 2023, General Administrative Department Information)

Hlawga National Park is an open zoo in Myanmar's Yangon Region, covering 6.23 km²(2.41 sq mi) that was established in 1982. It was created to protect evergreen, mixed deciduouss and swamp forest and for environmental education. Located in Mingaladon Township, it is jointly managed by the Nature and Wildlife Conservation Division and private enterprises. The nature park is close to Yangon and includes an 818-acre (313 hectare) wildlife park, a 62-acre (25-hectare) mini-zoo and a 660-acre (267-hectare) buffer zone.

5.0 SCREENING OF POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT AND

MITIGATION MEASURES

The objective of screening of potential impact is to identify risks and to measure associated impacts which may arise from project activities based on analysis of collected data information and desktop brainstorming study to find suitable way to eliminate, control or mitigate the risk to environment.

The study area of the project will cover the operation area within rented land area. The areas will be used to identify sensitive receptors in the assessment of impacts on physical resources, biological resources, human use values, and quality of life values. Examples of sensitive receptors are schools, temples, water resources, industrial areas, etc.

In Identifying and evaluate of negative impact of the proposed project, potential negative impacts of the project period phase were identified and their impact on the environment and socio-economic impacts was assessed. During an inspection of the site in environmental field surveying, some of these sources of potential environmental effects are found the following:

Facts of Potential Environmental Impacts	Description
Energy Cosumption	power(electrical) consumption for machinery and
	Lighting
Raw Materials Consumption	plastic materials
Gases Emission	dust, fumes, VOC, CO, CO ₂
Noise Emission	running machineries and sometime generator running
Water Consumption	domestic water using by employees
Wastewater Discharging	discharging of domestic wastewater from washing and
	toilet usage by employees

 Table 5.1: Sources for Potential Environmental Impacts

General Solid Waste	plastic pieces, paper, cardboard, food waste, domestic
	waste
Hazardous waste	machine oil, engine oil, lubricants and residual fuel

During the development, operation and abandonment phase of a project, there may be significant and non-significant impacts on the environment and socio-economics according to the activities of the project. The environmental and socio-economic impacts of the project during construction, operation and decommissioning are identified as follows:

Potential Impacts				
Impact on humans	Environmental Impacts	Discharging/Emission		
Social	Air	Solid waste		
Health	Water	Liquid waste		
Economic	Soil	Emission gas		
Disaster	Noise/Vibration	Hazardous waste		

5.1 Identification and Assessment of Potential Environmental Impacts

Identification and assessment of potential environmental impacts which may outcome from the proposed project are listed as below: -

Activity	Findings			
Development Phase (1 Year) (Completed)				
Location	Cleared land acquisition Locate outside protected areas and inside industrial zone Land rented under agreement.			
Design	It had already designed effectively to construct as layout plan within rented land area (industrial zone)			
Construction	SACL followed YCDC instruction in waste management			

Table 5.2: Findings

Activity	Findings				
	And the building had already construsted				
Installation	SACL followed YCDC instruction in waste management				
	Used Soundproof Generator and Less Sulphur Content Diesel &				
	operate at Day time.				
	Worked at Day time only				
Operation (20 Ye	Operation (20 Year) (Ongoing process)				
Operation	Following YCDC instruction in waste management				
	Complying to be under NEQEG parameter level in wastewater				
	discharging, air and noise emission				
	Complying the existing Myanmar Laws and rules				
	Using Soundproof Generator and Less Sulphur Content Diesel &				
	operate at Day time.				
	Working at Day time only				
	Fire Safety System, Security System, Social Welfare Program, CSR				
	Program and Occupational Safety Plan in place				
Maintenance	Following YCDC instruction in waste management				
	Using Soundproof Generator and Less Sulphur Content Diesel &				
	operate at Day time.				
	Working at Day time only				
Abandonment (3	month to 1 Year) (TBA)				
Dismantling &	Plan to follow YCDC instruction in waste management				
Demolition	Plan to use Soundproof Generator and Less Sulphur Content Diesel &				
	operate at Day time.				
	Plan to work at Day time only				
Termination of	Plan to compensate according to Myanmar Labor Law				
permanent					
staff					

SACL keens to implement in Environmental management & monitoring programs in accordance with official approved EMP for the proposed project

5.2 Environmental Impact Assessment of each three phase (Development, Operation

and Abandonment) of the project period.

The assessment of situation of potential negative impacts depending on each three phases (Development, Operation and Abandonment) of the project period is as follow.

No.	Project Phase	Performance Objective	Impact (Yes/No)	Note
1	Development	Land acquisition and	No	Within the existing
	•	resettlement		industrial zone
		Construction	No	Completed building
		Facility Installation	No	Installation of necessary
				machineries has already
				been installed
2	Operation	Raw materials Storage	Yes	Storage of plastic raw
				materials
		Operation of Plastic	Yes	Installation by combining of
		Items Production		manpower and machineries
		Product	Yes	Transportation by vehicles
		Transportation		
3	Abandonment	Uninstallation of	No	Uninstallation of facilities
		Facilities		and machineries from
				assembly of vehicles
				operation project
		Dismantling and	Yes	Possibility of grievances
		Retirement /		
		Termination of		
		employees		
		Demolition work	No	Reinstate buildings

Table 5.3: Environmental Impact Assessment of Each Phase of the Proposed Project

There will be included Land clearance, Construction the buildings and Installation of necessary facilities and machines in development phase.

Land clearance: There is no need to clear the land as the proposed project site is located in the existing industrial zone.

Construction the building: Main buildings have already been built so there is no need to build for more.

Installation of facilities and machines: Necessary facilities and equipment for Assembly and Installation have already been finished.

In the case of this project there are no impacts that can be said to result from the development phase due to the above activities.

5.2.2 Operation Phase

During the operation stage, products will be produced and there will be include storage of raw materials, plastic items production processes, products storage and transportation.

Storage of raw materials: In plastic items production operation, the necessary raw materials will be stored in the warehouse. In such storage, it is found that there is a risk of fire incident due to flammable materials.

Production Process: In the process of production of plastic item products, it is found that there is a small risk of air, noise and accidental injury impact.

Products transportation: After the plastic item products are finally produced, products transportation will be carried out by vehicles from the factory. In this case, it is found that there may be a traffic jam and accident impact.

Storage of plastic item products: It is found that there is no impact to the environment because this process is the final products for sale are stored in warehouse.

5.2.3 Abandonment Phase

There will be included Removing/Uninstallation and storing equipment installed in the project, Retirement/Termination of employees and Demolition work of buildings in abandonment phase.

- **Removing/Uninstallation and storing equipment installed in the project:** It is found that there is no impact due to this removing/uninstallation and storing equipment installed in the project.
- **Retirement/Termination of employees:** It has been found there will have a negative impact on the socio-economic due to dismantling the project and retirement/termination of employees.
- **Demolition work of buildings:** It is found that there is no impact to environment because the buildings are reinstate/reusable and do not need to be demolished

5.3 Assessment of Environmental and Socio-economic Impacts due to Potential Negative Impact Activities

In accordance with the impact ranking system, summary of Environmental and Socioeconomic Impact are described for the operation activities with potential to significantly impact the environment are outlined in following Table.

			Potential Negativ	e Impact Activities	
Sector	Types of Identified Potential Impacts	Raw Materials Storage	Manufacturing of Plastic Items Operation Process	Products Transportation	Retirement/ Termination of employees during the dismantling period
Air	Emission of pollution gas	-	-	1	-
	Emission of particulate matter	-	-	-	-
	Noise	-	-	1	-
	Vibration	-	-	-	-
	Odor	-	1	-	-
Water	Surface water pollution	-	2	-	-
	Ground water pollution	-	-	-	-
	Surface water shortage	-	-	-	-
	Ground water shortage	-	2	-	-
Soil	Degraded soil quality	-	-	-	-
	Soil toxicity	-	-	-	-
	Soil pollution	-	-	-	-
	Soil erosion	-	-	-	-
Light	Light pollution	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4: Environmental and Socio-Economic Impact Assessment of Project Activities

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Biodiversity and ecosystems	Degradation of tree and forest	-	-	-	-
	Degradation of wildlife	-	-	-	-
Socio-economic	Loss of land and housing	-	-	-	-
	Difficulty of getting around	-	-	-	-
	Loss of employment and income	-	-	-	4
	Difficulty of drinking water	-	-	-	-
	Fire accident	2	1	-	-
	Accidental injury	1	1	1	-
	Health impact	-	-	-	-
	Social conflict	-	-	-	1
	Loss of visual landscape	-	-	-	-
	Loss of recreation place	-	-	-	-
	Loss of ancient cultural heritage	-	-	-	-

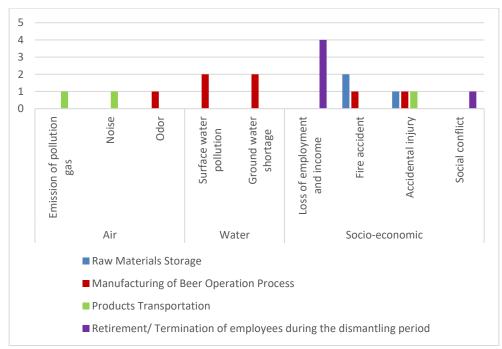


Figure 5.1: Summary of Environmental and Socio-Economic Impact Assessment Chart

It is found that there will be nine types of impacts due to the implementation of four types of project activities that may have potential negative impact of the project such as storage of raw materials, manufacturing of plastic items operation process, products transportation and retirement /termination of employees during the dismantling period. In nine types of impacts, it is found that eight types are Negligible and Low impacts and one of them is Critical impact.

5.3.1 Air

Emission of pollution gas, emission of particulate matter, noise and vibration may be possible in manufacturing and product transportation operation process due operating by combination of manpower and machineries but it is found that there will be only impact inside the project and they are Negligible.

5.3.2 Noise

Noise emission is from vehicle movement and especially from the operation of heavy equipment such as compressor, generator, and other vibrating machines. During the operation phase, noise emission is caused due to running machines, transportation of raw materials and products and other production process activities, operation of heavy equipment such as compressors, diesel generators, pumps, and motors. The maintenance workshop could be the major sources of noise pollution. But it is found that there will be only impact inside the project and these are not much impact to the workers and surrounding environment because of using the engineering control of factory building design and using modernized machines. The noise level results from equipment manufacturers are accessible and .negligible.

5.3.3 Water

The potential impacts of surface water pollution and ground water shortage may be possible due to manufacturing of plastic items operation process because water consumption in domestic use of employees and generating of waste water from proposed project. But it is found that they are Low impact.

The water will be consumed not only the ground water source but also YCDC supply water and the tube well will be drilled under the permission of relevant authority in order to prevent the ground water shortage. For the prevention of surface water pollution, the wastewater sedimentation tank is placed in onsite of factory and all of the generated wastewater from the proposed project is sediment prior before discharging into the industrial drainage system.

5.3.4 Socio-economic

Among the types of impacts under the socio-economic sector, it is found that loss of employment and income will be only possible once at the time of project dismantling but it is need to provide assistance such as finding a replacement job, making compensation for loss, providing support and help etc., in a transparent manner in accordance with the Myanmar labor law because it is in critical impact level.

It must be performed such as wearing personal protective equipment in working, providing employees skills training, installation of firefighting equipment and providing necessary firefighting training in order to prevent fire accident and accidental injury in operating of raw material storage, manufacturing of plastic items and product transportation processes.

5.4 Methodology of Screening of Potential Risk and Impact

5.4.1 Significance and Environmental Impact Assessment

Once an environmental impact is identified, the significance must be assessed before an attempt can be made to mitigate negative environmental impacts, the ultimate aim of the EIA process. The steps involved in the assessment involve the following steps:

Step 1: Identify activity;

- Step 2: Identify environmental aspect;
- Step 3: Identify environmental impact;
- Step 4: Assess significance of environmental impact.

In this study, terminology that was used in assessing the significance of an environmental impact is defined in following Table.

Category	Terminology		Definition
Scoring of	Frequency	Continuous - 5	Uninterrupted or on daily basis
Impact		Frequent - 4	More than 10 times or > 50%
		Infrequent - 3	Between 5 – 10 times or > 10%
		Rare - 2	Less than 5 times or < 10%
		Single Event - 1	Single Event in a project period
		Certain - 1	Impact possibility estimated to be 100%
		Likely - o.75	Impact possibility estimated as > than 50
	Likelihood		but < 100%
		Unlikely - 0.35	Impact possibility estimated as > than 20
			but < 50%
		Improbable - 0.1	Impact possibility estimated as greater
		Not credible/	than zero but < 20%.
		probable - 0	Zero estimated possibility of impact
		Very low - 1	Parameter < 10 % limit criterion
		Low - 2	Parameter 10 – 50 % limit criterion
	Magnitude	Medium - 3	Parameter 50 – 100 % limit criterion
	(2)	High- 4	Parameter 100 – 200% limit criterion
		Very High - 5	Parameter > 200 % limit criterion
Potential		Negligible < 2	Frequency x Likelihood x Magnitude
Significance		Low – 2 - 4	
	Significance	Medium – 5 - 9	
		High - 10 -16	
		Critical - 17+	
Description	Extent	Local	Less than 2 km.
of Impact		Regional	More than 2 km, and within Myanmar
(NOT			Continental Shelf
SCORED)		National	Impact to shore activities
		International	Beyond Myanmar Continental Shelf

 Table 5.5: Terminology Used to Describe and Assess Environmental Impacts

	Duration	Short	Within project period (30 + 60 days)
		Medium	Not more than 6 months after the project
			period
		Long	Greater than 6 months
Type of	Action	Direct	Impact caused solely by activities within
Impact			the scope of the project
		Indirect	Impact caused by activities partly outside
			the scope of the project.

All terms are characteristics of the impact (s). For example, duration refers to duration of impact, not the activity causing it.

5.4.2 Environmental Impact Evaluation

The significance of each impact is the product of Frequency x Magnitude x Likelihood of the Impact Occurring ranking is divided into five orders of significance, CRITICAL, HIGH, MEDIUM, LOW and NEGLIGIBLE as shown in below Tables.

Existing engineering control, standard procedures and standard specification that have been in place as mitigation measures to reduce associated impact or risk were also considered in the impact assessment.

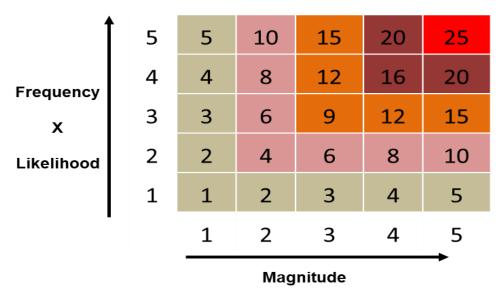


Table 5.6: Environmental Impact Evaluation Criteria Table

Score	Significance
(Frequency x Likelihood x Magnitude)	Significance
≥ 17	Critical
11 - 16	High
6 - 10	Medium
2 - 5	Low
<2	Negligible

Table 5.7: Environmental Impact Significance

For example, the impact category following an accidental event may be minor (2), but the probability of the event to occur may be medium (3) so the environmental risk for the event would be (6) and the risk ranking would be medium

5.5 Summary of Mitigation Actions Required for Proposed Project Activities with

Significant Environmental Impacts (Low, Medium, High and Critical)

Based on the assessment of potential environmental impact, there is no activity identified having significant (HIGH and CRITICAL) adverse environmental impacts. They are either LOW or NEGLIGIBLE after taking into account specific engineering design features. However, in line with Myanmar Environmental Law & Regulation requirement and good industrial practices, a number of actions have been prescribed to ensure continual environmental management improvement.

The summary of those activities and their respective required actions and person responsible is presented in below Table.

No.	Category/Aspect	Impact	Actions Required to mitigate impact	Person	Timing
		Significance		Responsible	
(A)	Project Operation (Plastic Cover Lid Pro	duction)			
1	Noise from Power Generator / Gas	L	1. To use sound proof type	Project	Throughout
	Turbine / Air Compressor operation		2. To plan Routine maintenance to	Manager	the
			minimize downtime		operation
			3. To monitor and record ambient		period
			sound level regularly		
2	Domestic wastewater and operational	L	1. Carry out necessary treatment	Project	Throughout
	produced water		system on domestic water and	Director	the project
			produced water from operational		period
			activities prior to dispose off		
			2. Regular water quality monitoring		
			program		
3	Fuel and Oil Spill at fuel and	L	1. To store at designated fuel and	Project	Before
	chemicals Storage area		chemical storage area	Director	Development
			2. To construct storage area with		operation
			secondary containment system and		
			fencing		
			3. Only identified fuel and chemicals		Once a

No.	Category/Aspect	Impact	Actions Required to mitigate impact	Person	Timing
		Significance		Responsible	
			with relevant MSDS/CSDS to be		month
			stored separately to avoid any		during
			oxidation / reaction		operation
			4. Regular inspection and recording as		Before
			of monthly basic		Development
					operation
4	Social conflict between local people	Negligible	Corporate social responsibility program	Project	Throughout
	and project workforce		1. Create opportunity for the local	Director	the project
			community to work at project		period
			2. Enhance in health care of local		
			community with providing		
			necessary medical assistance to		
			local people		
			3. Enhance education sector		
			development for local community in		
			providing with school buildings,		
			equipment and tools, scholarship		
			program for students, etc.		
			4. Respect traditional custom each		

No.	Category/Aspect	Impact	Actions Required to mitigate impact	Person	Timing
		Significance		Responsible	
			 other and support to the local community, 5. Providing necessary training to people 6. Actively participating and sponsoring in local religious events and activities 7. Always inform, get advice and agreement from local authority and local community leader prior to 		
5	Hazardous waste management	Negligible	 precede the project activities. Segregate waste type Monitor the quantity of each type of hazardous waste using waste consignment note Return recyclable waste e.g., waste paint, solvent, chemicals, drilling fluids, etc. to supplier Recycle waste used oil 	-	Throughout the project period

No.	Category/Aspect	Impact	Actions Required to mitigate impact	Person	Timing
		Significance		Responsible	
			5. Dispose non-recyclable waste to		
			YCDC	HSE	
			6. Audit on the waste management at	Representative	
			project worksite and the supplier's /		
			YCDC's waste disposal site		
6	Fuel and chemicals spill during	Negligible	1. To obtain fuel and chemicals	Project	Before
	transfer		transfer procedure from contractor	Director	Development
			2. To verify personnel has been given		operation
			training to transfer fuel and		
			chemicals safely		Before
			3. To ensure volume of fuel and		Development
			chemicals transfer is not more than		operation
			maximum allowable of the storage		
			capacity		During the
			4. To ensure supply vehicle has in place		fuel and
			an oil spill response plan and oil spill		chemicals
			response capability		transfer
7	Air Pollution from Operation of	Negligible	1. Use of low Sulphur diesel that are	Project	Prior to
	standby diesel generators		readily available in the market	Director	commence

No.	Category/Aspect	Impact	Actions Required to mitigate impact	Person	Timing
		Significance		Responsible	
			2. Regular air quality monitoring		project
			program		activity
8	Non-hazardous solid waste	Negligible	1. To follow YCDC instruction and	Transport	Throughout
	management (e.g., earth, plastics,		notification on construction waste	Supervisor &	the project
	etc.)		2. Segregate and reuse to maximize	Driver	period
			usage as much as possible		
			3. Dispose non-reusable waste to		
			appropriate/approved recycling		
			Center or dumping ground defined		
			by YCDC		
			4. Monitor the quantity of each type of		
			non-hazardous waste using waste		
			register		
9	Kitchen and Sanitary Waste	Negligible	1. To develop Waste management	Project	Before
			procedure	Director	operation
			2. Food waste to be optimized by		
			feeding farm animals as part of wise		
			waste management		Throughout
			3. Sewage will be discharged using		the project

No.	Category/Aspect	Impact	Actions Required to mitigate impact	Person	Timing
		Significance		Responsible	
			septic tank		period
			4. Routine inspection and monitoring		
			of discharging area and feeding		
			practice		
10.	Social conflict between local villager	Negligible	1. Corporate social responsibility	Project	Throughout
	and project workforce		program	Manager	the project
			2. Create opportunity to work at		period
			project		
			3. Enhance in health and education		
			sector development for local		
			community		
			4. Develop sustainable social life		
(B)	Project Abandonment (Plastic Cover Lid	Production)		·	
1	Movement of project cargo vehicle	М	1. Optimize transportation facility.	Project	Throughout
			2. Assign vehicle & driver minimum	Director	the project
			one day ahead. Conduct Morning	Transport	Daily
			safety briefing	Supervisor	
			3. Vehicle inspection & report		
			immediately if any anomaly	Vehicle Driver	Every

No.	Category/Aspect	Impact	Actions Required to mitigate impact	Person	Timing
		Significance		Responsible	
			observed. Select route & time to		morning &
			minimize disturbance to other road		before drive
			users		
			4. To follow YCDC instruction and		
			notification on construction project		
			vehicle		
2	Waste, Dust, & Noise from Demolition	L	1. All wastes inside project area to	Contractor	Daily during
			clear and send designated location		land clearing
			under supervision and approval by		period
			YCDC		
			2. Excavated ground soil to use inside		
			project area for levelling the ground		
			and only extra soil to send		
			designated location using safe		
			transportation system as per YCDC		
			instruction		
			3. To wash down the truck		
			contaminated with muds using for		
			waste transport prior to move in		

No.	Category/Aspect	Impact	Actions Required to mitigate impact	Person	Timing
		Significance		Responsible	
			and out.		
			4. To operate using sound proof type		
			machine at only daytime when		
			background noise is high		
3	Waste, Dust, Noise, from	L	1. To follow YCDC instruction and	SACL Assigned	Throughout
	Superstructure		notification on construction waste	Contractor	project
			2. Segregate and reuse to maximize		period
			usage as much as possible		
			3. Dispose non-reusable waste to		
			appropriate/approved recycling		
			Center or dumping ground defined		
			by YCDC		
			4. All waste generated from		
			construction to collect, record, and	Truck Driver	
			dispose at YCDC designated location		
			5. The truck using for waste transport		
			to wash down all contaminated		
			muds prior to move in and out.	Project	Daily
			6. To operate using sound proof type	Director	

No.	Category/Aspect	Impact	Actions Required to mitigate impact	Person	Timing
		Significance		Responsible	
			machine at only daytime when		
			background noise is high	Project	
			7. To use proper scaffolding and cover	Director	Throughout
			net for the high rise building which		the project
			complying with YCDC instruction		
5.	Social conflict between employee and		1. Create ways for another work	SACL	Throughout
	project investor		2. Follow the labour law		the project
			3. Enhance of related social welfare		
			program		
			4. Compensate according to contract		
			and law		
			5. Develop sustainable social life		

5.6 Cumulative/Residual Impact Assessment

The proposed project is manufacturing of plastic items operation project and the project will be operated out only within the industrial zone, so it is found that there will be no significant impact and residual impact on the environment and human beings due to the project operation activities. It has been found that there are no possible significant negative impacts when the project itself is not very significant and different types of projects or areas are combined with current or potential impacts of projects operating in the same area.

5.7 Summary of Potential Impacts and Mitigation Measures

SACL Plastic Injection Molding Factory Project is carried out in operation phase with operation & maintenance activities include SACL plastic items production mentioned in Section – 3. Environmental risks which may come out from its normal operation are generation of domestic general solid waste and domestic wastewater only. Most of the potential impacts associated with normal operation of the SACL relate to the storage and disposal of wastes. A waste management plan in complying with standing instruction under Yangon City Development Committee, YCDC.

Decommission/Closure/Post Closure activities may include de-installation of facilities and housekeeping together with reinstatement activities according to agreement between landlord and SACL. There will be no environmental impact due to nature of and Environmental risks which may come out from its closure of are generation of domestic general solid waste and domestic wastewater only. However, there will be social impact to the employee working at SACL and therefore it is requirement to comply with existing Myanmar rules & regulations, and procedures & standing instruction especially for the employee has been included.

5.8 Mitigation Measures

Necessary mitigation measures must be identified and implemented in order to mitigate potential environmental impacts or to prevent it from happening at all. The mitigation measures are implemented which complying with existing Law, Rules & Regulations, Procedures, Orders & Guidelines. And it is also necessary to perform corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities of businesses and develop local communities.

The mitigation measures according to the impact are presented detail in the following table and will be implemented under the leadership of the project manager / general manager.

Summary of Environmental Impact and Mitigation Measures are described for the operation activities with potential to significantly impact the environment are outlined below in below.

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Impacted Sector	Sources of	f impacts	Mitigation Measures	Responsib	le Person
Air	operation of fuel of	consumed >	Regular maintenance of machineries equipment and use	Project	officer/
	machineries and e	equipment	of high-quality fuel	General ma	nager
		\succ	Management to minimize fuel consumption		
	Particulate matter	r from production	Setting the closing building system not to emit outside	Project	officer/
		\triangleright	Regular matainence of machineries	General ma	nager
	Noise from operat	tion process >	Operating inside the building enclosure	Project	officer/
		\triangleright	Working at day time and avoiding of working at night	General ma	nager
Water	Discharge of wast	e water 👂	Construction of small water filter tanks	Project	officer/
		\triangleright	Install waste water equipment and if required to	General ma	nager
			discharge of in accordance with the guidelines		
		\triangleright	Management to minimize the water consumption		
Soil impact/	Spilled out and di	isharge of used oil 🛛 ≽	Systematic disposal at designated disposal site area	Project	officer/
erosion	and liquid	\triangleright	Storage in concrete enclosures	General ma	nager
	Water erosion	>	Implementing of good water flow drainage system and	Project	officer/
			drains	General ma	nager
Socio-	Loss of employme	ent and income	Compensation/pension in accordance with the law at	Project	officer/
economic			the closure of project	General ma	nager
		\triangleright	finding replacement job for employees		

Table 5.9: Mitigation Measures Depening on the Impact

> Health impact/ Accidental injury	Working by wearing personal protective equipment	Project	officer/
	Management for good ventilation		anager
	Perform social welfare / insurance for employees		
 Fire accident 	Installation of firefighting equipment	Project	officer/
	Training for firefighting	General ma	anager
	Keeping flammable materials separately and organized		
 Social conflict 	Enforcement and complying of occupational rules and	Project	officer/
	regulations	General ma	anager
	Establishment of mutual relationship with neighboring		
	factory and local community		

6.0 PUBLIC CONSULTATION AND DISCLOSURE

Consultations with stakeholders on environmental issues have been taken up as an integral part of the process. These consultations provided inputs to the various sector specialists in identification of the felt needs of the communities, and the relevant stakeholders.

Results of the public consultation and public participation processes, recommendations received from the public, and the Project Proponent's written responses to comments received during that process is present in this section.

6.1 Introduction

Public consultations on environmental management programs are designed to provide a real understanding of project issues and the aim is to make the public aware of the environmental impact of project operations and the increase in job opportunities caused by the proposed project. By participating in the consultation process with anyone affected by the proposed project, the business community will be able to resolve any issues that may arise in advance. For the reporting of environmental management plan, the purpose of consultation meeting is to inform and request comments about of the project to the local community.

The process of public consultation and information disclosure will be implemented in order to ensure transparency and long-term implementation of the project Consultations with stakeholders on environmental issues have been taken up as an integral part of the process. These consultations provided inputs to the various sector specialists in identification of the felt needs of the communities, and the relevant stakeholders. In implementing the public consultation process, SACL undertook consultation with relevant department of the proposed project, industrial zone management committee, meeting informative invitation for those interested to attend the meeting in order to get the advices and opinions about the proposed project.

6.2 Methodology and Approach

Methodology applied as personal meeting, formal meeting, and official meeting method, discussion method, interview method, visual inspection method, etc. to consult with relevant parties for the proposed project. The outputs of the consultation sessions are documented in on Stakeholder Consultations. Consultations held with the following stakeholders:

- Officials of Regional Government Departments;
- Local Authority of Industrial Zone Committee
- Relevant Authority of Local Region
- Contractors and employee, investors adjacent to factory and,
- Local Communities; adjacent/around of the project factory area.

It approaches two methods for consultation and disclosure, which are meeting and receiving suggestion letters.

6.3 Public Consultation and Public Participation Process

Public consultation is held with the purpose such as ability to present of information about the project to local community, being able to know about CSR and local development performance of the proposed project, being able to know the opinions of the local community on the proposed project, being able to know and participate in activities that will not impact the environment and monitoring etc., by consulting with local community around the project area. It is a mutually beneficial process as the project and the local community can establish a mutual understanding and relationship by continuing the implementation of commerce complaints, advices and grievances mechanism.

In conducting of public consultation process, consultation will be held with not only with the local communities but also with the regional relevant authorities within region of the proposed project by project proponent.

The consultation will be held by SACL as follows:

- Invitation to local community, relevant authority and stakeholders around the proposed project, Invitation to interested parties to attend from the project website, Invitation by invitation method of standing poster/vinyl near the project for the public consultation.
- Presentation of proposed project information and Environmental Conservation Information at public consultation.
- Discussion with participants and if there are any requests, replying action points and responsibilities with action plans.
- Implementation of comments and suggestions of attendees, necessary action by preparing and recording meeting minutes.



Figure 6.1: Invited and Attended Person of Different Organization

6.4 Summary of Consultation Activities Undertaken

Public Consultation for the proposed project, Plastic Injection Molding Factory, has been held to present project activities, affects & impacts, background condition & management plan for environmental conservation by Sweet Angel Co., Ltd. in collaboration with NeoTech environmental study team. Representatives of proposed project and Representatives of Local Community from wards located near to the project in are actively participated and discussed. There will be cooperation between SACL, local authority, and local community to find alternative ways of living such as farming, plantation, etc., as part of CSR program. Local community development, corporate social responsibility (CSR) programs and more job creation for local community were also taken by the promoter.

Environmental Study team has visited, interviewed, and consulted with officials, SACL employees working at site, local community people throughout study period (September, 2024). On 25th September 2024, a public consultation meeting and disclosure ceremony was held at SACL's office meeting hall of the proposed project site located in, Industrial Zone, Shwe Pyi Thar Township, and Yangon Region in order to disclose the project information and to request comments about of the project to the following personnel

- Institutions (Local or Government Authorities from ECD, Industrial Zone Management Committee and Shwe Pyi Thar Township)
- Individuals (Groups with special interests, business/industrial community etc.)
- Project Stakeholder (Representative of proposed project factory and SACL)
- Interested persons (Representative of neighboring factory, etc.)

SACL held the public consultation in collaboration NeoTech Myanmar Co., Ltd. environmental study team to present project activities, affects & impacts, background condition & management plan for environmental conservation. The representatives of proposed project, environmental consultants and relevant authorized person are actively participated and discussed.

Consultation will be included are briefed as below:

- Encourage conducting of public consultation meeting and welcome to this project type which is suitable for local community
- Explained about environmental policy, procedures and laws

- Consulted with all relevant government officials and local authority to get clearance for approval on proposed project.
- Welcome on conducted CSR activity and expecting more CSR activities for the local community
- Guideline to comply under existing Myanmar Law & regulations as well as procedures & instruction.
- Expression from local community to create more job opportunity for local people.
- Pleased to know about information sharing and asking for feedback

There will be cooperation between SACL, local authority, and local community to implement EMP and CSR program. Local community development, corporate social responsibility (CSR) programs and more job creation for local community were also taken by the promoter

Table 6.1: Summary Notes on the Public Consultation Meeting

Sı	weet Angel Co., Ltd. Plastic Injection Molding Factory Project				
	Public Consultation				
Venue	SACL Factory Office Meeting Hall located at at Plot No.104, Cherry				
	Street, Industrial Zone (1), Shwe Pyi Thar Township, Yangon Region				
Date	25 th September 2024				
Time	9:30 - 11:30 am				
Organized by	Chill Beverage Company Limited incorporation with Dr. Zin Min and				
	consultants				
Invited	Relevant and Local authority, Representatives of Local community,				
Person	other relevant person were invited to attend the Meeting				
Number of	22 participants (Including invited persons, Local authority,				
Participants:	articipants: representative of Local community, stakeholders, Project proponent				
	(Representative of SACL) and Third-Party Organization (Dr. Zin Min and				
	consultants).				

6.5 Public Consultation Meeting Minutes



Figure 6.2: Photo Records of Public Consultation Meeting

6.5.1 Invitation & Attendance List

The invitation letter & attendance list are described in the below figures.

S	WEET ANGEL COMPANY LIMITED
c	တ်ဝန်းကျင်နှင့် လူမှုအကျိုးသက်ရောက်မှုဆိုင်ရာတွေ့ဆုံဆွေးနွေးပွဲ
စီမံကိ	ြီ ဖိတ်ကြားလွှာ န်းနှင့်ပတ်သက်၍ တွေ့ဆုံဆွေးနွေးပွဲအားအောက်ဖော်ပြပါအစီအစဉ်အတိုင်း
ကျင်းပပြုင	ပုပ်သွားမည်ဖြစ်သဖြင့် တက်ရောက်ပေးပါရန် လေးစားစွာဖိတ်ကြားအပ်ပါသည်-
ကျင်းပမည့် နေ့ရက်	- ၁၂. ၉.၂၀၂၄(ဗုဒ္ဓဟူးနေ့)
ကျင်းပမည့် အချိန်	- နံနက် (၉:၃၀) နာရီ မှ (၁၁ : ၃၀)နာရီအထိ
ကျင်းပမည့် နေရာ	- အစည်းအဝေးခန်းမ



	-3A	NO,104, SETM	Angel Company Limit AU(7) STREET, INDUSTRIAL ZONE(1) SHWEPY ANGON, MYANMAR, TEL: 09-440141112.09-4401	ted THAR 41113
98	တိုင်းဒေသ[က်ိဳး၊ရွှေပြည် သာ	မြို့နယ်၊အမှတ်(၁)ရပ်ကွက်၊စက်မှု(၇)လမ်	းအမှတ်(၁၀
310			eet Angel Co., Ltd. စက်ရုံ၊	
	And the second sec	and the second se	ာစ်ခြင်းနှင့် ပလပ်စတစ်ခွက် ထုတ်လုပ်နေ	
			မြှုအစီအစဉ် (Environmental Manag	
E	MP Plan equa	ဆွဲရာတွင်အထေး	ာက်အကူဖြစ်စေရေးအတွက်ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်နှ	င့်လူမှုအကျ်
			၀ွးနွေးပွဲကိုတက်ရောက်လာကြသောဌာန ခ	
	ရပ်ကွက်မ	ျားနှင့်အနီးပတ်	ဝန်းကျင်စက်ရံများမှဧည့် သည်တော်များစ	
			ရက်စွဲ၊၂၀၂၄ခုနှစ်၊ စက်တင်း အချိန်၊ နံနက် (၁၀:၀၀) နာ	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
စဉ်	အမည်	ရာထူး	ဌာန/ ဆက်သွယ်ရန်ဖုန်း/ E-mail	လက်မှတ
Э			မြို့နယ်စီမံအုပ်ချုပ်ရေးအဖွဲ့	
			ရွှေပြည်သာမြို့နယ်	
J			မြို့နယ်အထွေထွေအုပ်ချုပ်ရေးဦးစီးဌာန	
			ရွှေပြည်သာမြို့နယ်	
5	Billeons:	იაინდდიინ	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဦးစီးဌာန၊	0
	ALC: NO.	B Corolin	ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး	19
9			ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဦးစီးဌာန၊	
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6			ရွှေပြည်သာမြို့နယ်	

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Figure 6.4: Signed Attendance List Sheet

6.5.2 Agenda

Agenda (1)	Registration and Announcing the Opening Ceremony
Agenda (2)	Opening Remarks by General Manager, Plastic Injection Molding Factory
	of Chill Beverages Co., Ltd.,
Agenda (3)	Presentation about Manufacturing of Plastic items Project of Sweet
	Angel Company Limited by Relevant Person of Plastic Injection Molding
	Factory of Sweet ANgel Co., Ltd.,
Agenda (4)	Presentation of Environmental Management Plan Procedures, Study
	Work and Sections of EMP Report by Environmental Consultant of
	NeoTech Myanmar Co., Ltd.
Agenda (5)	Exchange Opinions, Questions and Answers
Agenda (6)	Announcing Closing Ceremony and Filling, Collecting the Comment
	Survey Forms

6.5.3 Conclusion of local communities' attitudes and comments

After presentations, to get local community's idea on the project, attitude survey sheets were giving to attendees and survey. Totally (12) sheets of all given attitude survey sheets were got back and according to that survey sheets, they seem the proposed project is well and fully supported the proposed project.

As the opinions on the proposed project from (12) survey sheets, noted that

- it will benefit for local economic, develop job opportunity for local community
- to implement environmental (soil, water, air) conservation according to the standard and to be prepared if necessary

- welcome to the proposed project and to not only be able to substitute foreign imports, but to try to export abroad

- welcome and appreciate that the proposed project implementation systematically
- it is good because of systematically operating.
- the implantation of the proposed project is good for job opportunities for local people
- it is suitable project and should be implanted.

- it is good and suitable for local community
- to manage quality control and labor safety in mixing processes
- it is fine because safety and producing good quality products

As suggestion on the proposed project, it was found that

- to comply the standards set by the government, to undertake regular monitoring for waste management and to take regular health care for employees

- to undertake safely in order to no environmental (soil, water, air) hazard due to waste materials of the proposed project

- to undertake for improvement and training of employee skill development and to take employees healthcare.

- to emphasize environmental conservation not to be hazard in project implementation
- to undertake occupational and environmental safety seriously

- to implement the project by consulting with relevant technician of third-party organization.

- to describes implementation of environmental mitigation measures which include in EMP, to comply the mitigation measures in order to mitigate environmental impact to minimum.

- to describe data and results completely in EMP report
- to undertake not to be water pollution in our township due to project implementation
- to take particular care for occupational safety of employees
- to undertake and comply the environmental policy
- to take particular care air pollution and occupational safety
- to implement systematically and natural disaster safety

The attitude survey sheets are brief as follow:

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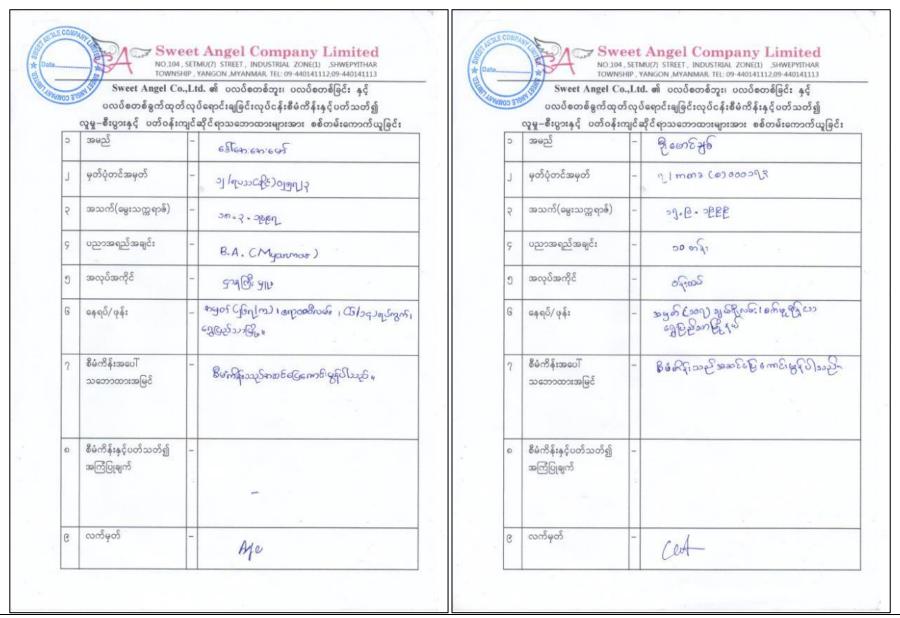
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Prepared by Dr. Zin Min and Consultants

November 2024

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6.5.4 Consultation Outcomes

- Actively involved in CSR activities such as religious and cultural activities, health and sports, natural disaster recovery funding, fund for anti-narcotic drugs, fund for road extension, fund sharing in waste collecting vehicle, fund for local community, fund for development and environmental conservation management committee and fund for education.
- Local people satisfied the operation of SACL
- Manpower local personnel manpower for the propose project increased as per time schedule
- Regular meeting with zone management committee, head of local authority is ongoing process

6.5.4.1 Recommendation

There are a lot of recommendations from local community, relevant authority and department about the proposed project. According to results of meeting, it has been found that most of local community accept and welcome this proposed project. The relevant department recommended that the proposed project can support domestic manufacturing and develop the job opportunities for local people.

6.5.4.2 Key Conflicts/Issues

There are no conflicts/issues about the proposed project. During the public consultation meeting, any conflicts/issues was not found between the local community, relevant government department and representative of SACL. Local community and relevant government department suggested about the proposed project and commented the necessary plan to be followed and undertaken by the proposed project (i.e., to follow the relevant laws, rules and guidelines, to take health care for employees and, to implement CSR, etc.,).

6.6 Results of Consultation

There is no objection from the authorities of host country in general as well as no complaint received from staff and local community regarding the current plastic injection and molding factory operation while study team consulting during assessment period. Providing necessary skill factory training as of voluntary nomination system for the eligible staff to develop local staff is built in as ongoing process throughout project period.

These issues raised during public consultation, together with the findings of the baseline data gathering, have been considered when compiling the EMP. Requests for community development, corporate social responsibility (CSR) programs and local job creation were also raised. MONREC provided details on the regulatory submission and approvals process. Relevant Industrial Zone Committee highlighted the proposed project to apply business by following complete project description and by using proper methods/system; which minimizes possible impacts; environment, social, & health; and to have proper fire protection system whilst conserving the environment and suggested to reserve 2% of annual net profit from the proposed project for CSR.

Project proponent will continue the implementation of Environmental Conservation activities, mutual relationship with neighboring factory and local people will be established, commerce complaints and grievances mechanism.

6.7 Complaints and Grievances Mechanism

Given the social and environmental setting of the project is anticipated that, from time to time, employees, contractors, government agencies, Non-Government Organizations, and the general public (including the media) will request information on the project's environmental performance and management.

The current procedure for handling external and internal queries on the project in general is as follows:

- If the communication is from the media, it is directed to the Managing Director.
- If the communication is from another source, it is referred to the Director.

In future, internal environmental queries will be referred to the SACL Factory Manager or Environmental Officer, while external queries will be referred to the Plastic Injection and Milding Factory Manager.

Plastic Injection Molding Factory Manager / Environment Officer will have to retain complaints/communications register and record progress of complaint (refer to document control section).

6.8 Information Disclosure

As per Myanmar regulations, this prepared EMP Report will be made available for public comment. The full report will be made available to the public in English and a nontechnical summary will be made available in Myanmar. The report will be disclosed to stakeholders, at proposed project factory and at SACL office in Yangon.

Environmental conservation activities and CSR activities Notice Board will have similar display erected at SACL Factory. There is merit in expanding the scope of the Notice Board displays to include data generated through the project period on the environmental performance and CSR activities. This will have the effect of increasing staff awareness, interest and involvement in the environmental conservation & CSR program.

Approved report of SACL Project (summary) will display at SACL's factory while full report can be found at Head Office. SACL and ECD will include EMP info in their website respectively. Softcopy of EMP report and information of the proposed project will be available in SACL and ECD website.

The Proposed Project EIA will be submitted to ECD by SACL and the softcopy of EMP Report will be displayed at SACL's Notice Board of Head office and available website for the disclosure of information.

6.9 CSR Programs

Sweet Angel Company Limited's corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities based on the conviction that all business activities must take CSR into consideration. SACL is vigilant in their enforcement of corporate ethics and compliance and constantly work to improve educational programs and strengthen our internal control system. At the same time, SACL pursue initiatives related to quality management, environmental preservation, philanthropy and improved communication with all stakeholders.

The Proposed Project CSR program has been outlined as per below in sponsoring educational sector, healthcare of local community as well as staff and its family by arranging clinic & medical doctor, providing necessary equipment & training which relating to SACL's Office, and factory throughout operational period without fail to promote CSR.

SACL is planning budget for the Proposed Project CSR program to spend 2 % of annual net profit for the following sectors at the factory and it's surrounded area as the Corporate Social Responsibility program.

Education	20%
Health	20%
Social	20%
Natural Disaster	20%
Local Community	20%

SACL will administer in implementation of proposed project CSR program activities in collaboration with local authority

7.0 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

The environmental study has been carried out for the proposed project on the existing situation of proposed area as well as possible impact from all 3 phases (development/upgrading, operation, and abandonment) of Plastic Injection Molding Factory in proposed area.

The environmental management plan EMP for the proposed project has been prepared which related to environmental baseline data and calculated possible environmental impact from daily operational of Plastic Injection Molding Factory.

7.1 Project Component's Environmental and Social Policies and Commitments

7.1.1 Leadership and Commitment

The following personnel have been identified as key to the EMP:

- Managing Director Responsible for environmental performance of SACL
- Director –Responsible for effective implementation of the EMP across all operating units
- FACTORY Manager Management Champion for EMP
- Health, Safety, & Environmental (HSE) Coordinator EMP Champion, to be the key person involved in development and implementation of EMP

7.1.2 Objective and Policy of EMP

The following policy is presented as a Draft, and is subject to review and confirmation by SACL.

Sweet Angel Co., Ltd. commits to an objective of environmental excellence on the basis that this approach is:

- Essential to efficient business performance;
- recognizes the company's role and responsibilities in the broader community; and
- acknowledges its environmental & corporate social responsibility commitments

Specific elements of SACL's Environmental Policy are described below:

- Demonstrate clear commitment and leadership by management through policy, communication, participation, and commitment of resources with the objectives of achieving:
 - Continual environmental improvement, as measured against regularly reviewed environmental performance objectives, and
 - Adopting an operating philosophy based on pollution prevention;
- Meet or exceed all relevant regulatory and legislative requirements, and where these laws do not exist, apply responsible standards;
- Define and communicate the environmental responsibilities of SACL staff as part of the employment induction program with the objectives of:
 - Informing all staff of the existence and importance of the company's Environmental Policy,
- Heightening employee awareness of environmental issues at all levels within the organization, and
- Conduct ongoing awareness and technical training during the course of employment according to the individual's position within the company;
- Work with government and non-government groups, and the community at large, via research and other voluntary initiatives, to further understand the environmental effects of the operation, as well as support regional and national environmental initiatives where appropriate;
- Promote environmental awareness with customers, suppliers, contractors and partners, evaluate their performance and include the use of environmental criteria when conducting business with them; and

• Maintain a system for managing SACL's environmental commitments and responsibilities, ensuring regular performance review by Senior Management, annual documentation of the results of the review, and revision as appropriate.

The Environmental Policy should be signed by Managing Director of SACL, displayed in a prominent position at the worksite (i.e., SACL FACTORY) in English and Myanmar, and made available to the public.

7.1.3 Environmental and Social Management System

SACL Environmental and Social Management System development in progress and final EMS (by SACL) will be based on prepared Environmental Management Plan which complies with Myanmar Laws & Regulations, and Procedures & Standing Instructions.

7.1.4 Environmental and Social Procedures and Guidelines

SACL complies with Myanmar Laws & Regulations, and Procedures & Standing Instructions. MONREC (former MOECAF) is instructed to follow the existing Environmental Impact Assessment Guidelines (2014 by MOECAF), Environmental Impact Assessment Procedures (29, December 2015 Notification by MOECAF) as of latest Myanmar Environmental and Social Procedures and Guidelines. There will have other procedures and guidelines in terms of interest in relevant area such as social and cultural, labor, regional, industrial, etc.

7.1.5 Environmental and Social Commitments

SACL will commit environmental and social as mentioned in the Environmental and Social Policy. There will be separate budget allotted for the implementation in environmental management plan of SACL throughout project period. Initial Environmental budget is estimated 3000 USD/year and budget allotment will be reviewed yearly basis to suit with requirements.

In addition, SACL has undertaken to spend 2% of annual net profit in CSR program. The proposed project area is placing within Industrial Zone, Yangon Region and can be considered as partially developed based on current living standard status. SACL plans

to cooperate with local community as part of CSR programs to be supported by SACL is as below:

- Providing in Education Sector by funding in school library, stationary, exercise book, etc., for the students from local community
- Providing in health care service sector by funding in clinic, doctor & medicine for the patients from local community
- •

7.2 Environmental Management and Monitoring Plan

This section was summarized for the environmental management plan for the proposed project and implementation. Environmental management and monitoring plan has been organized with four main parts: -

- Impact Assessment and Mitigation Measure prepare Environmental Management Plan for the proposed project by environmental experts;
- Environmental Management Plan perform environmental conservation activities to minimize impacts which may arise from the proposed project operation activities by the operator;
- Auditing & Inspection EMP Performance audit & inspect EMP performance to ensure EMP performance of SACL is acceptable which complying with Myanmar laws & regulations, and procedures & standing instructions by relevant authority; and
- Reviewing and updating of EMP to update EMP periodically for the applicable of EMP to suit with changes in operation activity or changes in Myanmar laws & regulations, and procedures & instructions

In the impact assessment, a number of potentially significant impacts were identified. For each of these project activities, mitigation measures were defined to prevent and/or reduce the likelihood or magnitude of impacts and/or to limit the extent of an impact if one does occur. The proposed mitigation measures take into account applicable guidelines, industry practices, expert judgment, design techniques, and operational control. In addition, environmental monitoring measures were designed to monitor the environment and project activities. The purpose of these monitoring measures is: to evaluate the effectiveness of the mitigation measures that will be put in place; to assess compliance with Myanmar legislation, guidelines and standards; and to compare environmental conditions after implementation of the project to environmental baseline conditions to document possible change and/or impact. Detailed summarized planning and implementation of environmental management plan based on outcome from mitigation measure for the proposed project has been presented in previous Section – 5.

7.2.1 Planning

Environmental Monitoring Plans, which detail tasks to be undertaken and monitoring to be conducted as part of achieving objectives and targets, with frequency and responsibility, has been prepared and any further improvement or modification will be generated by the Factory Manager in line with daily operation.

Monitoring tasks could, in the future, be incorporated into the Maintenance Management System, which puts together daily work instructions, and was planned for implementation.

A Waste Management Plan has been partially developed by SACL. This should incorporate auditing and waste tracking procedures, which have been developed as part of the EMP.

The only Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan available for review were: the Emergency Response Manual, which had little relevance to operations, and the Oil Spill Contingency Plan, which referred to environmental measures. The level of implementation of these plans needs to be assessed.

Procedures developed are discussed in more detail in Section 7.6.3.

7.2.2 Objectives

The principal objective of the EMP is to develop an effective management tool that will ensure that the diverse range of management and monitoring tasks and activities originally defined in the Environmental Management Plan can be systematically and efficiently performed. The EMP will allow environmental performance trends to be monitored and problem areas identified. This will assist SACL to adopt a pollution prevention approach to environmental management, thereby potentially avoiding environmental damage, costly remedial action, and adverse public reaction.

The outcome will:

- Assure conformance with the Environmental Policy and specifically the dual objectives of pollution protection and continual environmental improvement;
- Demonstrate such conformance to others;
- Ensure the efficient and effective use of resources;
- Seek certification/registration of its EMP by an external organization, should this be deemed desirable.

Development and implementation of an EMP is an evolving process. The first stage, as described in this document, represents a formalization of the EMP initiated during the takeover and upgrading phase on the existing facility and location from the land owner which preferred to be used for project, and modified to take account of the fact that the project is moving into a normal operations phase.

This stage of the EMP focuses on those activities that were initiated during the upgrading phase and those operational activities that can be managed. These can be summarized as:

- Hazardous and non-hazardous waste management;
- Effluent water treatment and discharge;
- Storage and handling of fuels and chemicals;
- Modification and Maintenance of the facility;
- Monitoring of air emissions;
- Environmental noise monitoring;

Subsequent stages will provide additional detail and allow greater external scrutiny and public disclosure.

The structure and hence key elements of this document conform to the ISO 14001. The EMP described herein therefore forms the base upon which an internationally certifiable EMP can be developed.

The following table summarizes the areas where additional detail and resources will need to be applied to achieve this international status, should this be desired. It is understood that SACL's initial goal is to reach the Corporate-level standard within 12 months, at which time it will evaluate the merits of achieving ISO 14001 compliance.

Element of the	Specific requirements under ISO 14001	SACLEMP
Environmental		(Jun 2021)
Management System		
Policy	Appropriate commitment to continual	Yes*
	improvement and pollution prevention	
	Commitment to compliance with legislation	Yes*
	Provides framework for objectives and	Yes*
	targets	Yes*
	Documented and communicated to all	Yes*
	employees	
	Publicly available	
Planning		
-Environmental Aspects	Maintain procedures for identifying	Yes
	environmental aspects of activities	
	Ensure aspects related to significant	Yes
	impacts are considered in setting	
	environmental objectives	
-Legal and Other	Maintain a procedure to identify applicable	Yes
Requirements	requirements	
-Objectives and Targets	Document environmental objectives	Yes
	Review objectives and targets	No
	Must be consistent with Policy	Yes

Table 7.1: Comparative Assessment: SACL EMP and ISO 14001

	(local/corporate)	
-Environmental	Establish and maintain programme for	Yes
Management Programs	achieving objectives and targets,	
	designating	
	a) responsibilities, b) method and time	
	frame	
Implementation and Opera	ation	
-Structure and	Document and communicate roles and	Yes
Responsibility	responsibilities	
	Management to provide resources required	Partial
	for implementation of EMP	
	Appoint specific representative(s)	Yes
	responsible for ensuring implementation,	
	and reporting on performance	
-Training awareness and	Identify training needs	Yes
competence	Ensure appropriate training received	No
	Make employees aware of environmental	Yes
	impacts, and their roles and responsibilities	
	Ensure competency	No
-Communication	System for internal communication on	Yes
	environmental issues	
	System for external communication on	Yes
	environmental issues	
	Consider and document whether to	No
	communicate environmental impacts to	
	external parties	
-Environmental	Maintain documentation of the core	Partial
Management System	elements of the EMP, and related	
documentation	documents	
-Document Control	Maintain procedures for document control	No
	to ensure that documents:	
	a) can be located	

	b) are periodically reviewed	
	c) are readily available	
	d) obsolete documents removed	
	e) are dated, identifiable, and maintained	
	for a specified period	
-Operational Control	Identify operations associated with	Yes
	significant environmental aspects	
	Establish and maintain procedures for	Yes
	operations which could result in significant	
	impact	
	Stipulate operating criteria	Yes
	Establish procedures relating to the use of	No
	goods and services by SACL, which have	
	associated significant environmental	
	impacts, and communicate these	
	procedures to suppliers	
-Emergency	Establish procedures to respond to	No
preparedness and	accidents and emergencies	
response	Review and revise procedures	No
	Periodically test procedures	No
Checking and Corrective A	ction	
- Monitoring and	Maintain monitoring procedures and record	Yes
measurement	results	
	Calibrate monitoring equipment and	No
	maintain records	Yes
	Establish documented procedure to	
	evaluate compliance with environmental	
	legislation	
- Non-conformance and	Establish procedures for investigating non-	Yes
corrective and preventive	conformance and undertaking corrective	
action	action	Subject to
	Ensure corrective action is of the	audit
	appropriate scale	
L		

	Implement and record changes required to	Yes
	the procedure	
-Record	-Record Maintain procedures for the identification,	
	maintenance and storage of environmental	
	records	
	Establish and record retention times for	No
	environmental records	
-EMP audit	-EMP audit Establish a programme and procedures for	
	EMP audits	
Management Review	Conduct and document periodic EMP audits	No
	by top management	
	Management to address the need for	No
	change to the EMP, based on the findings of	
	the audit	

*A draft Environmental Policy has been prepared as part of this EMP but will require endorsement by SACL Management.

7.2.3 Document Control

The guiding principles for document control are as follows:

- They can be located;
- They are periodically reviewed, revised as necessary and approved for adequacy by authorized personnel;
- The current versions of all relevant documents are available at all locations where operations essential to the effective functioning of the EMS are performed;
- Obsolete documents are promptly removed from all points of issue and points of use, or otherwise assured against unintended use; and
- Any obsolete document retained for legal and/or knowledge preservation purposes are suitably identified.

Official documents forming part of the EMP, together with their storage location and the person responsible for their maintenance and upkeep, are summarized in Below Table.

DOCUMENT	MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBITY & PRINCIPAL STORAGE LOCATION	DISTRIBUTION
EMP	Managing Director	Director
		Manager
		HSE Coordinator
Individual Roles &	Manager	All individuals with
Responsibilities		responsibilities for
		providing input into the
		EMP
Monthly Monitoring Plan	Maintenance	Manager
	Engineer/Technician	Assistant Manager
Data Record	Maintenance	Manager
	Engineer/Technician	
Corrective Action	Maintenance	Manager
Record	Engineer/Technician	
Environmental Data File	Maintenance	N/A
	Engineer/Technician	
Waste Disposal	Maintenance	Manager
Inventory	Engineer/Technician	Assistant Manager
Waste Disposal Manifest	YCDC (Yangon)	Maintenance Engineer
	Materials Logistics Controller	
Environmental Site	Manager	Managing Director
Audit		Director(s)
		Assistant Manager
		Maintenance Engineer
EMP Audit	Managing Director	Director(s)
		Manager
Complaints Register	Maintenance Engineer / Assistant	Managing Director
	Manager	Manager
Incidents Report	Maintenance Engineer /	Managing Director
	Assistant Manager	Manager

Table 7.2	Document	and Data	Control
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All documents will be dated (with dates of revisions), referenced by the descriptors outlined in the above table, and maintained as hard copy in a ring-backed file as a minimum (except the Photographic Database) and as an electronic copy as appropriate. All environmental documents are to keep according to respective retention period defined by the authority.

7.2.4 Environmental Records

Environmental Data Records are listed below in below Table.

Activity	Monitoring	Data Record Required		
SACL				
1. Noisy	1. Quarterly monitoring at the	The level of audible noise		
Operations	nearest residences to the Site.	from the operations at the		
	Initially, monitoring will involve	nearest residences		
	observations only, to determine if			
	noise is audible at the nearest			
	residences at day and night time.			
	Monitoring should be conducted			
	during operation. If noise is audible,			
	more detailed monitoring may be			
	required			
2. Air emission	2. Air quality monitoring from	The air emission from the		
	established site	operation at established site		
3. Usage of	3.(a) Water quality monitoring	The quality & quantity of		
domestic water	3.(b) Domestic water consumption	domestic water usage from		
	quantity monitoring	established water sources		
4. Discharge of	4. Weekly checking of the drain way	Condition of drain way &		
domestic	& septic tank	septic tank		
wastewater				
5. Disposal of	5A. Audit of waste storage and	Number of non-compliances		

Table 7.3: List of Environmental Data Record for the proposed project

disposal practices every 6 months	with waste management plan
5B. Audit of hazardous waste tracking	identified during the audit
documentation every three months	
6. Back-calculate estimated	Estimated emissions per year
emissions, based on diesel usage,	
using E&P Guidelines, every year	
Maintain a photographic record of	Photos
the length of the facility throughout	
the project period	
Keep a record of manmade fires in	Record
the proposed project area	
9.(a) Audit of Environmental	Number of non-compliances
Management Plan implementation by	with environmental
SACL Management (internal)	management plan identified
9.(b) Inspection on EMP	during the audit
implementation by relevant authority	
(external)	
	5B. Audit of hazardous waste tracking documentation every three months 6. Back-calculate estimated emissions, based on diesel usage, using E&P Guidelines, every year Maintain a photographic record of the length of the facility throughout the project period Keep a record of manmade fires in the proposed project area 9.(a) Audit of Environmental Management Plan implementation by SACL Management (internal) 9.(b) Inspection on EMP implementation by relevant authority

7.2.5 Public Consultation and Disclosure

7.2.5.1 External and Internal Communication

Given the social and environmental setting of the project is anticipated that, from time to time, employees, contractors, government agencies, Non-Government Organizations, and the general public (including the media) will request information on the project's environmental performance and management.

7.2.5.2 Complaints and Grievances Mechanism

The current procedure for handling external and internal queries on the project in general is as follows:

- If the communication is from the media, it is directed to the Managing Director.
- If the communication is from another source, it is referred to the Director.

In future, internal environmental queries will be referred to the Factory Site Manager or Environmental Officer, while external queries will be referred to the Factory Site Manager.

Factory Site Manager / Environment Officer will have to retain a complaints/communications register and record progress of complaint (refer to document control section).

7.2.5.3 Disclosure

There is a communications practice in place for disseminating environmental information on the project. This is as follows:

- Monthly Environmental Report briefing on water & energy consumption record, and waste management record;
- SACL FACTORY News newsletter every 3 months focusing on socio-economic and environmental information;
- Notice board displays at the SACL Factory.

The Factory Notice Board will have similar display erected at SACL. There is merit in expanding the scope of the Notice Board displays to include data generated through the EMP on the environmental performance. This will have the effect of increasing staff awareness, interest and involvement in the environmental program.

7.2.6 Environmental Conservation Plans (Subs-Plan)

7.2.6.1 Air Quality Monitoring and Management Plan

Air Quality Monitoring and Management Plan is to mitigate and control air-pollution. It is conducted to reduce at least of gases and particulate matter which cause air pollution by project operation

Purposes

The purpose is to implement the necessary measures and needed plans in order to reduce at least or not to emit the gases and particulate matter into the atmosphere which cause air pollution by project operation.

Legal Requirements

Plans for mitigation and controlling of Air-pollution will be conducted in accordance with existing laws, rules and regulations, procedures and instructions. Especially described in national environmental quality emission guidelines (NEQEG) to reduce under the guidelines described as below.

Implementation plan

Air quality measurement activities will be carried out and management actions required to remain within the air quality guidelines of the National Environmental Quality (Emissions) Guidelines mentioned above will be implemented.

Management measures

The following oversight body will be established to undertake management issues necessary to remain within the air quality guidelines of the Environmental Quality (Emissions) Guidelines.

No.	Position	Responsibility
1	General Manager	C.E.O
2	Project Manager	Secretary
3	Management Department Head	Member
4	Finance Department Head	Member
5	Engineering Department Head	Member

As a supervisory body, the responsibility is to fulfill the issues such as inspecting, monitoring, reporting requesting financing for environmental management issues.

Monitoring programs

Weekly visual inspection around the project for air pollution reduction and control; A monthly report will be made on the observed conditions. Air quality measurement will be measured about one time per year in open seasons. Nitrogen dioxide, Particulate matter PM₁₀, Particulate matter PM_{2.5}, Sulfur dioxide will be measured and the results will be submitted to the Environmental Conservation Department.

Funding Allocations and Responsibilities

About 15 lakhs will be spent each year to carry out air quality measurement activities. In order to avoid air quality pollution due to the fumes emitted from the machineries/equipment's used in the operation, the maintenance cost of the equipment/engines will be included in the operating budget.

The project will communicate with third parties to carry out annual air quality measurement activities. During the project, regular inspection issues and monthly report preparation will be carried out by the supervision team.

7.2.6.2 Noise and Vibration Management Plan

The noise and vibration management plan has been developed to minimize the negative impact of noise and vibration on humans and the environment as a result of project activities.

Purposes

The main purpose is to implement the necessary measures to minimize the effects of noise and vibration due to project activities.

Legal Requirements

In implementing the project, it will be carried out in accordance with the instructions, the existing law, rule procedure. In particular, the National Environmental Quality (Emissions) Guidelines will ensure that the following guidelines are met.

Implementation plan

In order to reduce noise and vibration, we will implement that operating machinery with a lot of noise and vibration only during the daytime when there is a lot of background noise, installation of noise control equipment, enclosing with a hedge, planting windbreaks, wearing protective equipment for those who work in connection with noise and vibration and the necessary management measures to stay within the noise and vibration guidelines

Management measures

The following supervisory team will be formed to carry out the management issues required to remain within the environmental quality (emissions) guidelines.

No.	Position	Responsibility
1	General Manager	C.E.O
2	Project Manager	Secretary
3	Management Department Head	Member
4	Finance Department Head	Member
5	Engineering Department Head	Member

As a supervisory body, it is the responsibility to fulfill the issues such as inspecting, monitoring, reporting requesting financing for environmental management issues.

Monitoring programs

Weekly visual inspection around the project and monthly report will be made on the observed conditions. The noise measurement will be measured about one time in three months in the areas where the project will have the closest noise impact. The results will be submitted to the Environmental Protection Department.

Funding Allocations and Responsibilities

About 10 lakhs will be spent each year to carry out the activities of this project. In order to reduce the noise and vibration produced by the equipment used in the operation, the maintenance cost of the equipment/engines should be included in the operating budget.

Noise and vibration measurement activities will be carried out by ourselves and thirdparty organizations. During the project, regular inspection issues and monthly report preparation will be carried out by the supervision team.

7.2.6.3 Solid Waste Management Plan

It includes the type and quantity of waste generated, collection and disposal of waste, minimizing waste generation and monitoring of the waste minimization plan in the waste management plan

Purposes

It aims to improve reducing, reusing and recycling practices in order to be able to manage the various solid wastes produced from the implementation of the project and manage waste by types of them.

Legal Requirements

In implementing the solid waste controlling plan, it will be carried out according to the instructions, the existing law and the rule procedure.

Implementation plan

In the management of waste, reusing, repairing use/ using other methods, landfill with residual waste will be carried out.

Recycling

Used and remaining materials (product balance, rope balance, etc.) will be properly stored and reused in order to be used again in the future.

Repairing use/ using other methods

If there is no more use of used and remaining materials and used materials, etc., they will be properly stored and repaired so that they can be used again and again. (Using used oil and lubricants as necessary, using paper and cardboard in agriculture, etc.)

Residual waste

Waste residues can be found in the following situations:

Keeping old tyre, metal and unclean, toxic and infectious materials in an orderly manner so that they can be reused and disposed

- Keeping obsolete equipment, extra items, etc. in an orderly manner for future use and storing systematically for disposal.
- Use of leftovers for animal feed and agricultural purposes.

If the waste is stored, it will be checked and managed every month because the waste residue is bad in odor, poor eyesight, a risk of fire, impact on the environment due to the liquid from it, etc.,

Landfill

After solving the waste materials by the above methods, the remaining waste materials will be solved by landfilling.

Management practices

In order to carry out the necessary management issues, the following supervision group will be formed.

No.	Position	Responsibility
1	General Manager	C.E.O
2	Project Manager	Secretary
3	Management Department Head	Member
4	Finance Department Head	Member
5	Engineering Department Head	Member

As a supervisory body, it is the responsibility to fulfill the issues such as inspecting, monitoring, reporting requesting financing for environmental management issues.

Monitoring programs

As a project operator, we understand how to minimize the waste generated by the project and its risks. In order to monitor and control the type and quantity of waste produced by the project, a report book will be prepared and regular records will be kept.

The materials used in the project will be considered with the views of being environmental friendliness and minimal waste generation. Waste storage areas will be inspected weekly to ensure they are in good condition and clean. The waste management plan will be discussed and negotiated in regular quarterly meetings to update it as necessary

Funding Allocations and Responsibilities

An estimated separate budget of 5 lakhs per year will be spent for the solid waste control project. During the project, regular inspection issues and monthly report preparation will be carried out by the supervision team.

7.2.6.4 Waste Water Management Plan

This plan is drawn and carried out to prevent water pollution due to project activities.

Purposes

The purpose of the project is to implement necessary measures to prevent and minimize the flow of polluted waste water into the water body as a result of the project activities.

Legal requirements

In implementing this project, we will comply with the instructions, the existing law, rule procedure. Specifically, the effluent levels will be reduced below the guidelines for the following listed; general guidelines in the National Environmental Quality (Emissions) Guidelines.

In addition to the general guidelines and industry-specific guidelines, we will also comply the following guideline values for storm water discharges from all areas during the operation and construction phase of the project:

Implementation plan

Water quality measurement activities will be carried out by taking samples from the project's waste water collection and disposal sites. Management measures such as construction of waste filters and sedimentation tanks, maintenance and construction to ensure proper flow from drainage channels, management to minimize water consumption as much as possible, planting appropriate plants to conserve water resources will be carried out to remain the effluent level within water quality guidelines of the National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines.

Management practices

The following supervisory team will be formed to carry out the management issues required to remain within the water quality guidelines of the Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines.

No.	Position	Responsibility
1	General Manager	C.E.O

2	Project Manager	Secretary
3	Management Department Head	Member
4	Finance Department Head	Member
5	Engineering Department Head	Member

As a supervisory body, it is the responsibility to fulfill the issues such as inspecting, monitoring, reporting requesting financing for environmental management issues.

Monitoring programs

Weekly visual inspection within the project environment and monthly reporting on the observed conditions will be carried out for reduction and control of water pollution. Waste water, Groundwater quality measurements will be measured once in every 3 months and Chemical oxygen demand, Oil and grease, pH, Temperature, Total coliform bacteria, Total nitrogen, Total phosphorus, Total suspended solids, Salinity will be measured and the results will be submitted to the Environmental Conservation Department.

Funding Allocations and Responsibilities

About 15 lakhs will be spent in each year for water quality measurement activities.

Annual water quality measurement activities will be carried out either with third parties or by the project operator himself. During the project operation, regular inspection issues and monthly report preparation will be carried out by the supervision team.

7.2.6.5 Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Conservation Plan

This plan is designed to prevent accidents from occurring, health care of employees working in the project and safety in the workplace.

Purposes

Health and safety at work aims at the following points:

- a) Project employees are healthy and work together to improve business success.
- b) In order to reduce the risks that may occur in the workplace;

- c) To ensure safety in the workplace by providing knowledge.
- d) To sustain workplace safety for a long time.

Legal Requirements

In implementing the project, we will comply with the instructions, the existing law, and rule procedure. In particular, the Public Health Law and the Occupational Safety and Health Law will be followed.

Implementation plan

We are planning to provide the following health care services for project employees to be healthy.

- a) Medical Check. Quantitative health examination of newly arrived employees by a doctor from Labor Employment and Social Security.
- b) Emergency Care. Treatments that should be done first are carried out in the clinic; Delivered to the People's Hospital on time. Transferring to the public hospital for medical treatment.
- c) Environmental Health. Water storage during the project; Distributing water through pipes to departments and residential areas for full use of water 24 hours a day; employee residences; Concrete drainage channels are made to prevent the waste water produced from the workplaces from flowing into the creek/stream/rivers. Arrangements have been made to allow the sewage to flow into the tank, and the drains are collectively cleaned once a month. As a sewage system, flush toilets are arranged for employees, and the sewage produced flows into septic tanks. The septic tank also has a sewage tank. water filter The water pumping tank has been built in stages, and it is planned that the surface water released from the septic tank can seep into the ground through the water pumping tank.

Management Practices

In order to carry out the necessary management issues, the following supervision group will be formed.

No.	Position	Responsibility
1	General Manager	C.E.O
2	Project Manager	Secretary
3	Management Department Head	Member
4	Finance Department Head	Member
5	Engineering Department Head	Member

As a supervisory body, it is the responsibility to fulfill the issues such as inspecting environmental management issues, monitoring, reporting and requesting financing.

For occupational health and safety, the supervision team must continuously study the dangerous situations in the workplace and establish policies to avoid danger. In addition, the employees will be able to create and build a happy and peaceful workplace by being careful and following each other.

Funding Allocations and Responsibilities

Approximately (5) lakhs will be spent annually to carry out the activities of the project. During the project, regular inspection issues and monthly report preparation will be carried out by the supervision team.

The plans and activities for the occupational health, safety and fire safety are described in Annexure 2.

7.2.6.6 Plans for safety of natural disaster and emergency respond

It is necessary to develop and implement this plan in order to prevent and minimize damage caused by unexpected natural disasters.

Purposes

Natural disasters caused by climate change in the world; this plan is designed in advance to prevent and minimize the loss of life and property due to human-caused disasters.

Legal requirements

In the implementation of the project, we will follow the instructions, the existing law, rule procedure, especially the Natural Disaster Management Law; we will comply with the Occupational Safety and Health Law.

Implementation plan

The following plans have been developed to prevent and minimize damage caused by unexpected disasters:

- (a) Disaster Preparedness Plans
- (b) Storm safety plan
- (c) Fire safety plan

Management Practices

In order to carry out the necessary management issues, the following supervision group will be formed.

No.	Position	Responsibility
1	General Manager	C.E.O
2	Project Manager	Secretary
3	Management Department Head	Member
4	Finance Department Head	Member
5	Engineering Department Head	Member

As a supervisory body, it is the responsibility to fulfill the issues such as inspecting environmental management issues, monitoring, reporting and requesting financing. **Monitoring Plans** Emergency response plans including natural disaster safety plans, storm safety plans, fire safety plans, etc. for situations that may occur unexpectedly will be practiced once every (2) months so that employees can best respond to emergencies.

Funding Allocations and Responsibilities

An estimated 15 million (15) million separate funds will be spent per year to implement emergency response plans during operation phase and estimated budget 10 lakhs will be spent during abandonment phase. During the project, regular training activities and monthly reports will be prepared and submitted by the supervisory team.

7.3 Legal Requirements

The following Table summarizes legal requirements and international guidelines relevant to environmental performance for the facilities.

Activity	World Bank Group 1988/95/98	Project Objectives	
	Environmental Guidelines for		
	FACTORY		
Disposal	No specific requirements relevant	Ensure no spillage or disposal of	
of	to Project	industrial waste into normal waste	
wastes		disposing site. To contact YCDC for	
		industrial waste disposing.	
		Hazardous Wastes cannot be exported	
		without permission and extensive pre-	
		notification.	
Noise	Maximum increase of 3dB(A) above	Maximum increase of 3dB(A) above	
	background noise levels, as	background noise levels, as measured	
	measured at noise receptors, or	at noise receptors, or conform to the	
	conform to the following	following maximums:	
	maximums:	Daytime in residential areas: 55 dB(A)	
	Daytime in residential areas: 55	Night time in residential areas: 45 dB(A)	
	dB(A)		
	Night time in residential areas: 45		

Table 7.4: Legal Requirements and International Guidelines

dB(A)	

Standards and Codes of Practice

The SACL Emergency Response Plan (especially for cause of fire) has been made available to makes reference to compliance with Myanmar government require the reporting of fire.

7.3.1 Guidelines

SACL undertake to commit Environmental Management Plan for the Plastic Injection and Molding Factory Project Operation complies with National Environmental Quality Emission Guideline out of enacted Myanmar Laws & Regulations, and Procedures & Standing Instructions, MONREC (former MOECAF). There will have other procedures and guidelines in terms of interest in relevant area such as FDA guidelines in plastic items production, social and cultural, labor, regional, industrial, etc.

The SACL Fire & Emergency Response Plan has been made available which compliance with Fire Fight Department require the reporting of fire.

7.4 Institutional Arrangements

The operational - level for the environmental management plan will be responsible for overall environmental management of the proposed project for Plastic Injection and Molding Factory. It will be headed by a Managing Director and consist of at least Fifteen person-team of marketing, operation, engineering, administrative & financial, and social/environmental.

There will be institutional framework set with categorized level to educate the person involved for the implementation of Project EMP, as described below:

Category 1: Customer / Visitor – Environmental Awareness Category 2: - General Environmental Awareness Category 3: Specific Environmental Awareness Category 4: Specific Environmental Training

7.4.1 Project's Environmental Standards for Institutional Framework

Category 1: Customer/Visitor Environmental Awareness– general introduction to environmental issues, as part of site induction, for visitors who will be visiting at SACL facilities. This training is to be given via SACL induction video display prepared by SACL Team, as part of the general SACL induction.

ENVIRONMENT

The environment of the SACL is sensitive in term of its location. It is encouraging disposing waste into designated waste bin at site as it will prevent contamination to factory as well as its environment (i.e., soil/floor, waterways, etc.) and it may able to control possible fire from waste. Should you witness others improper waste disposing or see any fires, please report this to the Health, Safety, & Environment (HSE) Officer. Chewing beetle nuts is not allowed in the Factory facility as it may lead undesirable contamination to others as well as environment. Smoking inside SACL Perimeter is limited as it allowed at the designated smoking area only.

ENVIRONMENTAL INCIDENTS

Please report all incidents, including spills or leaks of fuels, oils or other chemicals, to the HSE officer.

Category 2: General Environmental Awareness: 1 hr session for SACL management and technical personnel who are not directly involved in operations. The awareness program will cover general environmental issues; typical impacts associated with daily operations, and describe the importance of the EMP in underpinning good environmental performance. Training will be given by the Training Officer.

Category 3: Specific Environmental Awareness: 2 hr session for site operational personnel. The course will cover descriptions of specific environmental impacts which can occur as a result of operations. Training will also describe the importance of the EMP in underpinning good environmental performance. Training will be given by the Training Officer.

Category 4: Specific Environmental Training – task based: This will involve a day session day one-on-one for HSE Officers and maintenance personnel with responsibility for monitoring and reporting. This will be conducted by the Training Officer. Note: Safety and Emergency training is not included here, but an environmental aspect will be incorporated into these courses.

SACL currently has developing a register indicating who has attended which courses, and which procedures each person is familiar with, as a way of tracking development through the organization. Environmental training could be included on this register.

Below Table Summarized training needs for the proposed project EMP Implementation

Personnel	Training Category required (see above)		
	and specific focus of training		
SACL management and technical	Category 2		
personnel			
All SACL staff personnel	Category 3		
HSE Officer	Category 4		
	Noise Observation		
	Water quality monitoring		
	Air Quality Monitoring		
	Rehabilitation / Housekeeping works		
	Monitoring		
	Recording fires		
Maintenance personnel	Category 4		
	Waste Management		
Visitors/Customer	Category 1		

Table 7	'.5: Tra	aining	Matrix
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7.5 Responsibilities of SACL in the Implementation of EMP for Proposed Project

Capacity Building for EMP Implementation

The following personnel have been identified as key person to the Plastic Injection and Molding Factory EMP:

- Managing Director Responsible for environmental performance of SACL
- Director (s) Responsible for effective implementation of the SACL Factory EMP
- Factory Manager Management Champion for SACL Factory EMP

Organization and personnel resources required to effectively implement the EMP is presented detail in below Table.

Position	Role	Responsibility	Specific Tasks
SACL Management			
Managing	Management	Promote	Ensure EMP is on Management
Director	Commitment	commitment to	agenda and discussed where
		EMP amongst all	appropriate at weekly
		staff	management meetings
Director	Business Unit	Oversee	Conduct EMP auditing every 6
	responsibility for	implementation of	months
	SACL EMP	EMP	
	Check on a)	Internal EMP	Update register of legal and
	performance of	auditing	other requirements every 6
	SACL EMP	Provide support to	months
	b)	all personnel on	Ensure EMP is discussed at
	Environmental	technical	weekly information exchanges
	support	environmental	Ensure sufficient resources are
	requirements	issues	available for the successful
		Maintain register of	implementation of the EMP
		legal and other	

Table 7.6: Roles and Responsibilities

Position	Role	Responsibility	Specific Tasks
		requirements,	Maintain a register of
		particularly	Environmental Complaints.
		changing	Address environmental
		requirements of	complaints
		Myanmar	
		government	
		Handle	
		environmental	
		complaints	
		Provide input to	
		contacts and	
		logistics	
		department on	
		environmental	
		aspects of	
		purchasing	
		decisions	
SACL Plastic	Operational	Promote	Ensure EMP is on agenda and
Injection	Management	implementation of	discussed at regular Operations
and Molding	Commitment	EMP among all	meetings
Factory		staff	
Operation			
Manager			
(TBA)			
Training	Training Officer	Conduct	Conduct environmental
Officer		environmental	awareness training at induction
(TBA)		awareness training	Conduct environmental training
		and specific	annually,
		environmental	
		training	
SACL Operatio	ons		
Operation	Site EMP	Ensure EMP is	Ensure Site EMP and

Position	Role	Responsibility	Specific Tasks		
Manager	coordinator	implemented by	environmental issues are		
(TBA)		Factory personnel	discussed at regular Operations		
			meetings		
			Review environmental		
			comments in weekly reports		
			from the SACL Supervisor		
Assistant	Commitment to	Promote	Discussion of EMP and		
Operation	EMP	implementation of	environmental issues at regular		
Manager		EMP	staff meetings		
(TBA)		Environmental	Weekly review of environmental		
		reporting	comments from Environment		
		Oversee waste	officer, and summarize in report		
		management	to SACL Manager		
Engineer	Monitoring and	Ensure monthly	Complete monthly monitoring		
Teams	Reporting	monitoring plan is	plan		
(TBA)		completed	Monitoring / observation and		
		Conduct	recording of noise levels at the		
		environmental	nearest residence, quarterly		
		monitoring and	Visual inspection of drain ways		
		reporting required	weekly.		
		as part of EMP:	Monitor along the length of the		
		a) facility	SACL facility for condition of the		
		rehabilitation	developed works - every month		
		b) water quality	in the dry season, and every 2		
		c) noise	weeks in the wet season, or		
		d) check waste	following a storm.		
		management	Maintain a photographic record		
		practices	of the facility of the SACL before		
			and after the construction		
			works.		
			Measure and record quality in		
			surface waters monthly.		

Position	Role	Responsibility	Specific Tasks		
			Keep a record of fires in the		
			project area		
			Check that record of waste		
			being sent for disposal and		
			review		
Maintenance	Waste	Record on dispose	Record the nature and quantity		
Personnel	management	of waste	of waste sent for proper		
			disposal.		

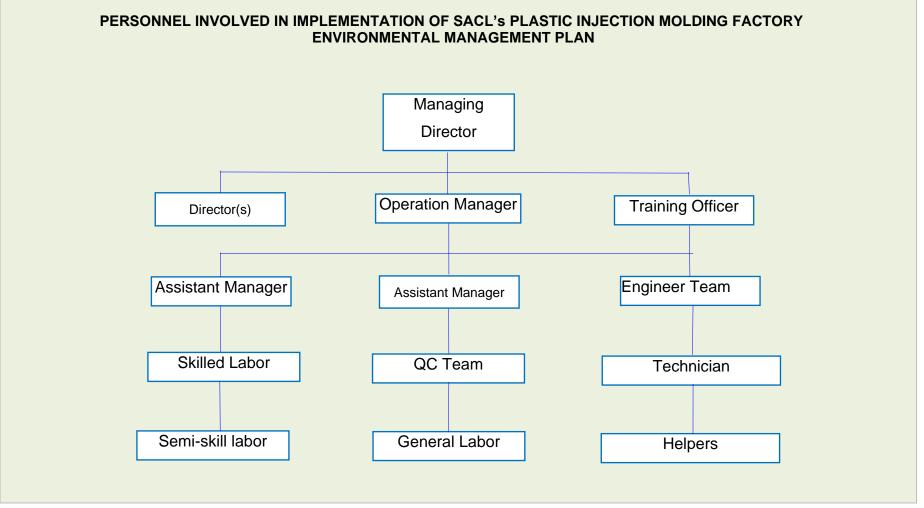


Figure 7.1: SACL EMP Implementation Team Organogram

7.5.1 EMP Implementation and Monitoring Procedures

In the development of the SACL EMP, the following SACL EMP Procedures were reviewed:

- Draft Safety Procedures cover a range of environmental issues:
 - Water Source & Supply System
 - Power Source & Supply System
 - Fire Safety & Emergency Management Practice
 - Traffic Control & Security Practice
 - Public Recreational Area Allotment Practice
 - SACL Plastic Items Production Housekeeping Practice
 - Waste Management Practice (Waste Handling, transportation and disposal)
 - General Solid Waste Disposal Practice
 - Sewage Wastewater Treatment System
 - Safety and Administration Practice
 - Health and Hygiene Procedures
 - Safe Working Procedures
 - Tools & Equipment
- Draft Operational Procedures for the Proposed Project.

It was identified that procedures are required for:

- Various monitoring and analysis tasks (including Environmental and Waste Auditing) (developed as part of the EMP)
- Taking Corrective Action (developed as part of the EMP)
- EMP auditing (developed as part of the EMP)
- Schedule for reviewing EMP periodically and revising EMP as necessary by SACL Management Team and/or as per standing instruction by relevant authority (developed as part of the EMP)

7.5.1.1 EMP Implementation Program

The EMP Implementation Program developed as part of the Environmental Management Plan (EMP) are listed in below Table.

1	Noise Monitoring			
2	Air quality Monitoring			
3	Monitoring supply water quality, quantity, and storage system			
4	Monitoring treated wastewater quality, quantity, and drain system			
5	Monitoring Energy Consumption (Electricity Power, Fuel)			
6	Monitoring General Solid Waste Generate, Storage & Disposing Practices			
7	Monitoring number of Fire, Environmental & Social Accident, and Complaints			
8	Digital Photographic Data Recording in Project Activities			
9	Audit of supply water source & storage, wastewater treatment and disposing			
	practices			
10	Audit of energy source & fuel storage, and maintenance practices			
11	Audit of waste storage and disposal practices			
12	Audit of SACL housekeeping services and maintenance practices			
13	Compilation of Project EMP Implementation Data for Reporting (Operation Team)			
14	Project EMP Implementation Operation Team Meeting & Reporting (Management			
	Team)			
15	EMP Implementation Performance Audit (Management Team)			
16	Management Team Review for EMP Implementation Performance Reporting			
	(MONREC)			
17	EMP Implementation Performance Audit (MONREC)			
18	Update Environmental Management Plan based on outcome from SACL			
	Management Review and Instruction from relevant Authority (MONREC)			

7.6 Emergency Plan

Inevitable Natural Disaster (such as cyclone and earthquake) can be happened in the Yangon Region due to its geological condition and therefore preparedness of SACL disaster management plan in collaboration with local disaster management committee is encouraged. Inevitable Fire and other accident can also be happened in the proposed project area and its surrounding area due to dense living style around project area. SACL has prepared to response for fire & emergency events in collaboration with Mingalardon Township Fire Service Department.

7.7 Implementation Program

7.7.1 EMP (Environmental Monitoring) Program

Project Proponent has to submit Environmental Monitoring Report to Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation (MONREC) six monthly or as per instruction of MONREC. Environmental monitoring plan (EMP) for the proposed project operation activities has been programmed are summarized in below Table.

					Annual
Sr.	Activity	Frequency	Action By	Verified by	Budget
					(USD)
1	Noise Monitoring	Six Monthly	Third party	SACL	1,000,000
	Equipment: Noise Meter				
	Monitoring Point: Near Production area				
2	Air quality Monitoring	Six Monthly	Third party	SACL	1,500,000
	Equipment: Haz Scanner				
	Parameter: PM10, PM 2.5, SO2, NO2, CO				
	Monitoring Point: Inside the Factory				
3	Monitoring of water quality in the Project Area	Six Monthly	Third party	SACL	1,500,000
	Equipment: Water Sample Collecting and sending to Laboratory				
	Parameter: EQEG Guideline Parameter for Breweries and Distilleries (Article				
	2.3.1.8)				
	Sample Collection Point: Tube Well Water and Waste Water Treatment Plant				
4	Monitoring domestic water consumption in the proposed project operation	Monthly	Internal	SACL	250,000
5	Fuel/Diesel Consumption in the proposed project operation	Monthly	Internal	SACL	250,000
6	Inspection of the domestic wastewater drains	Weekly	Internal	SACL	250,000
7	Monitoring General Waste Storage & Disposing Practices	Monthly	Internal	SACL	500,000
8	Digital Photographic Data Recording for Operations & Maintenance activities	Monthly	Internal	SACL	250,000

Table 7.8: SACL Factory EMP Program for Project Phases (Implementation Phase, Disclosure Phase)

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9	Monitoring Manmade Fire in the project area	Monthly	Internal	SACL	250,000
10	Audit of waste storage and disposal practices	Quarterly	Internal	SACL	250,000
11	Audit of hazardous waste tracking documentation	Quarterly	Internal	SACL	250,000
12	Environmental audit	6 Monthly	Internal &	SACL, ECD	TBA
			external		
13	SACL Management Review on EMP implementation	Annually	Internal	SACL	250,000
14	Update Environmental Management Plan based on outcome from SACL	2 Yearly / (or)	Internal &	Internal &	TBA
	Management Review and Instruction from relevant Authority	defined by	external	external	
		Authority			
15	Environmental Awareness Poster Disclosure	Monthly/Quarterly	Internal	SACL	500,000

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7.8 Implementation Budget and Schedule

7.8.1 Budget for Implementation of EMP

Separated EMP budget (estimated 3000 USD) reserves from SACL Proposed Project will be used in implementation of EMP monitoring and Management Plan activities without fail which complying with existing laws & regulation of Myanmar. There will be supplementary fund USD 2000 for environmental emergency issues. The separated and dedicated budget will be reserved by the operator (SACL EMP Team mentioned in above Figure 7.1) to implement effective environmental management plan EMP.

- (a) Development of Environmental awareness induction, training program and launching
- (b) Providing required laboratory use tools & equipment, personal protective equipment (PPE) & tools to run effective environmental management plan
- (c) Enhancing proposed SACL Plastic Items Production waste management system by management supporting in necessary budget (apart from allowed budget), tools & equipment as and when required.
- (d) Some flexible amount of environmental budget will be reserved for EMP audit team (both internal and external auditors) apart from allotted EMP budget.

7.8.2 Budget for Implementation of CSR

The Proposed Project CSR program has been outlined as per below in sponsoring educational sector, healthcare of local community as well as staff and its family by arranging clinic & medical doctor, providing necessary equipment & training which relating to SACL Plastic Items Production throughout operational period without fail to promote CSR.

- (a) 50% of 2% annual net profit for the education section
- (b) 50% of 2% annual net profit for the health care section

SACL will administer in implementation of proposed project CSR program activities.

8.0 Finding and Recommendation

As the appointed Environmental consultant for the plastic items manufacturing company, our role is to objectively evaluate the potential environmental impacts of the company's operations and provide unbiased recommendations, while considering the company's budget, the capacity of its engineering department, and environmental and social aspects. However, during the assessment process, we encountered certain challenges that limited data collection and field work.

The proposed SACL Plastic Injection Molding Factory project has potential in promotion of domestic mass product market from its operation and will support improvements in flow of local currency & foreign currency from Plastic Processing Sector. The benefits accrued due to the present project components are:

i. Manufacturing, distribution, and marketing standard quality plastic products for domestic customers;

ii. Utilization of certified machinery and enhancement of machinery efficiency in the business;

iii. Creating more opportunity for local human resources to work SACL Plastic Injection Molding Factory Operation.

iv. Enhancement of different level of skills of the International standard manpower by providing appropriate trainings to employee;

v. Created more opportunity for local human resources to work at proposed Project; local personnel manpower 12 nos. will be appointed;

vi. Direct income generation to the Union Government from operations service charges charged by relevant authorities has been accrued;

vii. Myanmar nationals working at proposed Project will be able to acquire International Standard technical know-how from the operation. This will contribute to the personal capability of the national workforce in the long term;

viii. From the standpoints of the Government of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar, personal income tax revenue will increase firstly and other tax revenue like income tax and commercial tax will also be generated; ix. Implementation of EMP for the proposed project can enhance environmental awareness for the local community as well as other investors to comply properly;

x. 2% of net profit reserves from proposed Project yearly income will be used in CSR activities (such as funding in educational sector, healthcare of local community as well as staff and its family by arranging clinic & medical doctor, etc.) without fail which complying with existing laws & regulation of Myanmar.

The significance of the environmental impacts shall be more due to the normal operation of the SACL relate to the storage and disposal of wastes related impacts than any impacts associated with areas of rich environmental sensitivity. It is to be noted that the resultant potential impacts from these proposals can be offset through provision of proven mitigation measures by waste management plan in complying with standing instruction under Yangon City Development Committee, YCDC during operation and implementation. While no further detailed IEE & EIA shall be required for the proposed components, the addressable of the following key provisions have been included in the ToR for the environmental specialist of the NTMCL:

- Site Management Plan to address impacts during upgrading /construction;
- Waste Management Plan to address disposal of wastes generated during upgrading;
- Occupational Safety Plan to address occupational hazard during upgrading and operation;
- Waste Management & Disposal Plan to address handling and management during operation of the service apartment;

It is found that there is no activity identified having significant (HIGH and CRITICAL) adverse environmental impacts whilst one MEDIUM as of indirect environmental impact. They are either LOW or NEGLIGIBLE after taking into account specific engineering design features. However, in line with Myanmar Environmental Law & Regulation requirement and good practices, a number of actions have been prescribed to ensure continual environmental management improvement.

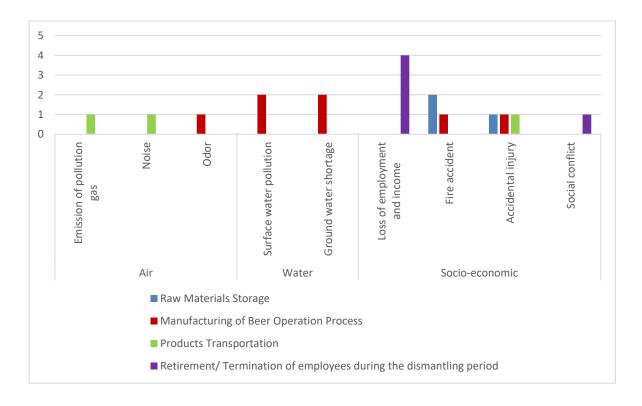
There will be nine types of impacts due to the implementation of project activities that may have potential negative impact of the project. In nine types of impacts, it is found that eight types are Negligible and Low impacts and one of them is medium impact.

It is recommended that the mitigation measures included in the Environmental Management Plan (EMP) report be followed to avoid these impacts and risks.

Therefore, the proposed project of, Sweet Angel Company Limited operate Plastic Injection Molding Factory project which is locating at No.104, Set Mu 7th street, Shwepyithar Township, Yangon Region Region, total area 1.377 acre is a project that should be implemented. It should be noted that there may be no need to continue the Environmental Impact Assessment.

9.0 Conclusion

In conclusion, several of the identified environmental impacts can be effectively resolved through prudent investments, collaboration with experts, and the implementation of responsible practices. While some challenges in data collection and fieldwork have been encountered, working closely with relevant stakeholders, regulatory authorities, and research institutions can help overcome these limitations and refine the company's environmental initiatives. It is found that there will be nine types of impacts due to the implementation of four types of project activities that may have potential negative impact of the project such as storage of raw materials, manufacturing of preform operation process, product transportation and dismantling period. In nine types of impacts, it is found that eight types are Negligible and Low impacts and one of them is Critical impact.



The proposed components should proceed through to design and implementation, subject to mitigation measures and monitoring programs identified in the Environmental Management Plan, which has been updated during detailed design stage, and based on above recommendations. It may be emphasized that, owing to: (i) scale of activity, (ii) location of the proposed project component, and (iii) 'no

environmental sensitivity' of the project, none of the components required to go through the process of IEE & EIA. It may be emphasized that the present EMP report, which identifies potential impacts and suggests appropriate mitigation measures, is sufficient enough to safeguard the environment. There are no significant adverse impacts, which are irreversible or may lead to considerable loss/destruction of environment, envisaged. Proven mitigation measures exist to minimize/mitigate the same. Hence, no further study such as an EIA is required.

As such, an Environmental study has been conducted, and no significant adverse impact has been envisaged, as mentioned above. To further mitigate any environmental impacts, an Environmental Management Plan (EMP) is included. As a third-party consultant, our role is to provide unbiased and actionable recommendations that harmonize the interests of the company, the government, and environmental protection. By adhering to these recommendations and considering the constraints and opportunities at hand, the plastic items manufacturing company can enhance its environmental performance, build stronger community relations, and position itself as a leader in sustainable practices within the industry. Embracing these measures will not only pave the way for environmental stewardship but also underscore the company's commitment to corporate social responsibility, benefiting both the company and the broader ecosystem in which it operates.
